

# Israel-Hamas War

## October 7, 2024 - August 31, 2024 **330 Day Update**



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## **About the Council for a Secure America**

The cornerstones of American national security are: a strong military, a vibrant economy, enduring alliances, and American ingenuity. The Council for Secure America was founded on the premise that American energy independence, in all of its forms, is the underpinning for U.S. security.

For decades, American foreign policy was forced to make concessions to foreign nations who fueled its economy. In 2019, thanks to the innovation of American energy producers, the United States achieved energy independence. This accomplishment made America the leading energy producer in the world, fortifying its national security and buttressing geo-political stability in the Middle East.

Amongst America's many allies, the US-Israel partnership is a strategic, long-lasting and ongoing bilateral alliance. Energy independence has only strengthened it.

CSA educates key audiences on the importance of domestic energy production and technologies to American and Israeli mutual national security interests.

Moreover, American energy statecraft has reshuffled the geopolitical landscape and sowed the seeds of peace in the Middle East, enabling old adversaries to become allies. In 2020, the United States brokered the Abraham Accords– promoting unprecedented normalization and multilateral ties between its closest ally, Israel, and Arab States including the United Arab Emirates, the Kingdom of Bahrain, Sudan, and the Kingdom of Morocco.

CSA champions the ideals of the Abraham Accords and their critical impact on geopolitical security and global trade. CSA is advancing these partnerships and is committed to bringing multi-faceted awareness to complex and evolving challenges.



## **Recommendations for the US: Maintain, Enforce, Support**

### Maintain

- American military force posture in the Middle East
- American energy independence
- International freedom of navigation through the Red Sea

### Enforce

All existing sanctions against Iran

### Support

- Israel's right to defend itself
- Efforts to release all hostages
- Humanitarian aid to civilians in Gaza



## **Report Prepared from a Variety of Media, Government,** and Expert Sources and Are Hyperlinked Throughout

- ABC
- ADL
- Air & Space Forces Magazine
- Al Jazeera
- Al Mayadeen
- Al Mezan Center for Human Rights
- Al Monitor
- The America Times
- AP
- Arab World for Research & Development
   The Guardian
- Axios
- BBC
- The Begin-Sadat Center for Strategic Studies at Bar-Ilan University
- The Brookings Institution
- Business Insider
- Canadian Broadcasting Corporation
- Carnegie Endowment for International Peace
- CBS
- Center for American Progress
- Center for Strategic & International **Studies**
- Channel 12 Israel News
- CIA
- CNN
- Congressional Research Service
- Council on Foreign Relations



- The Economist
- Energy Council
- European Jewish Press
- Financial Times
- FOX News
- Foreign Policy Research Institute
- France 24
- GazaNow
- Haaretz
- HAMAS Ministry of Health
- Institute for National Security Studies
   USAID
- Iran International
- Israel Defense Forces
- Israel Hayom
- Israeli Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Jerusalem Post
- The Jewish Chronicle
- KidnappedFromIsrael.com
- Los Angeles County District Attorney
- Levent Kemal
- Middle East Policy Council
- Middle East Research Institute
- NBC
- New Yorker
- The New York Post
- The New York Times
- NPR
- Oregon Public Broadcasting
- Palestinian Center for Policy and Survey Research

- Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics
- PBS
- Political Handbook of the World 2014
- Politico
- Reuters
- SKY News
- The Telegraph
- Times of Israel
- Trading Economics
- United Arab Emirates Ministry of
- **Foreign Affairs**
- US Central Command
- US Department of Defense
- US Energy Information Administration
- US Navy
- US State Department
- US Treasury Department
- US White House
- USA TODAY
- United States Institute of Peace
- The Wall Street Journal
- The Washington Institute for Near East Policy
- The Washington Post
- TIME
- West Point Modern War Institute
- Yale School of Management
- Ynet News

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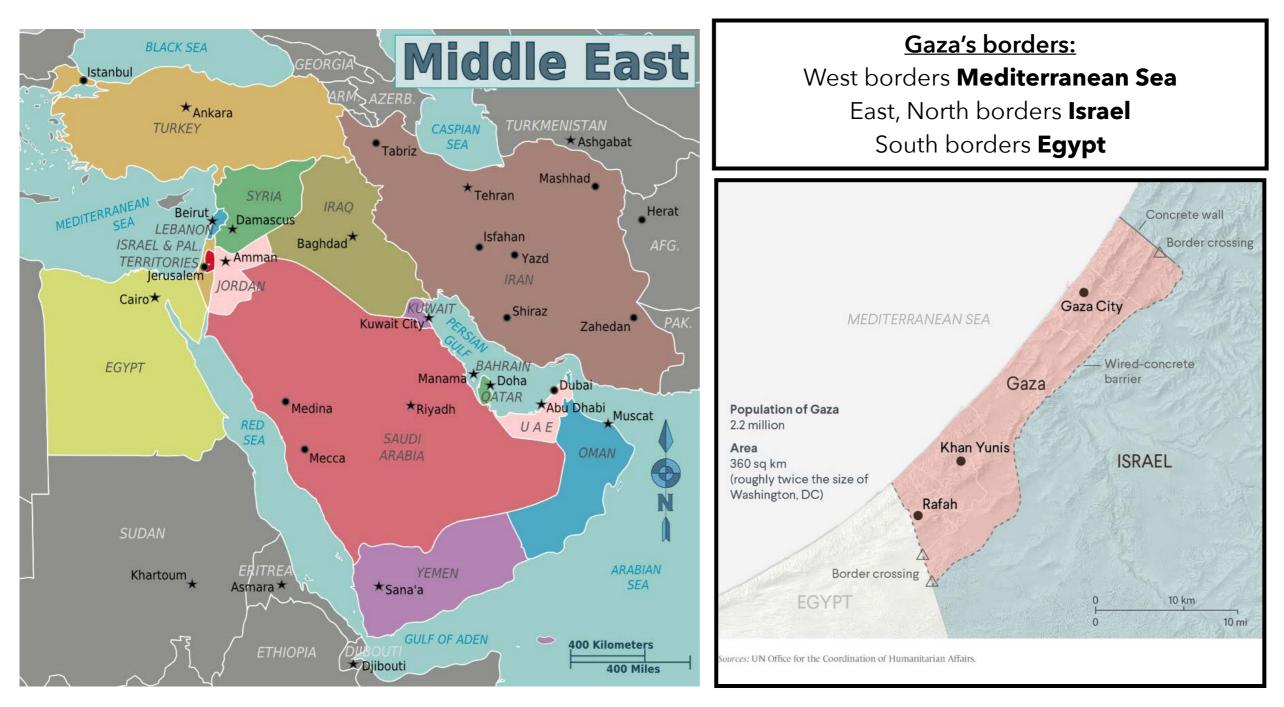
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# **Understanding Gaza & HAMAS**



## Gaza, population 2.2M, is 25 miles long and 6 miles wide



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## **Historical Control of Gaza**

### Prior to 1500s:

Egyptian Pharaohs, Babylonians, Philistines, Alexander the Great, Romans, Mongols, and Crusaders

### ■ 1500s-1917:

Napoleon and the Ottoman Empire

### 1917 - 1948:

United Kingdom (referred to as British Mandate)

### **1948-1967:**

Egypt controls Gaza, the State of Israel established next to Gaza

### **1967-2005:**

Six Day War leads to Israeli control over Gaza, although Israel withdrew from most of Gaza in 1994 as a result of the Gaza-Jericho Agreement (a treaty of the Oslo Accords)

### 2006-2007:

Full <u>Palestinian Authority control</u> over Gaza after Israel withdraws from the entirety of Gaza

### **2007-2023:**

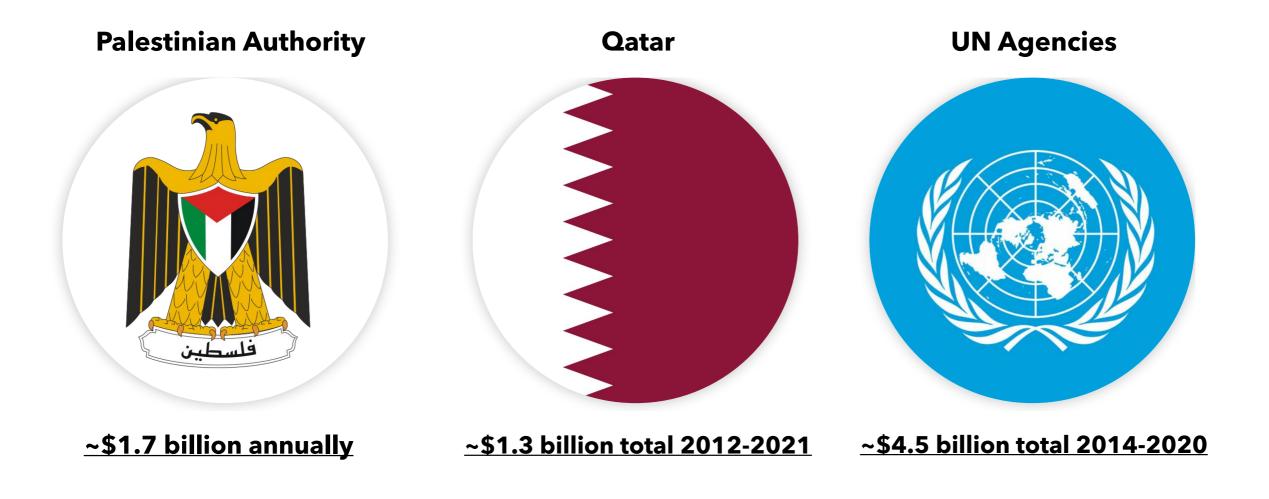
HAMAS rules Gaza, next to the State of Israel



<u>Generation HAMAS</u>: if you're 21 years or younger in Gaza, you don't remember life before HAMAS



## **Gaza - Top Sources of Funding**





## Jihad is Cornerstone of HAMAS' Founding Charter

### **Death to Jews**

"The Day of Judgment will not come about until Moslems fight Jews and kill them. Then, the Jews will hide behind rocks and trees, and the rocks and trees will cry out: 'O Moslem, there is a Jew hiding

#### (Article 7)

behind me, come and kill him."

### **Solution is Jihad, Not Peace**

"[Peace] initiatives, and so-called peaceful solutions and international conferences are in contradiction to the principles of the Islamic Resistance Movement... Those conferences are no more than a means to appoint the infidels as arbitrators in the lands of Islam... **There is no solution for the Palestinian problem except by Jihad.** Initiatives, proposals and international conferences are but a waste of time, an exercise in futility."

(Article 13)



## HAMAS (Arabic acronym for Islamic Resistance Movement)

- Formed in 1987 during the first Palestinian Intifada as a rival to Arafat's secular FATAH party (now lead by PA President Mahmoud Abbas)
- <u>Sunni Islamist group</u>, founded as an armed Palestinian branch of the Muslim Brotherhood
- Hybrid terrorist organization and totalitarian government
- Designated by the <u>US, EU</u>, <u>UK</u>, <u>Australia</u>, <u>Canada</u>, <u>Israel</u>, <u>Japan</u>, and <u>Paraguay</u> as a terrorist organization because it prepares, plans, and commits acts of terror.

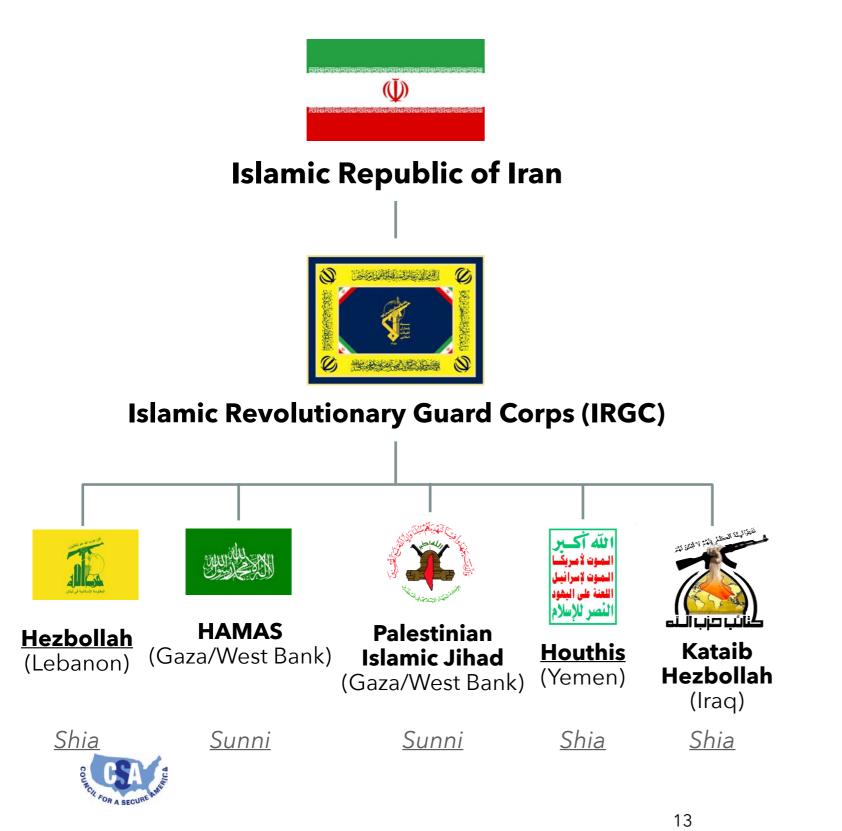




# **The Iranian Terror Connection**



## Iran Supports Armed Islamic Groups Attacking Israel



www.CouncilForSecureAmerica.org Image source: Iran, IRGC, Hezbollah, Hamas, PIJ, Houthis, US Treasury

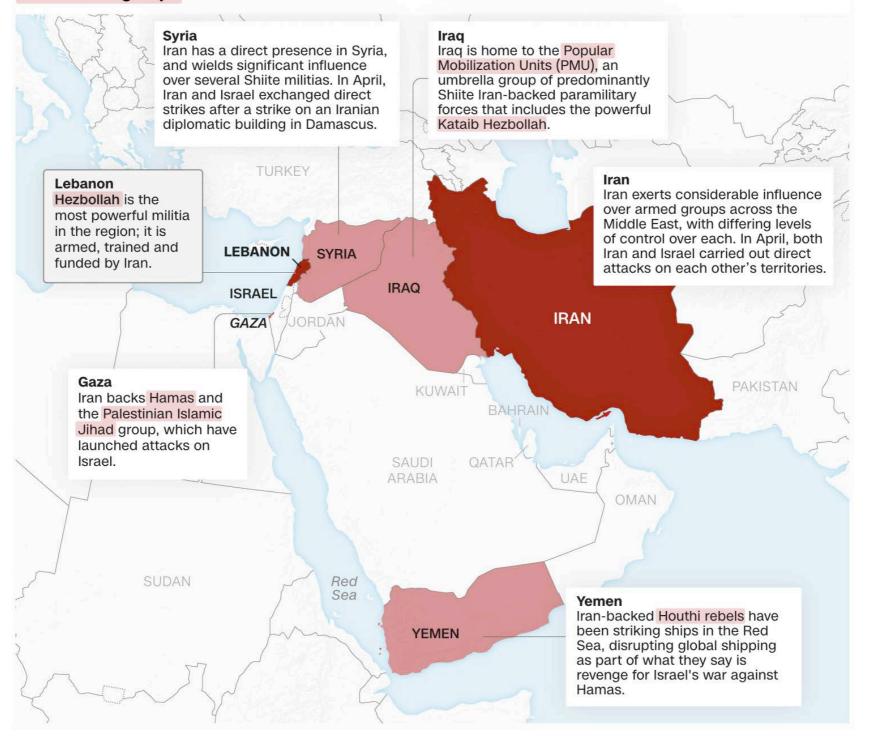


### US Dept. Treasury Nov. 14 2023

"Iranian support, primarily through its Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), has enabled Hamas's and PIJ's terrorist activities, to include the transfer of hundreds of millions of dollars in financial assistance and the furnishing of both weapons and operational training."

## Areas with Iran-Backed Terrorist Groups in the Middle East

#### Iran-backed groups in the Middle East





## Iran's Proxy in Lebanon: Hezbollah

- Hezbollah is the Arab world's most significant paramilitary force and is a hybrid Shia political, military, and terrorist organization capable of conducting attacks worldwide and claiming to have 100,000 fighters.
- The US State Department designated Hezbollah as a foreign terrorist organization in <u>1997</u>. More than 60 countries and organizations, including the EU, the Arab League, and the Gulf Cooperation Council, have also designated Hezbollah as a terrorist group –either in part or in its entirety.

### Hezbollah's key focus:

- A. preserving its strategic partnership with Iran
- B. bolstering the Syrian regime
- C. maintaining its own domestic power in Lebanon
- D. opposing Israeli interests and driving US forces from the Middle East

<u>US State Department, 2022:</u> "Iran continues to provide Hezbollah with most of its funding, training, weapons, and explosives, as well as political, diplomatic, monetary, and organizational aid. Iran's annual financial backing to Hezbollah – which has been estimated to be hundreds of millions of dollars annually accounts for the overwhelming majority of the group's annual budget."



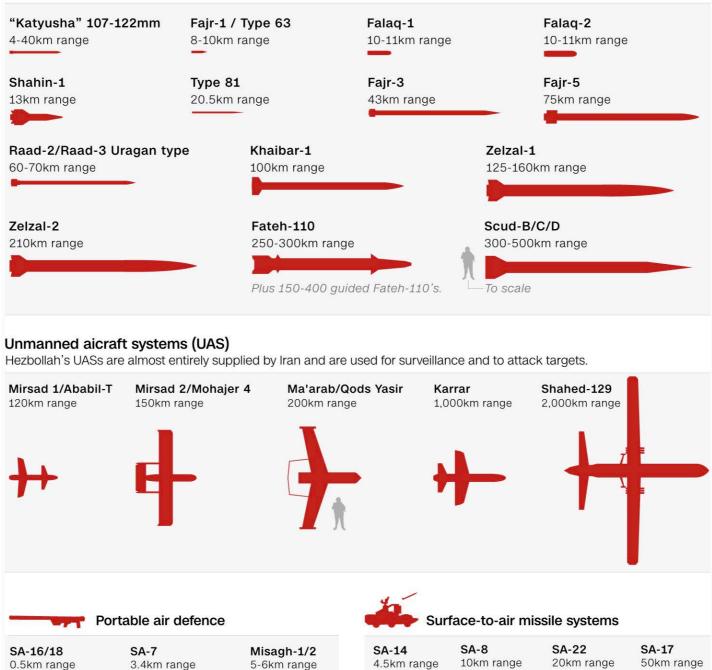
## Hezbollah's Extensive Arsenal to Attack Israel

#### Hezbollah's extensive military arsenal

Hezbollah is probably the most heavily armed non-state group in the world, with an arsenal that is more sophisticated and destructive than Hamas. But it's still outmatched by Israel's military.

#### Rockets and Missiles 120.000-200.000

Hezbollah has continued to stockpile rockets and missiles since its last conflict with Israel in 2006.





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0.5km range

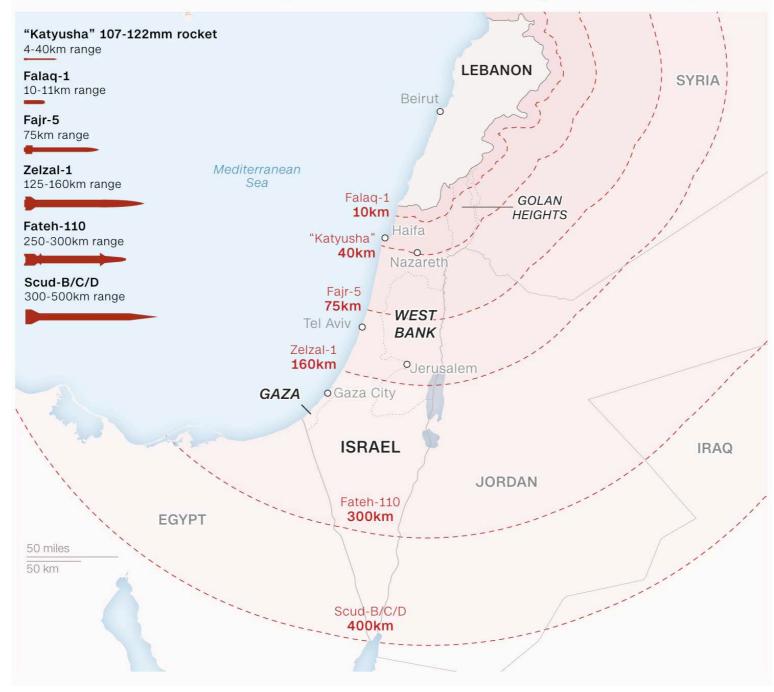
3.4km range

5-6km range

## **Range of Hezbollah Missiles: All of Israel**

#### Hezbollah are capable of striking all of Israel

Israel has a vastly superior military to Hezbollah, but the Iran-backed group boasts missiles with a range of up to 500km. These would have to bypass Israel's Iron Dome air defense system to cause damage.





## In HAMAS's words: Iran Funds HAMAS Military

# Iran had significantly increased funding for Hamas' military wing in the past year from <u>\$100 million</u> annually to about <u>\$350 million</u> a year.



HAMAS Deputy Chairman Saleh Al Arouri, in an interview with Lebanese TV on 12/30/17:

"Iran is the most [hostile] country in the world toward the Zionist entity. Iran is the only country that says that this entity is cancerous, and should be uprooted from the region. This is Iran's official position and it is willing to provide real and public support to the Palestinian and other resistance movements fighting that entity...nobody but Iran gives us any military support... The Iranians provide aid to the Palestinian resistance... To the people who question Iran's confrontation with Israel, I say: Who supported the resistance in Lebanon until it drove out the Israeli entity? It was Iran. Who supports the resistance in Gaza and Palestine? Iran. It is Iran and Hezbollah that confront that entity along with us."



## In Iran's words: Iran Funds HAMAS Military



<u>Iranian official Mohammad Mehdi</u> <u>Shariatmadar said on a January 26, 2024</u> <u>interview on Saudi TV:</u>

"All the bullets, all the rockets, and all the UAVs that are fired or launched against the Israeli entity anywhere - where in south Lebanon - in Palestine, or anywhere - are either made in Iran or the product of Iranian training. All the weapons. You cannot see anyone [else] in the world who gave a single bullet to the Palestinian resistance movements against the Israeli entity.



## In White House's words: Iran Funds HAMAS Military



### <u>December 15, 2023 Statement by US Under Secretary of Treasury</u> <u>for Terrorism and Financial Intelligence</u>

"HAMAS receives significant financial support from Iran and generates revenue through its secret investment portfolios, with a network of global assets estimated to be worth hundreds of millions of dollars. The portfolio includes companies operating in Sudan, Algeria, the United Arab Emirates, and Türkiye, among others. The companies in HAMAS's portfolio have operated under the guise of legitimate businesses, and their representatives have attempted to conceal Hamas's control over their assets. To launder and move their illicit proceeds, the group operates a vast network of shell companies and take advantage of permissive jurisdictions and facilitation hubs to move these funds. They also smuggle physical currency and use a regional network of money transmitters, exchange houses, and a longtime US-designated, Hezbollahaffiliated bank, Bayt Al-Mal, to move funds from Iran into Gaza."



## **Iran Remains Committed to HAMAS Militarily**

### March 29, 2024



Mohammad Bagheri, the Chief of Staff of Iran's Armed Forces (left) and Hamas leader Ismail Haniyeh (right) in Tehran on March 29, 2024

Iran's top military commander vowed unyielding support for the Palestinian cause, declaring Tehran's commitment to back it "with all its might." Mohammad Bagheri, Iran's Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces, conveyed admiration to HAMAS' leader Ismail Haniyeh and described HAMAS' October 7 attack on Israel as "unprecedented, exceptional, and highly successful."



## The IRGC-HAMAS Meeting on October 2, 2023

# THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

### "Iranian security officials helped plan HAMAS's Saturday surprise attack

on Israel and gave the green light for the assault at a meeting in Beirut last Monday [October 2, 2023], according to senior members of Hamas and Hezbollah...Officers of Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps had

worked with Hamas since August to devise the air, land and sea incursions"



### Yale School of Management analysis:

- "Iranian oil is a small fraction of Middle East oil production—only around 12.5%, nearly 4 times smaller than the largest producer, Saudi Arabia." For context, the US produces approximately 21% of oil in the world, compared to Iran's 4%.
- "Oil sales are a critical choke point for Iran, with oil exports representing up to 70% of Iranian government revenues by some estimates."
- "Iran is <u>riding high right now</u> thanks to the fact <u>Iran is on pace for near-record oil</u> production this year, with production <u>doubling from less than 2 million barrels</u> per day in 2019 to <u>3.5 million barrels</u> per day now. This represents **an over <u>\$40 billion</u>** <u>increase</u> in revenues"
- <u>Choking Iranian oil production would "reduce the funds Iran has available to fund its</u> <u>terrorist proxies."</u>

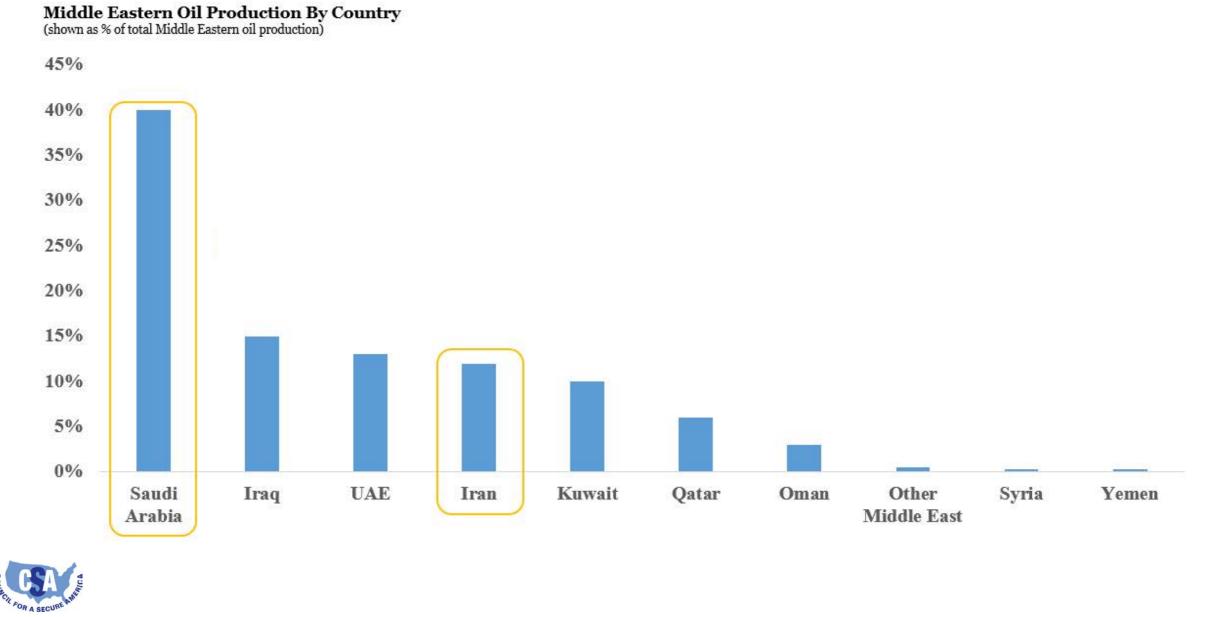
<u>Politico</u>: "China buys about 90% of Iran's oil, including crude sold by the Quds Force, the paramilitary arm of the IRGC"



### Saudi Arabia Produces 4X More Oil than Iran

Yale SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT Chief Executive Leadership Institute

### **Iranian Oil Easily Replaceable**



## Will Iranian Oil Revenues Continue to Fund Terror?

**Ben Cahill, Senior Fellow at CSIS, wrote on October 11 2023:** "Between May and September of this year, Iran's crude oil and condensate exports averaged some 1.4 million barrels per day (b/d), returning to levels not seen in at least four years. There is a widespread perception in the oil market that the United States has relaxed its sanctions enforcement on Iran as it negotiated over last month's <u>release</u> of several political prisoners, among other issues. "

**THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.** Daniel Yergin, Best-Selling Author and Vice Chairman of S&P Global, wrote on November 15 in the Wall Street Journal: "After ticking up a few dollars, the price of Brent crude has been even or lower than on Oct. 6, the day before Hamas's attack on Israel. There are three reasons for this: the shale revolution, market psychology and a transformation in the politics of oil."

- The shale revolution rebalanced the market. The U.S., once the world's largest oil importer, is now its largest producer. On a net basis, the U.S. is "energy independent."
- "Oil prices these days vibrate primarily on economic news and prospects"
- "In contrast to the embargo years of the 1970s, the Gulf Arab countries are thoroughly integrated into the world economy. They are focused on job creation, economic development and investment. They have also been in various stages of dialogue or diplomatic relations with Israel, seeing that as helpful to their own economies, at least up to now."



# What Led to October 7?

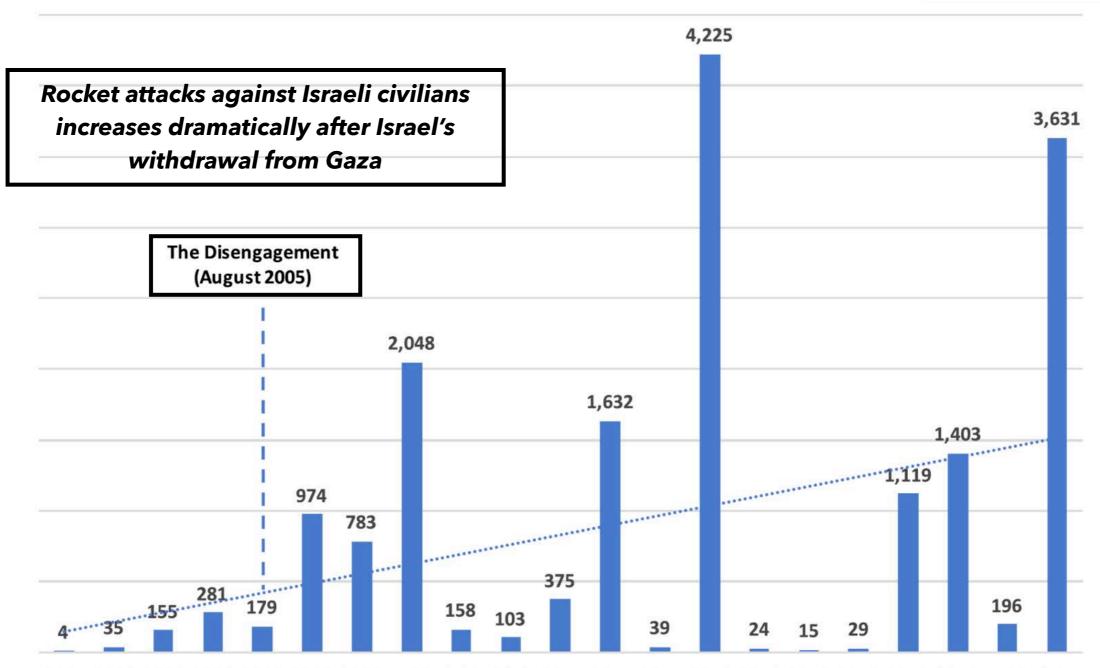


## **Israel: Remembering Its History**

- **1948 Israel's Independence** and the start of the alliance with the United States
- 1967 Israel's Six Day War against Egypt, Syria, Jordan, Iraq, and Lebanon
- **1973 -** Egypt and Syria launch **Yom Kippur War** against Israel
- **1979 Israel-Egypt peace** treaty signed
- **1987** Palestinians launch **First Intifada** (uprising) against Israel, fueled by HAMAS
- **1993 Oslo Accords** agreement between Israel and the Palestinians signed
- **1994 Israel-Jordan peace** treaty signed
- **2000** Palestinians launch **Second Intifada** (uprising) of mass terrorism against Israel
- 2005 Israel's unilateral disengagement of all civilians and soldiers from Gaza
- **2020** the **Abraham Accords** established relations between Israel and the United Arab Emirates, the Kingdom of Bahrain, the Kingdom of Morocco, and Sudan
- 2023 first internal Israeli protests against judicial reform



## 20 Years of Rocket Attacks Against Israel from Gaza



2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Figure 2. Number of rockets fired at Israel from the Gaza Strip by year.

Sources: Ben Sasson-Gordis (2016) and Meir Amit Terrorism and Information Center (2017–2022).

## **Energy Statecraft Brings Israel Closer to Arab Countries, Strengthens American National Security**

Foreign Policy Research Institute: "<u>Gas geoeconomics</u> has strengthened the already emerging geopolitical alignment between Greece, Cyprus, Israel, Egypt, and the Gulf States"

**Times of Israel:** "Natural gas from Israel's <u>Leviathan</u>, one of the world's largest deep-water gas discoveries, which contains an estimated 22 trillion cubic feet of gas, started to flow to the Israeli domestic market in December 2019. Currently, a maximum capacity of up to 1.2 billion cubic feet of natural gas per day, or 12 billion cubic meters per year, is piped up from the Leviathan reservoir for the supply and sale of gas to Israel, Egypt, and Jordan."

Israeli Natural Gas Trade Association: Israel ranks 3rd among OECD countries in natural gas reserves per capita with twice as much as Canada and nearly three times as much as the United States.

<u>September 2020:</u> Under the **Abraham Accords**, Israel establishes relations with United Arab Emirates and the Kingdom of Bahrain. Months later the Kingdom of Morocco and the Republic of Sudan join.



### While HAMAS Continues Armed Struggle Against Israel, Energy Statecraft Brings Israel Closer to Arab Countries

- June 2022: EU, Israel and Egypt sign deal to **increase gas exports from Israel and Egypt to Europe** to replace Russian energy imports during Ukraine-Russia War.
- October 2022: Lebanon and Israel sign an agreement, despite having no diplomatic relations. The <u>maritime deal</u> allows for both countries to benefit from an agreed maritime boundary, ensuring offshore natural gas exploration can continue for the benefit of both countries.

<u>June 2023:</u> Israel begins formal cooperation with Egypt and the Palestinian Authority (PA) in the West Bank <u>to develop the Gaza Marine offshore gas</u> <u>field</u> estimated to hold more than 1 trillion cubic feet of natural gas - enough to cover the gas needs of Gaza and also export gas.



September 2023: Nearing Saudi 'megadeal' to join the Abraham Accords and establish diplomatic relations with Israel

- September 2023: US-Iran prisoner swap includes unfreezing of **\$6B for Iran**
- September 2023: India-Middle East-Europe Corridor announced, connecting India to Europe - linked by a railway line and existing ports through the United Arab Emirates, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and Israel



## Validation of HAMAS' Fear of Regional Cooperation

### June 14, 2024



"They saw the resistance in Gaza, and according to our information, they planned to launch a preemptive strike against it, so that it would not interfere with these plans of theirs, and in particular the plans that are connected to Gaza: the Ben Gurion canal project, **the Haifa port north of Gaza, through which the India corridor is meant to pass... Could the India corridor pass through Haifa port while Hamas is in Gaza?** The Ben Gurion canal was

meant to pass through the middle of Gaza. And Eilat... the NEOM project is just south of Palestine, in Saudi Arabia...So something was about to happen, and we wanted to turn the tables on them, in order to say to them: Palestine is here to stay. So if we could go back in time, we would do it again, because the justifications still exist."



## West Bank: Growing Security, Economic Challenges

**AP** March 2023: "With West Bank in turmoil, new Palestinian militants emerge"

**"Palestinian [Authority security] forces now rarely venture into militant strongholds [in the West Bank]** like the Old City of Nablus and the Jenin refugee camp....With the popularity of the PA plummeting, experts say it cannot risk inflaming tensions by arresting widely admired fighters."

PA's total debt to domestic banks: <u>\$2.5 billion (2022, with GDP of \$19 billion)</u>

West Bank unemployment: **<u>13% (2022)</u>** 

<u>July 2023:</u> Due to growing terrorism emanating from the West Bank and the lack of action from the PA security forces, Israel carried out its "<u>largest military</u> <u>operation in two decades</u>" in the West Bank



## HAMAS Increasing Size of Forces & Weapons

### Arsenal (smuggled and self-made):

18,000-20,000 rockets (short and long range)

- 300 anti-tank missiles
- 100 anti-aircraft missiles
- Small number of surface-to-air missiles, RPG, mines
- Dozens of unmanned aerial vehicles and drones
- Machine guns, assault rifles, sniper rifles

### Forces (2023):

### <u>30,000-40,000 fighters</u>

- including <u>3,000-5,000 Nukhba elite forces</u>
- including <u>~400 naval commandos</u>



## **The Warning Signs: HAMAS Interview August 25, 2023**



### HAMAS Deputy Chairman Saleh Al Arouri to Lebanese TV:

"A total war has become inevitable. We all consider it necessary. We want it. At the resistance axis, **the Palestinian people, and our nation, we want this total war**. It is not [just] something we say in the media. We talk about it behind closed doors. We are meeting with all the parties that [will take part] in this total war, and we are discussing together the different scenarios and possibilities."



## **The Warning Signs:** IDF, Egyptian Intelligence

### **POLITICO** Our warnings on Hamas were ignored, Israel's women border troops say

"Several soldiers in Israel's predominantly female border surveillance forces...are telling the media their <u>superiors did not heed</u> <u>warnings of unusual activity inside Gaza,</u> <u>such as Palestinian guerrillas training with</u> <u>explosives or rehearsing attacks on a</u> <u>replica tank and a mock observation post</u>...

The women's warnings, made over several months, did not correspond to the received wisdom that Hamas had been tamed... The activity was not just minor, and included Hamas sending up drones several times a day in the weeks leading up to the attack."

# THE TIMES OF ISRAEL

"Egyptian intelligence official said that Jerusalem had ignored repeated warnings that the Gaza-based terror group was planning "something big" – which included an apparent direct notice from Cairo's intelligence minister to the prime minister."



"We know that **Egypt has warned the Israelis three days prior that an event like this could happen,"** [House Committee on Foreign Affairs Chairman Rep.] McCaul told reporters following a closed-door intelligence briefing on Wednesday for lawmakers about the Middle East crisis"

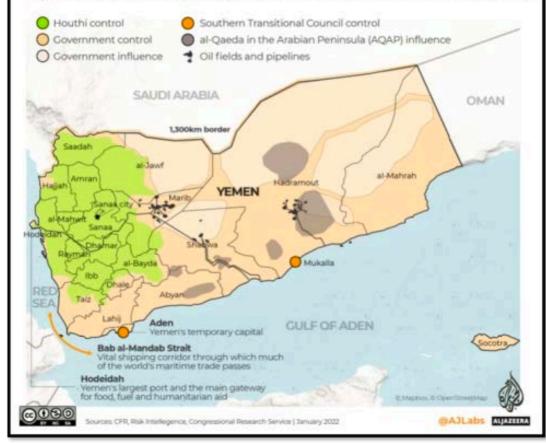


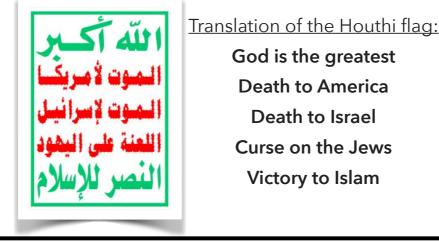
## Houthi Rebels in Yemen: An Enemy a 1,000 Miles Away

- The Ansarallah organization (referred to as 'Houthis') started a civil war against the Republic of Yemen government with over <u>377,000 Yemenis killed</u> to date.
- The Houthis are a Zaydi Shiite clan representing <u>~35% of Yemen's population</u>.
- The Houthis are funded and armed by Iran.
- Saudi Arabia supported the Yemeni government in its military operation <u>by</u>
   <u>organizing a coalition of Gulf states, with US</u>
   <u>support</u>. The Houthis used <u>ballistic missiles</u>
   <u>and drones</u> to attack Saudi Arabia and UAE.

#### YEMEN Who controls what

Seven years since the launch of the Saudi-led campaign, the bulk of Yemen's northern highlands, as well as the capital city of Sanaa, remain under the control of Houthi rebels.





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## The October 7 HAMAS Massacre



## How HAMAS Invaded Israel in One Hour

- Years of training and intelligence gathering (drone & human intelligence from Gazans working legally in Israel)
- Fired over **3,000 rockets from Gaza** as cover, sending Israeli troops and civilians into shelters and effectively ending the existing ceasefire between Israel and HAMAS
- Severed surveillance towers, destroyed unmanned weapon towers, neutralized IDF tanks along border with armed drones, bombs, guns and RPGs
- **Breached fence in 30 places**, arrived by car, motorcycle, foot and paraglides
- ~3,000 terrorists invaded Israel with extensive arms and vehicles, detailed maps and instructions, and GoPros



## The Unfathomable Massacre

#### HAMAS terrorists...

- Murdered soldiers on IDF bases and purposefully hunted down innocent civilians
- Indiscriminately <u>tied</u> up, <u>tortured</u>, <u>murdered</u>, <u>beheaded</u>, <u>mutilated</u>, <u>burned</u> <u>alive</u>, and <u>raped</u> (<u>men and women</u>) innocent civilians of all ages
- Seized buildings to take hostages and entrench themselves
- **Took hostages** dead and alive back to Gaza
- Burned and destroyed homes, cars, and buildings
- Took to Al Jazeera and Al-Aqsa TV to call for Palestinians in the West Bank to join the massacre

Oct. 7 was the deadliest attack in Israel's history. More Jews died on Oct. 7 2023 than any day since the Holocaust.



#### 36 children murdered by Hamas in October 7 massacre, over 30 still held hostage

The children were slaughtered in their homes, in their bedrooms; several of them were horrifically burned alive, while others were brutally murdered in the presence of their parents; these are their names and faces

"The UN's envoy on sex crimes during conflict presented a report Monday at the UN indicating that rape and gang rape likely occurred during the October 7 Hamas onslaught against southern Israel, that "clear and convincing" evidence shows that hostages were raped while being held in Gaza, and that those currently held captive are still facing such abuse."

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## **30% of October 7 Deaths: Tribe of Nova Music Festival**

4,000 person outdoor electronic music festival located ~3.5 miles from the Gaza border occurred weekend of October 7

# HAMAS entered the area of the festival, killing 364 (including 17 Israeli police officers) and abducting 40 people

After interrogating captured terrorists and due to a lack of maps relating to the festival site found on terrorists killed or captured, Israeli police concluded that the terrorists did not know in advance about the party. HAMAS stumbled upon the site, murdering hundreds of innocent civilians.





### **Dangerous cocktail of 4 ingredients:**

- **Underestimating** HAMAS's capabilities
- **Misunderstanding** HAMAS's intentions
- HAMAS utilized improved operational security
- Confirmation bias





## Israel's Immediate Response

- **Active-duty IDF soldiers** stationed along the border fought HAMAS's infiltration and took heavy casualties.
- By 8am, soldiers from Israel's combat units (including many elite units) as well as reservists of all ages were heading south to fight back the terrorists without clear instructions.
- The IDF engaged in intense urban warfare in Israeli territory to retake IDF bases and Kibbutzim located along the Gaza border. Many soldiers were killed or injured.
- By Tuesday October 10, <u>terrorists who had infiltrated Israel on October 7 were</u> <u>killed or captured</u> (except 2 captured on <u>November 6</u>).

History Made: An <u>all-female IDF tank crew</u> arrived to the Gaza border, killing dozens of HAMAS terrorists who had invaded Israel.



## **Civilian Heroes From All Parts of Israeli Society**

Arab-Israeli Ismail Alkrenawi and his family members evacuated over 30 people from the Nova Music Festival site during the massacre.

Oz Davidian, a farmer in southern Israel, made ~20 trips to and from the Nova Music Festival <u>evacuating</u> <u>over 100 young</u> <u>people under fire.</u> Off-duty soldier Staff Sgt. Aner Shapira, 22, attended the Nova Music Festival and hid, along with ~30 other young people, in a nearby shelter. HAMAS terrorists found them, fired guns at the shelter, and threw 8 grenades inside. Shapira, standing at the entrance, threw the first 7 grenades back outside the shelter. The 8th grenade killed him.









## Humanitarian Challenges Inflicted on Gaza by HAMAS

On October 7, HAMAS terrorists **destroyed**:

- 9 of 10 power lines from Israel to Gaza
- **<u>1 of 3 water pipelines</u>** from Israel to Gaza
- **Erez Crossing between Israel and Gaza**, normally used for Gazans to access medical treatment and employment in Israel

<u>i24 News:</u> "Caught on camera: HAMAS terrorists steal humanitarian aid, beat civilians"

<u>Times of Israel</u>: Gaza aid trucks stolen by gunmen and looted, as convoys start crossing from Israel

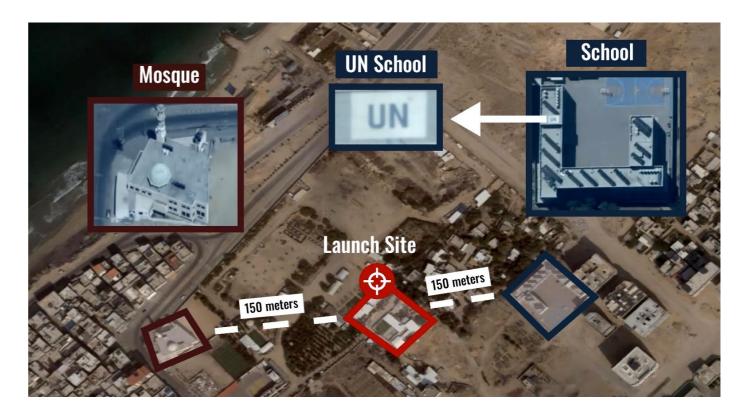


# Israel-HAMAS War: Phase 1 Oct. 8 - Oct. 13 Retaking the Homefront



## **Israel Mourns & Prepares for War**

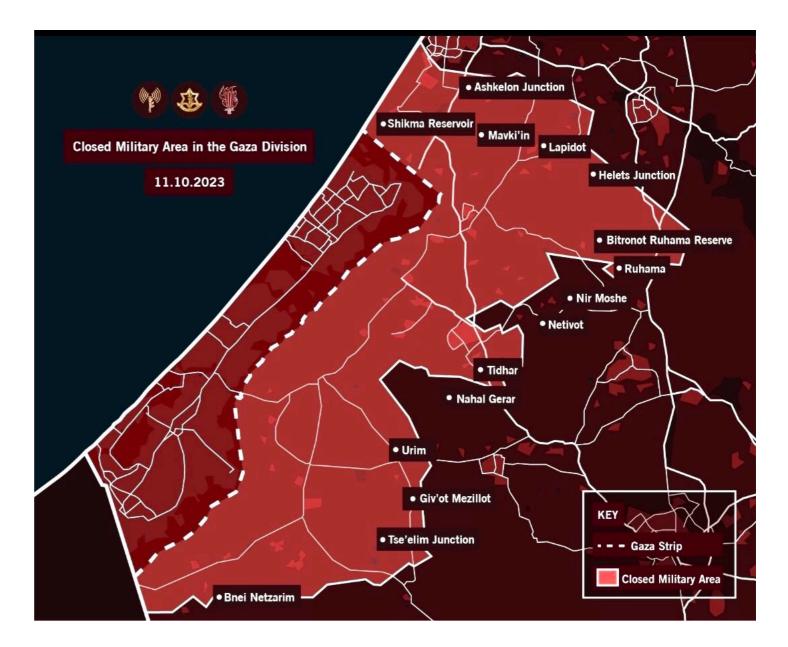
- The process of identifying bodies (which still continues) and burying the dead begins in Israel, with **dozens of funerals each day**.
- Israel's Minister of Defense announces on Tuesday October 10: "<u>We have gained</u> control of the area and are now moving on to a full-scale response." The Israeli Air Force begins the largest bombardment of Gaza ever, despite the challenge of <u>HAMAS's use of civilians and civilian buildings as human shields</u>.
- At the same time, an historic **360,000 IDF reservists are enlisted to support the 170,000 strong standing army**
- The IDF creates a special unit to gather intelligence on the hostages, as negotiations led by Israel's Mossad begin.





## With Closed Military Zone, Evacuation of Israelis from Southern Israel Begins

- A massive internal displacement of Israelis begins with a forced evacuation of residents of Southern Israel.
- By November, the number of Israelis to have been forced to leave their homes would cover 64 villages and towns along the borders with Gaza and Lebanon, totaling
  <u>approximately 250,000</u>
  <u>Israelis</u>.



PHASE 1



## **Skirmishes Break Out on Israel's Northern Border**

- In Lebanon, <u>Hezbollah has an estimated 150,000 rockets and missiles</u> in its arsenal, as well as <u>100,000 fighters</u> including many who gained experience in Syria fighting the Islamic State.
- Between October 8th and 13th, **over 2 dozen attacks on Israel from Lebanon**, including:
  - Multiple attempted infiltrations into Israel by armed Lebanese terrorists
  - Mortar shells, anti-tank missiles launched at Israel
  - IDF strikes terrorists and Hezbollah outposts along the border in response

#### Israeli and American leaders didn't explicitly mention Hezbollah publicly in Phase 1

- President Biden said on Tuesday October 10: "To any country, any organization, anyone thinking of taking advantage of the situation, I have one word: <u>Don't</u>."
- He later repeated his general "Don't" warning to CBS 60 Minutes on October 15.



## **American Force Posture Seeks to Deter Hezbollah, Iran**

#### **<u>US Visits to Region</u>**

- **Oct. 12:** Secretary Blinken
- **Oct. 13:** Secretary Austin

#### Military Response

Oct. 8: USS Gerald R. Ford Carrier
 Strike group sent to Eastern
 Mediterranean (world's largest
 aircraft carrier)

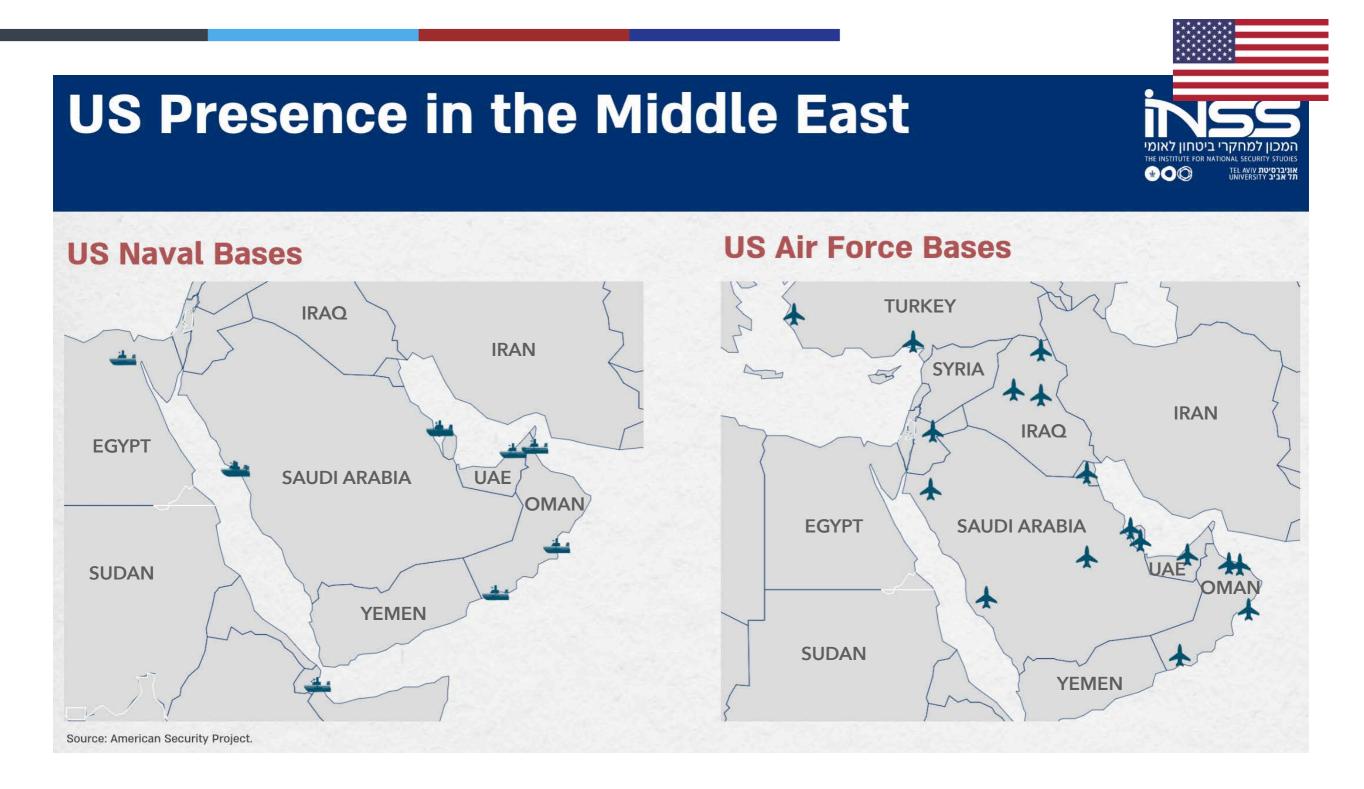
Oct. 10: USS Ford Carrier Strike Group arrives to region

US CENTCOM Commander Gen. Kurilla comments on arrival of USS Ford Carrier Strike Group to the region: "The arrival of these highly capable forces to the region is <u>a</u> strong signal of deterrence should any actor hostile to Israel consider trying to take advantage of this situation."





## ~40,000 US Soldiers Stationed in the Middle East





# Israel-HAMAS War: Phase 2 Oct. 14 - Oct. 27 Aerial Offensive & Targeted Ground Incursions



## Israel is at War with HAMAS, Humanitarian Aid to Gaza Begins

- The Israeli Air Force's massive aerial offensive continued against terror targets in Gaza, eliminating Hamas terrorists and bases, and clearing the way for ground forces' eventual invasion by removing threats and creating optimal conditions. IDF actions in Gaza increase pressure on hostage negotiations
- Funerals continue as forensics personnel in Israel ID bodies from the October 7 massacre
- The Hostage and Missing Families Forum begins public activity raising domestic and global awareness of the plight of the hostages with the first hostage posters appearing around the world.
  - October 21: First convoy of 20 trucks with humanitarian aid enters Gaza
  - Later, this would reach over 100 trucks daily

## **KIDNAPPED**



#### Ariel 4-years-old Israeli

Kidnapped from his home **by Hamas** 

On October 7th, nearly **200 innocent civilians were abducted** from Israel into the Gaza Strip. Their whereabouts remain unknown.

More than 3,000 women, men, and children, ranging in age from 3 months to 85 years old, were wounded, murdered, beaten, raped, and brutally separated from loved ones by Hamas.





## White House, US Military Continue to Arrive in Israel

#### **<u>US Visits to Region</u>**

- Oct. 16: General Kurilla
- Oct. 18: President Biden & Secretary Blinken

#### **US Military Response**

Oct. 14: Another Carrier Strike Group and US Air Force fighter jets ordered to the region





#### Oct. 18

#### US Treasury announces **new sanctions on 10 HAMAS**

operatives and financial facilitators. This brings the total to nearly 1,000 individuals and entities sanctioned connected to terrorism and terror financing by the Iranian regime and it's proxies, including HAMAS and Hezbollah.

## **Israel Prepares for Ground Invasion**

- **Targeted ground operations** by IDF elite forces occurred inside Gaza along border with Israel and from the sea **to support the hostage search and prepare Gazan terrain for ground invasion.**
- **Starting Oct. 18, IDF begins telling Northern Gaza residents to move south to safer areas**. HAMAS tries to prevent the departure of civilians because HAMAS uses civilians as human shields. By Nov 20, IDF made over 30,000 live phone calls, send over 10 M text messages and over 9 million recorded voice messages to people who answered their phones, distribute ~4M flyers



Evacuation flyer calling for residents to move south



Oct 24 flyer dropped over Gaza

"If your will is to live in peace and to have a better future for your children, do the humanitarian deed immediately and share verified and valuable information about hostages being held in your area. The Israeli military assures you that it will invest maximum effort in providing security for you and your home, and you will receive a financial reward. We guarantee you complete confidentiality. The Israel Defense Forces"



# HAMAS's Use of Human Shields: Hiding Terrorist Forces & Weapons Behind Civilians and Inside Civilian Buildings

#### HAMAS hiding its terror infrastructure inside, under, or near mosques, schools, hospitals, homes, apartment buildings and other civilian buildings was an enormous challenge already before the war.

PHASE 2

- Unlike HAMAS, **Israel distinguishes between civilians and terrorists**, seeking to minimize civilian harm while HAMAS seeks to maximize civilian harm.
- The **HAMAS controlled Gaza Health Ministry** reported on October 27 that over 7,000 Palestinians had died since the start of the war. President Biden referred to data from the HAMAS Gaza Health Ministry, saying he had "no confidence in the numbers that the Palestinians are using." **President Biden later said "<u>I have no notion that</u> the Palestinians are telling the truth about how many people are killed."**
- Further, the **published numbers do not differentiate between civilians killed and** terrorists killed.
- While there was a tragic loss of civilian life in Gaza, focus should be put on **HAMAS's use of human shields** as a major cause of the loss of civilian lives.



## Step By Step: HAMAS Caught Lying About Al Ahli Hospital

- **6:59PM, October 17:** an explosion occurs at the Al Ahli Hospital in Gaza, HAMAS immediately blames Israel and announces that over 500 Gazans were killed and Al Jazeera quickly reports the accusation as fact.
- **The Media Reports HAMAS Lies:** <u>headlines around the world blame Israel</u>, including the New York Times' homepage with the headline: "<u>Israeli Strike Kills Hundred</u>" and another headline claiming "At Least 500 Dead."
- The Region Responds: <u>Violent riots erupted throughout the Middle East</u>. Arab leaders (including the King of Jordan, the President of Egypt, and the President of the Palestinian Authority) <u>canceled a meeting with President Biden</u> scheduled to take place in Jordan on October 18. Palestinian Authority President Abbas declared a 3 days of mourning. The <u>UN Secretary General claims he was "horrified by the killing of hundreds of Palestinian civilians in a strike on a hospital."</u>
- October 18: <u>The IDF declassifies intelligence</u> including intercepted phone call, radar imagery, and aerial surveillance proving that the explosion was caused by terrorists in Gaza who fired a barrage of long-range rockets towards Israel from a cemetery near the hospital and one of the barrage fell in the parking lot of the hospital, killing a few dozen people.
- THE TRUTH: governments of the US, UK, France and Canada publicly stated that their intelligence services confirmed Israel's account that the explosion was caused by a rocket fired from within Gaza by Palestinian Islamic Jihad. News outlets including the NYT, BBC, and Le Monde later published apologies and corrections. <u>The Wall Street Journal</u>, AP, Washington Post, <u>CNN</u> and <u>Human Rights Watch</u> conducted independent analyses and conclude that the explosion was caused by Palestinian Islamic Jihad rocket fire from within Gaza. The Wall Street Journal estimates that 50, not 500, people were killed.



## Israel-Lebanon Border Escalates, Concern for War

#### Oct. 13 - 27 attacks from Lebanon include:

- Mortar (some days with 20-30), UAV attacks, rockets, anti-tank missiles, and surface-to-air missile
- Multiple attempted infiltrations by terrorists into Israel
- IDF responded with fire at Hezbollah targets

#### Oct. 15, President Biden interview with Scott Pelley on 60 Minutes:

- Scott Pelley: "What is your message to Hezbollah and its backer, Iran?"
- President Biden: "Don't. Don't, don't, don't."
- Scott Pelley: "Don't come across the border? Don't escalate this war?"
- President Biden: "That's right."

#### Oct. 16, PM Netanyahu at speech in Israel's parliament:

- "We have a message for Iran and Hezbollah: Do not test us in the north."
- **Oct. 16** mandatory evacuation begins of 28 communities along Israel's northern border



## Houthi Rebels in Yemen Join the War

October 19: The USS Carney, an American Navy guided-missile destroyer, was operating in the northern Red Sea when it intercepted three land attack cruise missiles and several drones fired by Houthi forces in Yemen.



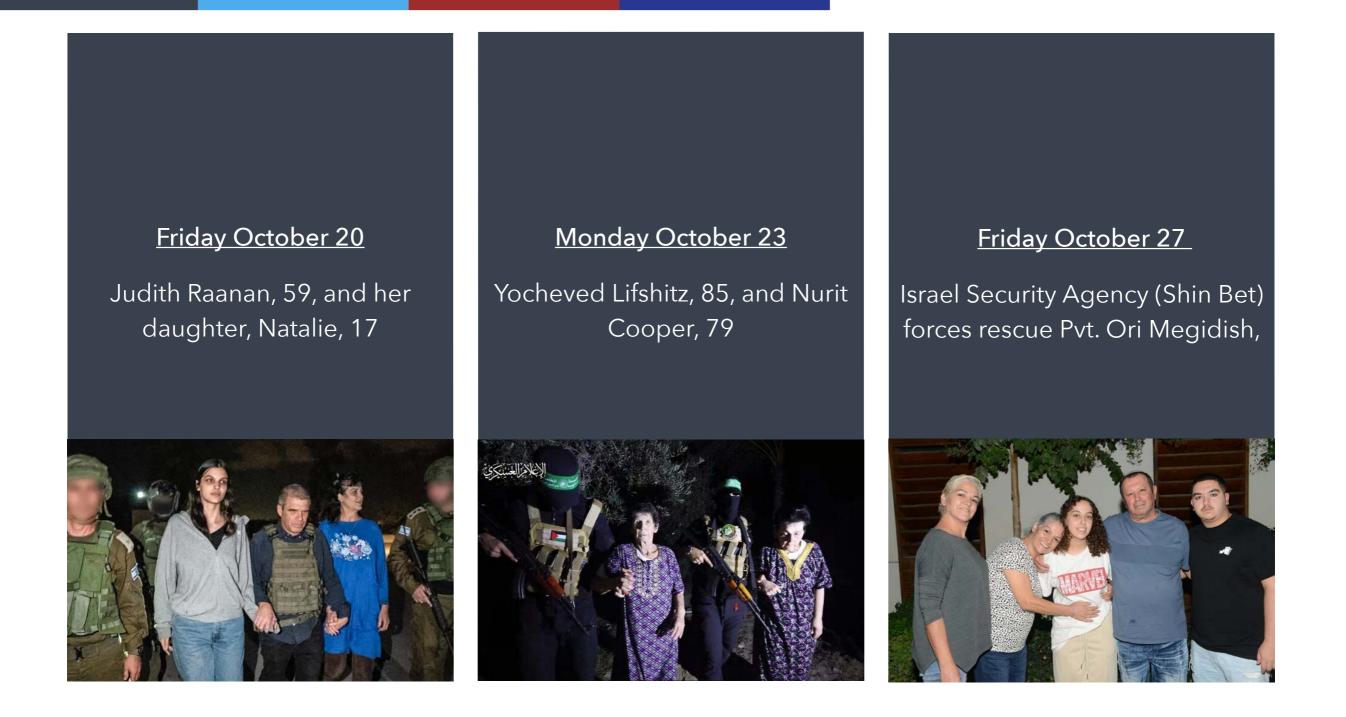
USS Carney firing intercepts on October 19



Translation of the Houthi slogan/flag:

God is the greatest Death to America Death to Israel Curse on the Jews Victory to Islam

## **First 5 Hostages Released or Rescued**





# Israel-HAMAS War: Phase 3 Oct. 28 - Nov. 14 Ground Incursion to Control Northern Gaza



## **IDF Begins Ground Operations in Northern Gaza**



- Cut off Northern Gaza from Southern Gaza
- Cut off Gaza City from the sea
- Encircle Gaza City
- Enter HAMAS strongholds
  - Go house-by-house to kill or capture
    HAMAS personnel and collect stored
    weapons (slow operations due to landmines,
    boobytraps, hidden HAMAS terrorists, tunnel
    entrances)
  - ~40,000 IDF soldiers inside Gaza from <u>at</u> least 3 Divisions 36th, 162nd, 252nd
- Continue to tell Gazan civilians to move South to safer areas

## **Gaza Evacuation Efforts Prove Successful**

- By October 30th, **90% of Gazan residents of Northern Gaza moved south to safer areas** with access to humanitarian aid.
- Starting November 4th, the IDF created special humanitarian corridors to allow safe passage of residents from Northern to Southern Gaza who were still scared of HAMAS preventing their passage.



Nov. 8: <u>IDF secures a humanitarian</u> <u>corridor for Gazan civilians to evacuate</u> <u>from Northern Gaza to Southern Gaza</u>



Nov. 10: <u>IDF secures a humanitarian corridor for Gazan civilians to evacuate</u> <u>from Northern Gaza to Southern Gaza</u>



## **Terrorists Killed & Captured, Hostage Remains Confirm Death**

- The IDF has not published an estimate of HAMAS casualties in Gaza except to claim that **the majority of the Palestinian fatalities are combatants and not <u>civilians</u>.**
- Later, Israeli PM Netanyahu would confirm that **Israel killed "thousands of terrorists."**
- The IDF did confirm that <u>over 300 terrorists were captured alive in Gaza</u> and brought into Israel for interrogation.
- In the West Bank, of the approximately 2,000 people arrested or killed by the IDF in counter-terrorist operations since October 7 to prevent terror attacks emanating from there, more than 60% were Hamas personnel.
- Oct. 31: **IDF announces the death of Shani Louk** after remains of her skull were found. She was a 23 year old German-Israeli girl who had attended the Nova Music Festival and was taken hostage into Gaza.



## **Munitions Found and Cleared in Civilian Areas**

Weapons found hidden under a child's bed in Gaza



Weapons lab found hidden in a mosque in Gaza



Weapons found hidden in a kindergarten in Gaza





## **HAMAS** Uses Hospitals to Hide Terror Operations

#### HAMAS systematically uses hospitals in Gaza for terror operations, as has so for years.

- In 2014, the Washington Post referred to Shifa Hospital as "a de facto headquarters for Hamas leaders, who can be seen in the hallways and offices."
- IDF uncovered weapons caches, underground tunnels, and evidence of hostages inside and around hospitals throughout Gaza. HAMAS also fired at IDF soldiers from inside the Qatari hospital and was caught carrying a RPG into Al Quds hospital.



Weapons found in Shifa Hospital



Terrorist with RPG enters Al Quds Hospital



HAMAS fires from inside Qatari Hospital



<u>Weapons found in Rantisi</u> <u>Children's Hospital</u>



## **More American Forces Arrive to the Region**

#### **Military Response**

Nov. 3: US acknowledges <u>US Air Force is flying</u> <u>surveillance drones over Gaza</u> since October 7 to support hostage rescue efforts

Nov. 4: Eisenhower Carrier Strike Group arrived to region

Nov. 5: Ohio-class submarine arrived to region

All missiles and armed drones fired by Houthis in Yemen were intercepted by IDF anti-missile defenses, the US Navy or Saudi anti-missile defenses.

One ballistic missile was shot down by an Arrow-3 defensive missile, an exoatmospheric hypersonic antiballistic missile funded, developed and produced by a US-Israel partnership between the Israel Aerospace Industries and Boeing.

#### US Visits to Region

Nov. 3: Secretary Blinken



Nuclear powered US submarine transits the Suez Canal in the Middle East



<u>US MQ-9 Reaper</u> surveillance drone





## American and Israeli Deterrence Keeps Iran & Lebanon From Fully Joining HAMAS War

- In Lebanon, despite no calls by IDF to evacuate, **tens of thousands of Lebanese left Southern Lebanon** for northern parts of Lebanon, away from the border with Israel.
- There was <u>a gradual escalation in Hezbollah attacks from Lebanon on Israel</u> in the number of rockets and in the size of the munitions fired into Israel. Hezbollah also used exploding drones, surface-to-air missiles, anti-tank missiles and continued infiltration attempts, injuring Israeli civilians and soldiers.

In part due to American and Israeli deterrence, the leaders of Hezbollah (<u>Hassan</u> <u>Nasrallah</u>) and Iran (<u>Ali Khamenei</u>) made excuses as to why they did not fully join the HAMAS war against Israel. It is not clear if this represents their true intention or a tactic to evade Israeli defenses.

The Chief of the General Staff, of the IDF LTG Herzi Halevi, said on November 5 during a meeting in the Northern Command: "<u>We are ready to strike in the north at any</u> <u>moment."</u>



## **IDF Forces Progress Through Northern Gaza**



October 31

**November 2** 

November 14

Images sourced from @LeventKemai



## **November 14: Northern Gaza Secured by the IDF**

#### The Israeli military seized broader security control of northern Gaza on

**Tuesday November 14**, including capturing the HAMAS parliament building and HAMAS's police headquarters - locations that carried high symbolic value. In a nationally televised news conference, Israeli Defense Minister Gallant said **HAMAS had "lost control" of northern Gaza** and that Israel made significant gains in Gaza City.





# Israel-HAMAS War: Phase 4 Nov. 15 - Nov. 30 Focus Turns to Southern Gaza, Major Hostage Release & Pause



## **IDF Focus Moves to Southern Gaza**

#### <u>Nov. 16</u> Financial Times:

"Israel is planning military operations in southern Gaza and has asked residents of some neighborhoods to evacuate their homes, according to leaflets dropped into the city of Khan Younis that signalled a potential widening of the Israeli invasion."

#### <u>Nov. 16</u> IDF:

IDF Chief of Staff Lt. Gn. Herzi Halevi said the "IDF was close to dismantling Hamas's military capabilities in the north of Gaza and after that, would expand to more and more regions in Gaza."

#### <u>Nov. 17</u> IDF:

IDF Chief Spokesperson Read Adm. Daniel Hagari said that the IDF was "pushing forward against Hamas wherever it exists, including in the south of Gaza."



Image source



### Massive Increase in Humanitarian Aid to Gaza

- By the 50th day of war, Israel had gone from allowing 0 to **over 100 trucks of humanitarian aid into Gaza every day**. As part of the hostage agreement, over 400 aid trucks entered Gaza on November 24 and 25 alone.
  - Israel even allowed for fuel trucks to begin entering Gaza daily to support UN aid logistics and operate sewage facilities, even though **the UN confirmed that** HAMAS had stolen fuel from a UN facility after October 7.
- Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the United Arab Emirates each built a field hospital in Southern Gaza. French and Italian floating hospitals docked off the coast of Egypt until the end of January 2024, and a UAE floating hospital opening in March 2024.
- Hundreds of wounded Gazans left Gaza via Egypt for treatment in hospitals around the region.

All data sourced from the Israel Coordinator of Government Activities in the Territories



### **Continued Street-by-Street Action in Northern Gaza Uncovered Use of Civilian Locations to Hide Weapons, Forces**

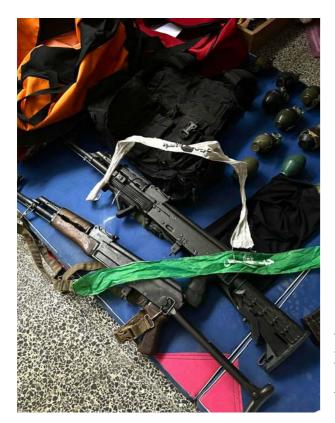


<u>PIJ Missiles found</u> adjacent to a courthouse and the Turkish hospital



PIJ <u>Heavy</u> <u>rockets</u> <u>confiscated</u> <u>in northern</u> <u>Gaza</u>

PHASE 4





<u>Anti-tank</u> <u>missile found</u> <u>under a</u> <u>baby's crib</u>

<u>Grenades, guns</u> found inside a <u>school</u>



### **Escalation Along Israel-Lebanon Border**

#### Nov. 15 - 23 attacks from Lebanon include:

- Every day, mortar (some days with 35), armed drones, rockets, anti-tank missiles, or surface-to-air missiles were fired at Israel from inside Lebanon
- IDF responded with fire at Hezbollah targets inside Lebanon
- No reports of ground forces of Hezbollah or other terrorists attempting to infiltrate into Israel, an improvement over previous phases of the war



### Yemen: Ship & Hostages Seized

- November 15: USS Thomas Hudner, another destroyer, was sailing toward the Bab-el-Mandeb strait when the crew saw a drone, reported to have originated in Yemen. The ship shot down the drone.
- Nov. 20: Yemen's Houthi rebels hijack an Israeli-linked ship in the Red Sea and take 25 crew members hostage, saying they hijacked the ship because of it's Israeli connection. The Houthis descended onto the ship by rappelling from a helicopter.
- Nov. 23: USS Thomas Hudner, shoots down more attack drones en route to Israel from the Houthis in Iran.
- **Nov 25:** Israeli air force intercept armed drone heading towards Israel in the Red Sea



Screen shots from Houthi propaganda video of their hijacking the Galaxy Leader cargo ship in the Red Sea

U.S. Central Command 🍲 🎙 🔞 @CENTCOMArabic

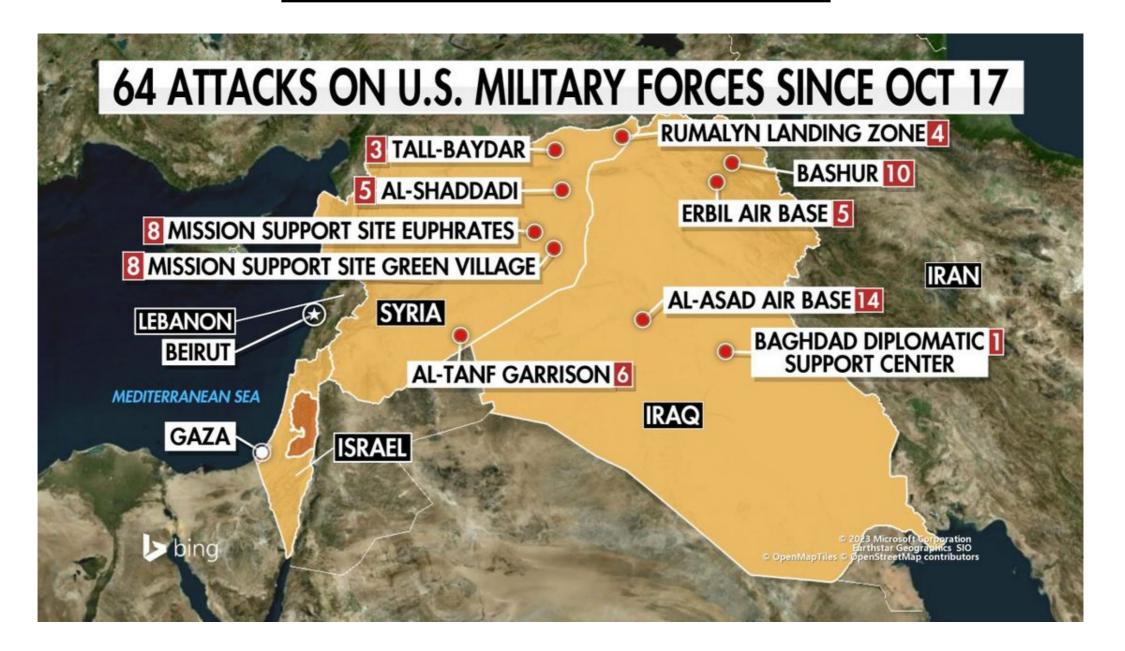
في صباح يوم 23 نوفمبر/ تشرين الثاني (بتوقيت اليمن)، أسقطت #مدمرة\_الصواريخ\_الموجهة #يو\_إس\_إس\_توماس\_هودنر (دي دي جي 116) عدة طائرات هجومية بدون طيار أحادية الاتجاه أطلقت من المناطق التي يسيطر عليها #الحوثيون في #اليمن. تم إسقاط الطائرات بدون طيار بينما كانت السفينة الحربية الأمريكية يو إس إس توماس هودنر في دورية في #البحر\_الأحمر. لم تتعرض السفينة وطاقمها لأي ضرر أو اصابة.

On the morning (Yemen time) of November 23, the #USS\_Thomas\_Hudner (DDG 116) shot down multiple one-way attack drones launched from #Houthi controlled areas in #Yemen. The drones were shot down while the U.S. warship was on patrol in the #Red\_Sea. The ship and crew sustained no damage or injury



### American Forces Come Under Attack in the Middle East From Iran-Backed Militias in Iraq and Syria

Nov. 30: Secretary Blinken visits region





### Hostage Bodies Recovered, Agreement on Pause in Fighting

Nov. 16, Nov. 17: IDF recovers dead bodies of 2 hostages taken alive on October 7. They were found near the Shifa Hospital.

### Nov. 21: <u>announcement of hostage agreement brokered by the US, Egypt, and</u> <u>State of Qatar</u>, to include:

- 1. Cessation of IDF operations inside Gaza for 4 days
- 2. Entry of hundreds of trucks of humanitarian aid and fuel into Gaza

3. Release of 50 women and children hostages in exchange for Israel's release of 150 convicted criminals and terrorists from Israeli prisons (released at a ratio of 3 to every 1 Israeli hostage)

4. Option to extend cessation of IDF operations for an extra day for each 10 hostages released





### 7 Days of Hostage Agreement Brings <u>105</u> More Hostages Home

- Nov. 24: pause in IDF actions in Gaza begins, entrance of extensive humanitarian aid begins, release of
   13 Israeli, 10 Thai, and 1 Filipino hostage; Israel freed 39 Palestinian prisoners
- Nov. 25: release of 17 hostages (13 Israeli, 4 Thai) as Israel freed 39 Palestinian prisoners
- Nov. 26 (day 51 of the war): release of 17 hostages (13 Israeli, 3 Thai, 1 Russian-Israeli), Israel freed 39 Palestinian prisoners
  - Nov. 27 (day 52 of the war): release of 11 Israeli hostages, Israel freed 33 Palestinian prisoners
- Nov. 28: (day 53 of the war): extension of agreement, release of 12 hostages (10 Israeli, 2 Thai), Israel freed 30 Palestinian prisoners
  - Nov. 29 (day 54 of the war): extension of agreement, **release of 16 hostages** (10 Israeli, 2 Russian-Israeli, 4 Thai), Israel freed 30 Palestinian prisoners
  - Nov. 30 (day 55 of the war): extension of agreement, release of 8 Israeli hostages



# Israel-HAMAS War: Phase 5 Dec. 1 - April 7 Ground Invasion of Southern Gaza, Expanded Attacks in Red Sea, Regionalization of the War



### **Released Hostages Share the Horrors of Captivity**

- Due largely to intelligence gathered from released hostages, **<u>15 hostages in Gaza were declared dead</u>**
- Yocheved Lifshitz, 85, was beaten in the ribs with sticks by Hamas terrorists, saying that "the lack of air in the tunnels, as well as the shortage of food and medicine, could bring people to complete exhaustion, and they just won't make it." She claimed they were led through a tunnel system and gathered in a large room that appeared to have been "prepared in advance."
- Hila Roten Shoshani, 12, told her family "there wasn't enough food....sometimes they waited for water."
- Keren Munder said that "food was in short supply," while her mother Ruthy Munder said that she was kept in a suffocating room and slept on plastic chairs, covering herself with a sheet..
- The Uncle of hostages Yagil (12) and Or (16) Yaakov recounted how they were <u>branded and drugged</u>. The Aunt of hostage Eitan Yahalomi (12) told French TV that terrorists <u>beat him and forced him at gunpoint</u> to watch raw video of the October 7 Massacre, and if he or any of the other children cried, they were treated with the gun.
  - Chen Goldstein-Almog, 48, said "she had met other hostages who were badly treated, including **two** women who said they were sexually abused." She also said "Most days they survived off pita bread with cheese."



### **Released Hostages Share the Horrors of Captivity**

- **Eitan Yahalomi, 12, was beaten** and HAMAS "put him alone in a cell with bars and he was left alone for 16 days in the custody of armed men from Hamas," his mother recounted. When he cried, HAMAS "threatened him with a gun." He was "only allowed to shower twice in 52 days, never slept on a mattress, and was beaten by terrorists."
  - The Israeli Health Ministry confirmed that HAMAS drugged Israeli hostages with Klonopin, a tranquilizer, right before their release.
- On March 26, former HAMAS hostage Amit Soussana gave the first detailed first-hand account of sexual assault to the New York Times.
  Two weeks after being beaten and dragged into Gaza on October 7 from her home, she was forced to undress at gun point. She was beaten, groped, and then "dragged at gunpoint" to the child's bedroom she was held captive in, where the terrorist sexually assaulted her.



Amit Soussana was sexually assaulted while in HAMAS captivity.



### HAMAS Ends Cease-Fire IDF Continues Operation in Northern Gaza

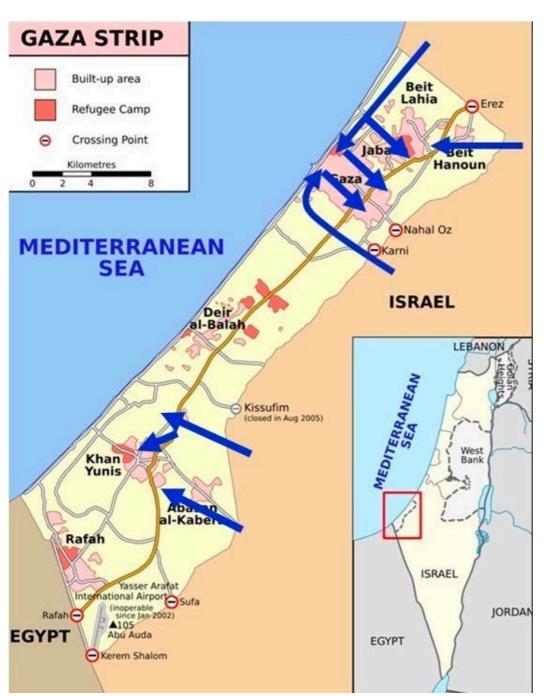
- Early on Dec. 1 HAMAS fired rockets into Israel prior to the 7am cease-fire conclusion and failed to deliver a list of hostages to be released, which effectively ended the cease-fire. The US blamed HAMAS for the collapse of the ceasefire.
- **HAMAS used the cease-fire to reorganize and redeploy forces**, making the subsequent fighting more intense. <u>186 IDF soldiers were killed</u> since the cease-fire (Dec. 1-Jan. 14) compared to <u>63 IDF soldiers</u> <u>killed</u> from the ground invasion through the cease-fire (Oct. 27-Nov. 30).
- The IDF exploited the cease-fire to clear the ground it had captured of HAMAS tunnels and hideouts.
- The <u>eastern areas of Northern Gaza</u> were controlled by highly trained HAMAS units and were more fortified, therefore had not been breached earlier by the IDF.
- **IDF went building by building** in Northern Gaza neighborhoods in northern Gaza - finding terrorists, weapons, and <u>weapons labs</u>, including inside a <u>university</u> and <u>hospital</u>. **IDF kills 3 Israeli hostages** in a traumatic incident, the bodies <u>are returned to Israel</u>

Pictured to the right, **the IDF apprehended** ~80 terrorists in the area of a hospital in Jabalya, alongside guns, RPGs, and bombs.





### **Continued Operation in Northern Gaza, Ground Invasion into Southern Gaza**

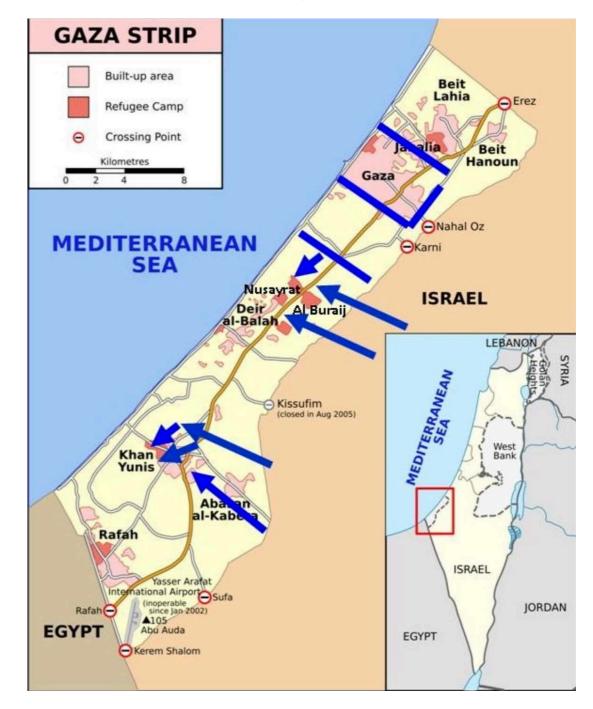


IDF entered Southern Gaza after

completely encircling Northern Gaza

December 2023

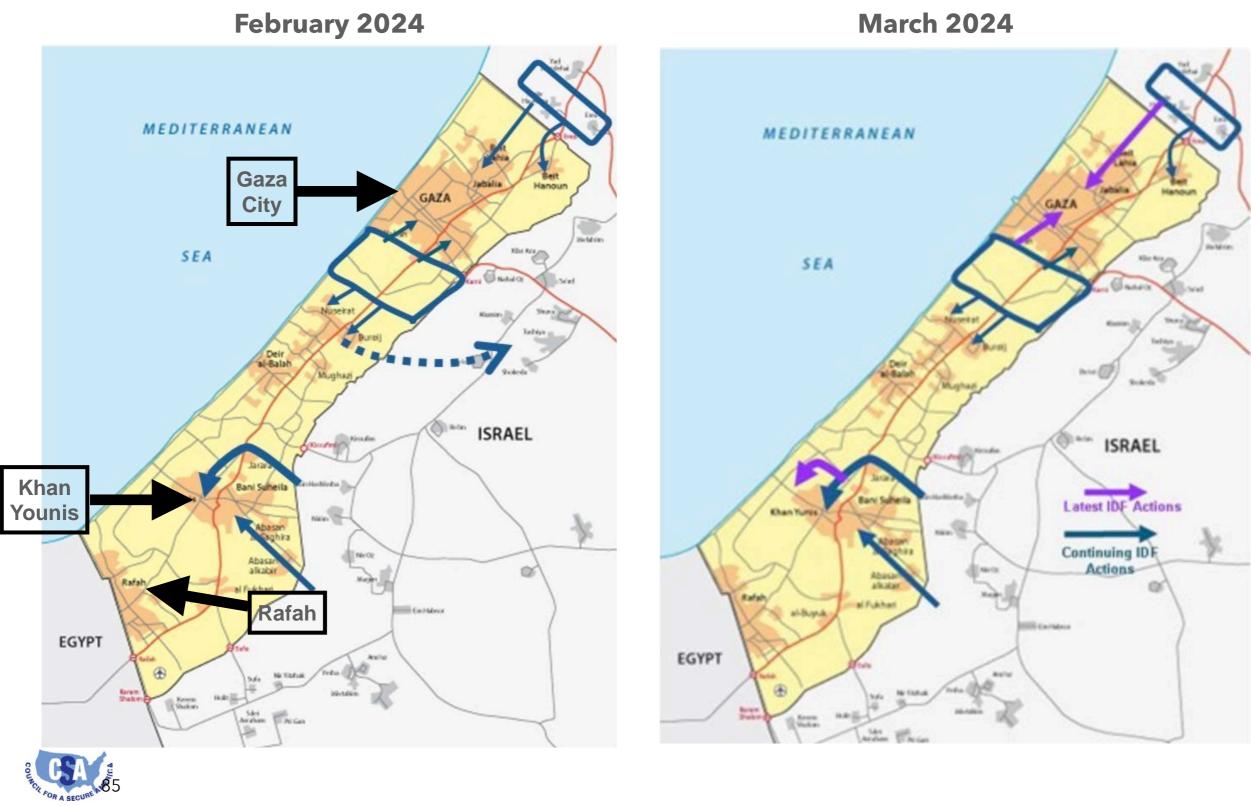
January 2024



IDF encircled Gaza City in Northern Gaza, entered Central Gaza, and advanced in Southern Gaza

PHASE 5

### **Continued Operation in Northern Gaza, Ground Invasion into Southern Gaza**



**PHASE 5** 

#### PHASE 5

## IDF Invaded Southern Gaza, Focusing on Khan Younis Style of Warfare Changing

- First partially encircled from North, East, and West (leaving the South open for civilian evacuation) and then full encirclement by the IDF of Khan Younis
- <u>Axios</u>: "The IDF believes Hamas leaders Yahya Sinwar and Mohammed Deif are hiding in Khan Younis, and one of the main goals of the operation in the city is to capture or kill them."
   <u>IDF has been operating for weeks inside the tunnels under Khan Younis</u> in an attempt to catch HAMAS leaders.
- IDF continues to **destroy HAMAS' internal weapons manufacturing capabilities** of rockets, missiles, sniper rifles, bullets, drones, grenades, and bombs throughout Gaza, with <u>HAMAS</u> rocket fire dropping from an average of 75 per day in early December 2023 to 14 per day by the end of December 2023.

Fighting in Gaza **transitioned to <u>small-scale guerilla-style attacks</u>** of the hit-and-run nature by HAMAS personnel still remaining above ground in Northern and Southern Gaza, as the **IDF released over** <u>half of the 50,000 soldiers that were once operating in Gaza</u>



### Key Quotes from IDF Chief of Staff Statement on Dec. 6

- "We operate professionally; **evacuating the population from combat zones**; striking HAMAS from above and below ground with combined strikes from the air, sea, and land."
- "Many ask about the destruction in Gaza. Hamas is the address. Sinwar is the address. **Our forces find in nearly every building and house weapons and in many houses terrorists, and engage them in combat.** We understand that part of their method is the weapons left in the houses."
- A terrorist arrives in civilian clothing and conducts combat from there. Striking them requires significant use of fire, both to target the enemy but also to, of course, protect our forces. Therefore the **forces operate powerfully, while making enormous efforts to mitigate as much as possible harm to civilians.**"



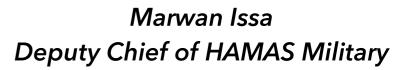
Link to full statement by IDF Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. Halevi <u>here</u>:



### **Assassinations in Gaza**

#### Marwan Issa - HAMAS' #3 leader in Gaza

- He ascended the HAMAS military ranks and served <u>since 2012</u> as the #2 to Mohammad Deif, the leader of HAMAS' military wing (Qassam Brigades), in his capacity as <u>Deputy Commander of HAMAS military</u> wing. He previously spent time in <u>both Israeli and Palestinian</u> <u>Authority prisons.</u>
- As Deputy Commander of HAMAS military wing, Issa was the righthand man to Deif, is believed to run many of Hamas's day-to-day operations. He served on both the HAMAS military council and in its political office and helped plan the October 7 massacre.





- With Deif spending much of his life incognito, Issa helped run logistical operations for HAMAS' al-Qassam Brigades.
- Israel attempted to assassinate him in 2006, 2014, and 2021. He was successfully targeted on March <u>10</u>.

#### Faiq Mabhouh, Head of HAMAS' Internal Security Operations Directorate

His brother, Mahmoud Mabhouh, was in charge of weapons procurement for HAMAS and was assassinated in Dubai in 2010



### **Onwards Towards Rafah**

## IDF evacuation orders in southeastern Gaza suggested forward movement towards Rafah

<u>Feb.</u> 1: Defense Minister Gallant warned that Israel "<u>might</u> <u>expand combat to Rafah</u> after focusing on Khan Younis, southern Gaza's largest city. "

<u>On Feb 4, PM Netanyahu said:</u> "Most of the remaining [HAMAS] battalions are in the southern [Gaza] Strip and in Rafah, and we will deal with them."

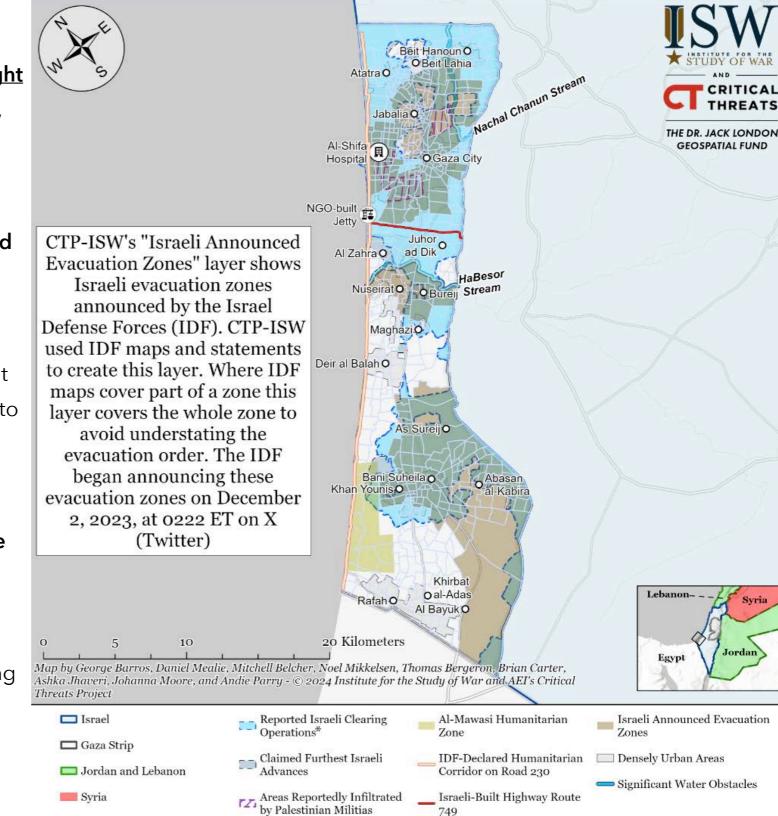
<u>Feb. 21:</u> IDF Chief of Staff Herzi Halevi and and Israeli Shin Bet (Israel Security Agency) Director Ronen Bar visit Cairo to meet Egyptian intelligence chief Abbas Kamel to discuss a Rafah operation

<u>March 9</u>: Minister Gantz said: "If by Ramadan our hostages are not home, the **fighting will continue to the Rafah area.**"

<u>March 22</u>: PM Netanyahu said: "We have no way to defeat HAMAS without going into Rafah and eliminating the rest of the [HAMAS] battalions there."

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While <u>Hezbollah ceased fire against Israel</u> during the Israel-HAMAS cease-fire, **Hezbollah also** renewed firing at Israel alongside HAMAS.

#### Israeli leaders hint at potential pro-active action against Hezbollah

- Minister Benny Gantz, member of the Israeli War Cabinet, suggested that **increasing** Hezbollah strikes on northern Israel "demand of Israel to remove such a threat"
- IDF Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. Halevi said on Dec. 10 while on a visit to the Israel-Lebanon border that Hezbollah risked pushing IDF forces to make a "very clear change" in the conflict as Israel needs a return of "both safety and a sense of security."
  - On Feb. 3, the **IDF issued its most detailed warning yet to Hezbollah** saying that it would be "ready to attack immediately" and made <u>a rare acknowledgment of dozens of airstrikes inside of Syria against Hezbollah</u>.

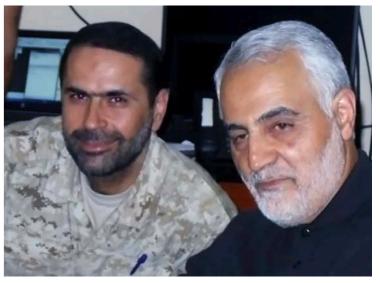
On Feb. 5, Israeli Defense Minister Gallant said there is <u>"an overwhelming</u> chance of a second front opening up in the North."



- January 2, 2024, Deputy Chairman of HAMAS Saleh Al-Arouri was assassinated in Beirut. He was one of HAMAS' "most important political leaders and operational commanders. Arouri played hands-on roles both as <u>a</u> key interlocutor with Hezbollah and Iran and as an operational commander overseeing Hamas terrorist plots in the West Bank."
- In response, on January 6 Hezbollah launched "antitank guided missiles, attack drones, and **no less than 62 rockets against Israel's northern air control <u>unit</u> in Mount Meron."**
- January 8, 2024, IDF assassinated Senior Commander of the Radwan Special Forces of Hezbollah Wissam al-Tawil.
- In response, <u>Hezbollah attacked the IDF's Northern Command HQ with attack</u> <u>drones</u>.
- On February 8, 2024, the IDF struck senior Hezbollah military commander Abbas al Dabs via drone strike. He coordinated air defense issues with Iran, including in Syria, and commanded a region that fired upon Israel. In response, Hezbollah launched 30 rockets at Israel

Deputy HAMAS Chairman Saleh Al-Arouri





Hezbollah Commander Wissam al-Tawil with Iranian Gen. Qassem Soleimani



PHASE 5

- March 13: IDF drone strike eliminated Hadi Mustafa, senior HAMAS operative who <u>directed terror attacks against Israeli and Jewish</u> <u>targets</u> around the world.
- March 29, IDF assassinated Ali Naim, the Deputy Commander of Hezbollahs rocket unit while in a car in Tyre, Lebanon 13 miles from the Israeli border.
- On many days, Hezbollah has fired up to 100 short-range rockets at Israel. In turn, Israel has struck Hezbollah targets as deep as 60 miles inside Lebanon.





On March 27, the IDF completed a week long training for commanders of the Northern Command in preparation for war against Hezbollah.

<u>Senior Israeli official, March 28:</u> "Achieving the strategic goal of the return of northern residents to their homes requires a ground war.</mark> We will do that after Rafah, not simultaneously,"



Sample day: Wednesday March 27

- **Israeli airstrike 3 miles from the border killed 7 terrorists** from the Palestinian al-Jama'a al-Islamiyya group which was planning an imminent infiltration attack.
- **Hezbollah launched 30 rockets in response** at Kiryat Shmona community in Israel.
- IDF later found a Hezbollah drone that crashed inside Israel near Rosh Hanikra and then bombed terrorists inside Lebanon in Teir Harfa
- This follows a pattern of Hezbollah sending Palestinian groups rather than its own people to carry out infiltration attempts, instigating a response by the IDF. Then, Hezbollah responds to the IDF's response with rockets on an Israeli town or military base.
- Separately, the IDF's 36th Division conducted a seminar in preparation for a possible ground offensive in Lebanon.



### **More American Support Arrives to the Region**

#### **US Visits to Region**

<u>Dec. 14:</u>	NSA Sullivan
<u>Dec. 15:</u>	General Kurilla
<u>Dec. 18:</u>	Secretary Austin
<u>Jan. 9:</u>	Secretary Blinken
<u>Feb. 7:</u>	Secretary Blinken
<u>Feb. 28:</u>	General Kurilla
<u>March 22:</u>	Secretary Blinken





US General Kurilla meets IDF Chief of Staff Halevi in Israel 12/15/23

#### **US Announcements**

- Dec. 9: Sec. Blinken approved the emergency sale of 13,981 tank munitions to Israel, after previously requesting approval for the sale of 45,000 shells for IDF Merkava tanks
- Dec. 12: Under Sec. of Def. LaPlante states in Congressional testimony that the US is surging maintenance and operational support for Israeli F-35A stealth fighter jets
- Jan. 5: US State Department announces up to **\$10 million reward** for information leading to the disruption of HAMAS funding

### More American Sanctions and Support to the Region

#### **US Announcements**



- <u>Dec. 7:</u> US Dept. of Treasury sanctions 13 people and companies related to the financing of Houthis in Yemen.
  - <u>Dec. 13:</u> US Dept. of Treasury **imposed a <mark>4th round of sanctions on HAMAS</mark> since** October 7, **targeting a network of HAMAS finance officials in Gaza, the West Bank, Turkey, and Lebanon, including several members of the HAMAS Political Bureau.**
  - Dec. 19: US Dept. of Treasury **sanctions** 14 people and companies in Iran, Malaysia, Hong Kong, and Indonesia supporting **Iran's IRGC UAV production**
- <u>Dec. 28:</u> US Dept. of Treasury sanctions 4 people and companies responsible for facilitating Iranian funding of Houthi forces
- Jan. 1: The Pentagon announced that the USS Ford aircraft carrier strike group would leave the Middle East, replaced by 3 warships from the Red Sea.
- Jan. 12: US Dept. of Treasury sanctions 2 companies for shipping Iranian commodities on behalf of IRGC-backed Houthi financial facilitator in Hong Kong and the UAE.



### More American Sanctions and Support to the Region

#### **US Announcements**



Jan. 22: US Dept. of Treasury **imposed a 5th round of sanctions on HAMAS** since October 7, **targeting a network of HAMAS-affiliated money exchanges** in Gaza and those **who facilitated the transfer of funds from IRGC to HAMAS**. These sanctions were imposed concurrently with the UK and Australia.

Jan. 25: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned the Houthi Minister of Defense, Navy Commander, Director of the Houthi Navy College, and the Director of Procurement of Houthi armed forces

Jan. 31: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned 3 entities and one individual for providing financial support to IRGC and Hezbollah.

Feb. 2: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned six officials in the IRGC Cyber-Electronic
 Command responsible for a series of malicious cyber activities against critical infrastructure in the US via Israeli technology. It also sanctioned <u>a network of suppliers in</u>
 Iran and Hong Kong that supported Iran's ballistic missile and UAV programs.



### More American Sanctions and Support to the Region

#### **US Announcements**

- Feb. 27: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned the Deputy Commander of Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guards Force-Qods Force, a Houthi member, and a company owning a vessel used to ship Iranian commodities to support the Houthis and IRGC.
  - Feb. 27: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned two companies owning and operating a vessel that shipped over \$100M in Iranian commodities to China on behalf of Iran's Ministry of Defense.
  - March 6: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned two companies owning and operating two vessels that shipped Iranian commodities on behalf of Iran's IRGC Quds Force backed Houthi financier.
  - March 15: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned a company owning and operating a vessel that shipped Iranian commodities to China on behalf of Iran's IRGC Quds Force backed Houthi financier.
  - March 26: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned 6 entities, two tankers, and one individual involved with Iranian commodity sales to China supporting the Houthis and crypto-currency funding of Hezbollah.



<u>March 27:</u> US Dept. of Treasury, alongside the UK, **imposed a <mark>6th round of sanctions on HAMAS</mark> since** October 7, **targeting a network of HAMAS-affiliated social media campaigns "<u>GazaNow"</u> and its founder Mustafa Ayash, and other partners** 

### **An Emboldened Iran Pursues Nuclear Weapons**

<u>Dec. 18:</u> Nearly 70% of Iran's gas stations went out of service following possible sabotage – a reference to cyberattacks, Iranian state TV reported.

#### Dec. 28 Statement from US, UK, Germany and France :

"The 26 December 2023 report by the IAEA highlights that **Iran has increased its rate of production of uranium enriched up to 60%** at Natanz and Fordow to levels observed between January and June 2023. These findings represent a backwards step by Iran and will result in **Iran tripling its monthly production rate of uranium enriched up to 60%**. We condemn this action, which adds to the unabated escalation of Iran's nuclear programme. **The production of high-enriched uranium by Iran has no credible civilian justification**..."

<u>Feb. 7:</u> Non-partisan Institute for Science and International Security publishes its findings showing that "Iran's nuclear weapons capabilities are more dangerous than they have ever been," with the ability to produce enough weapon-grade enriched uranium for a nuclear weapon in a week, and could produce a total of 6 nuclear bombs in a month."



### **Tower 22 - Attack and Response**

- Jan. 28: Three US soldiers were killed and 40 wounded in an attack by an Iranian proxy militia in Iraq (Kataib Hezbollah).
- <u>Context:</u> Over 160 strikes directed at U.S. military bases in the region since October 7, but without any direct casualties prior to January 28. <u>The Islamic Resistance in Iraq, an umbrella group of Iran-</u>
   <u>backed armed groups in the region, claimed the Jan. 28 attack</u>
   saying it was in response to US support for Israel's war on Gaza.
  - Response: US struck 85 targets in Iraq and Syria belonging to Kataib Hezbollah and to the IRGC, including command centers, missile and drone facilities, and logistical facilities.
  - <u>Feb. 7 Assassination:</u> A senior commander from Kataib Hezbollah responsible for "<u>directly planning and participating in attacks</u>" on American troops was killed via <u>US Special Operations drone strike</u>.

<u>Tower 22:</u> US military base in northeast Jordan with <u>350 soldiers</u> that is close to a US-backed Syrian rebel group and near the border of Syria and Iraq.



### Israeli Special Forces Rescue 2 Hostages Alive, 1 Dead

- On Monday February 12, Israeli special forces rescued two hostages, Fernando Simon Marian (61) and Louis Har (70), both Israeli-Argentinian men
  - They stormed the 2nd floor a heavily guarded apartment in Rafah (southern Gaza)
  - HAMAS guards were eliminated as Israeli forces shielded the hostages with their bodies
  - The hostages were escorted out under fire from HAMAS to an IDF helicopter inside Gaza that flew them to a hospital in Israel
  - April 6: IDF recovers the body of hostage Elad Katzir in Southern Gaza who was murdered while in captivity



Fernando Simon Marian reunites with his family in Israel



Louis Har reunites with his family in Israel



### **IDF Clearing Buffer Zone Between Gaza and Southern Israel**

 In an effort to prevent new attacks from
 Gaza, the IDF cleared areas near the
 Gaza-Israel border to create a 1km (0.6 mile) buffer zone inside the Gaza Strip.
 This is believed to be an effort to allow
 Israelis in south to securely move back
 to their homes, although Israel has not

publicly spoken about buffer zone plans.





### **IDF Retakes Shifa Hospital Complex**

- <u>On Monday March 18</u>, the **IDF began a two-week operation to retake Shifa Hospital** complex after intelligence suggested that <u>senior HAMAS terrorists had regrouped inside the hospital</u>. The first operation there occurred in November.
- <u>CNN</u> reported that its sources inside the hospital claimed "about 400 to 500 Hamas and Islamic Jihad members and their families arrived at the hospital in mid-March. Some of them appeared to be members of Hamas' political branch, while others were armed militants."
- Since March 18, HAMAS and other Palestinian terrorist groups at Shifa conducted over 70 attacks on Israeli forces inside and around Shifa Hospital complex.
- The IDF killed <u>~200 terrorists in and around Shifa Hospital</u> complex while the terrorists were firing at IDF soldiers, including <u>many senior HAMAS and Palestinian Islamic Jihad terrorists</u> and many terrorists who were <u>personally involved in the October 7 massacre</u>.
- <u>The IDF killed Raad Thabet, a top-ten HAMAS commander</u> in charge of recruitment and procurement, <u>as well as two senior terrorists</u> who had been released by Israel in a previous deal with HAMAS.



#### PHASE 5

### **IDF Retakes Shifa Hospital Complex**

US National Security Advisor confirmed on March 18 that <u>"HAMAS came back into Shifa."</u>

The IDF interrogated more than 500 terrorist suspects (of <u>900 suspects detained</u>) from Shifa Hospital complex. Over <u>500 of the suspects captured were</u> <u>confirmed members of terror groups</u>. Weapons discovered in the Shifa Hospital maternity ward



During the operation, the IDF distributed food, water, and over <u>10,000 medical supplies</u>, as well as creating <u>a new treatment area</u> for patients of the hospital and <u>fixing the electricity</u>.

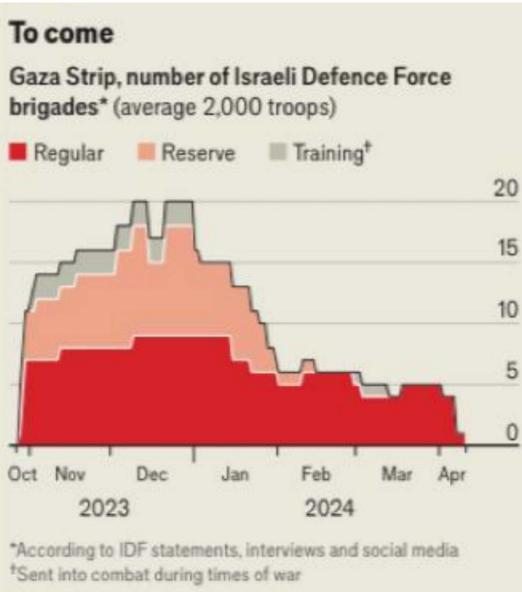
The IDF uncovered an arsenal of weapons at Shifa Hospital, including an array of weapons concealed inside pillows, hospital beds, ceilings, and walls including mortar shells, explosives, sniper rifles, pistols, and ammunition. The IDF also found over 11,000,000 NIS (~\$3M) in cash held by HAMAS.

<u>HAMAS itself claimed it fired mortars at Shifa Hospital</u> and it committed a suicide bombing, causing extensive damage to the hospital. The IDF <u>evacuated 6,2000 civilians</u> sheltering at Shifa Hospital throughout the operation.



### **April 7 Withdrawal of IDF Troops from Southern Gaza**

6 months after the war began, <u>IDF's 98th Division withdrew from Khan Younis</u> in Southern Gaza



Source: Gaza war unit tracking



# **Phase 5: UNRWA**

# A Compromised Aid Organization



# **UNRWA: United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine** Refugees

Background: UNRWA was established during the 1948 war between Israel and its Arab neighbors. It was supposed to receive the <u>approximately 700,000</u> Arab refugees from the war, sustain them and prepare them for new lives.

<u>What Happened:</u> "What UNRWA actually did was entrench their refugee status as permanent. A separate UN organization, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), caters to the needs of all other refugees around the world. **UNRWA supports 5.4 million alleged Palestinian refugees whereas UNHCR supports more than 70 million refugees from other nations. Yet the budget per person for UNRWA is almost double that of UNHCR.** Furthermore, UNRWA has approximately one staff member per 180 alleged refugees, whereas UNHCR has a staff of approximately one per approximately 4,200 refugees. If the UN's own rules were applied, most of the alleged refugees would not be considered refugees. Any UNHCR refugee who receives citizenship from another country automatically loses refugee status.

<u>Education:</u> Prior to October 7, it was well documented that **UNRWA schools glorified terrorists, encouraged violence against Israel**, encouraged martyrdom, demonized Israel, rejected Israel's right to exist and promoted antisemitism.



# UNRWA: United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees

Leading Up to October 7: A <u>UN report</u> found that **UNRWA schools were used to store weapons and launch attacks** against Israel between 2012 and 2014. UNRWA facilities, believed to be immune from Israeli attack, were used by HAMAS to house tunnels, weapons and command and control centers. <u>Under</u> <u>UNRWA's headquarters in Gaza, a massive HAMAS complex was discovered by the IDF</u> - including large quantities of guns, grenades, bombs as well as servers and electrical infrastructure. UNRWA supplied this HAMAS underground complex with electricity. US government acknowledged that HAMAS stole cement, construction material, and money meant for UNRWA and <u>built hundreds of miles of tunnels</u> underneath Gaza.

October 7: 14 UNRWA staff were actively involved in committing the 7 October massacre and approximately one in ten employees of UNRWA in Gaza are members of HAMAS. A former senior UN official acknowledged HAMAS' "infiltration" of UNRWA. On October 27, HAMAS launched rockets from inside and near UNRWA facilities - part of a systemic use of UN facilities in Gaza by HAMAS. Still, it is the main provider of food, water, and shelter to Palestinians during the current war. The IDF declassified an intercepted call with an UNRWA teacher admitting to his participation on October 7.



Click to watch Reuters footage reveal HAMAS infrastructure under UNRWA headquarters in Gaza

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# UNRWA: United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees

<u>Response:</u> **Over 18 countries suspended their funding of UNRWA.** These countries collectively provide about two-thirds of UNRWA's budget. Of the top ten donors to UNRWA, only one is an Arab state (Saudi Arabia) and one other is a non-Arab Muslim state (Turkey).

"It would put our staff in jeopardy to call out HAMAS for use of our buildings or schools," a U.N. official told <u>CBS News</u>, speaking on condition that he remain anonymous. A second senior U.N. official, who also spoke on the condition of anonymity to discuss the sensitive topic, told CBS News: "**Of course, we assume that HAMAS is using U.N. facilities in one way or another; it uses mosques, hospitals, schools, and those all should have extra protection status under international law.**"





Cables running from UNRWA headquarters above ground down into undergroundHAMAS data center.



IDF revealed an underground HAMAS data center, directly beneath UNRWA headquarters in Gaza, used for intelligence and communications.

#### **UNRWA Funding**

Stopped funding through March 2025	Paused or reviewing funding					Continuing funding			
<b>United States</b> \$344M	Germany \$202M					<b>Sweden</b> \$61M			
	<b>EU institutions*</b> \$114M				<b>Norway</b> \$34M		Saudi Arabia \$27M		
					<b>Turkey</b> \$25M		Canada \$24M		
							stral. IM	<b>Belg.</b> \$12M	
	Japan \$30M		France \$29M		<b>Kuw.</b> \$12M	Other \$62M			
	<b>Switz.</b> \$26M	Netherlar \$21M	Netherlands \$21M United Kingdom \$21M						
					<b>Qatar</b> \$11M				

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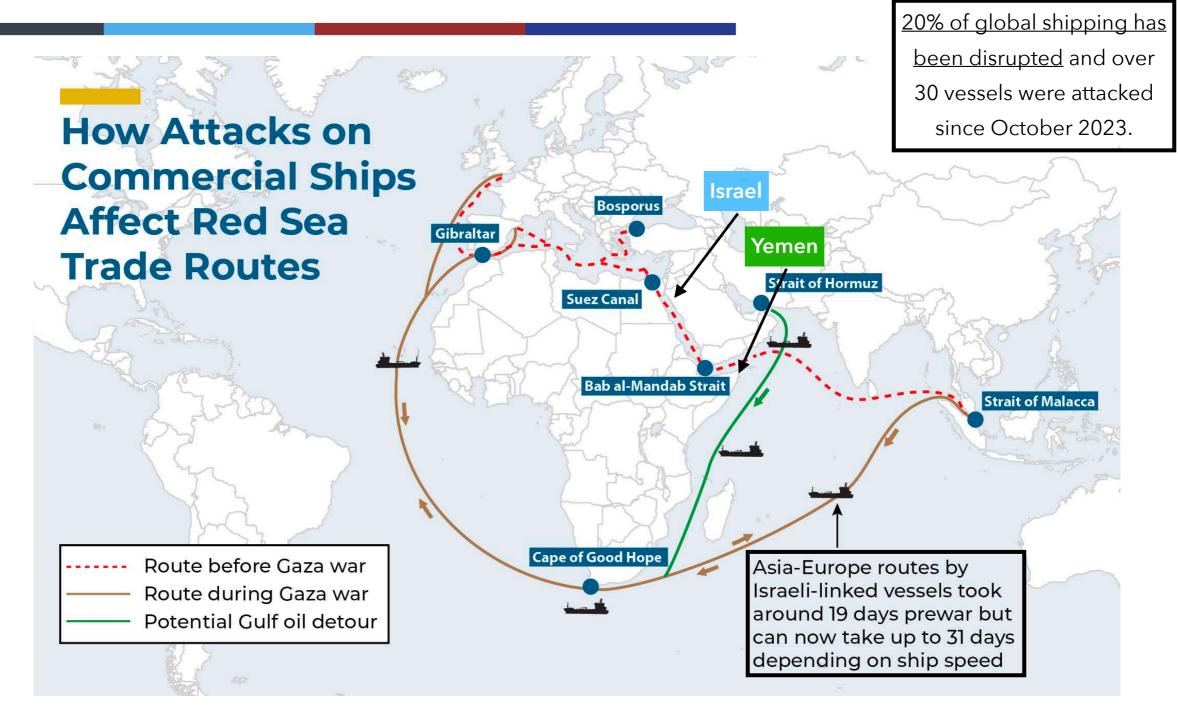
\*The European Commission is providing 50 million euros of its 2024 funding to UNRWA and will provide the remaining 32 million euros depending on the findings of current investigations.

Note: "Paused or reviewing funding" includes governments that have paused funding or declared that future funding will www.Councilf depend on the findings of current investigations.

# Phase 5: Escalating Red Sea Attacks Increasing Houthi Conflict



### Houthi Attacks in the Red Sea Increase



<u>Secretary Blinken:</u> "More than a dozen shipping companies have had to reroute thousands of vessels around the Cape of Good Hope."



# **Diplomatic Road Yields Military Action Against the Houthis**

Dec. 1: UN Security Council members statement condemns "in the strongest terms recent Houthi attacks against a commercial vessel in the Red Sea... They demanded that all such attacks and action cease immediately... They underlined the importance of the navigational rights and freedoms of all vessels in the Gulf of Aden and Red Sea."

#### Dec. 12: The Israeli Navy dispatched a Sa'ar 6-class Corvette ship to the Red Sea

- Dec. 15: Major international shipping companies Maersk and Hapag-Lloyd suspend vessels' passage through the Bab al-Mandeb Strait, the critical connecting point between the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea via the Dead Sea and Suez Canal.
- Dec. 18: **US led efforts to create an** <u>international coalition</u> to protect ships entering the Red Sea, called <u>Operation Prosperity Guardian</u>, a defensive coalition of over 20 countries operating in the Red Sea, Bab al-Mandeb Strait, and Gulf of Aden.
- <u>Dec. 19:</u> **Joint statement from the US, EU, and NATO** representing 44 allied nations including Yemen condemns "Houthi interference with navigational rights and freedoms in the waters around the Arabian Peninsula, particularly the Red Sea." <u>Secretary of Defense also hosts a virtual ministerial</u> with Ministers and Chiefs of Defense from 43 countries to discuss the Houthis.



# **Diplomatic Road Yields Military Action Against the Houthis**

- Dec. 27: Shipping giant Maersk returns to direct its vessels through the Red Sea
- Jan 3: US, UK and 12 other countries issue warning to Houthis against further attacks, saying the Houthis "will bear the responsibility of the consequences should they continue"
- **Jan. 10:** UN Security Council passes a resolution condemning "in the strongest terms" the multiple attacks by Houthi rebels off the coast of Yemen which have disrupted global trade and raised fears of further spillover from the war in Gaza.
  - Jan. 11: the US, UK, Australia, Canada, the Netherlands, and Bahrain launched targeted attacks on Houthi military targets in Yemen, including radar systems, air defense systems, and storage and launch sites for UAVs and missiles. The objective was announced as specifically to degrade their capability to attack vessels in the Red Sea.





Speaking in Tel Aviv, US NSA Jake Sullivan said, <u>"While the Houthis are pulling the trigger, so to</u> <u>speak, they're being handed the gun by Iran."</u>

- <u>Dec. 3</u>: **Four** <u>attacks</u> against three commercial vessels by Houthis in the Red Sea, USS Carney responded to the incidents including destroying Houthi attack drones
- Dec. 9: French Navy shot down two Houthi drones in the Red Sea
- Dec. 11: Houthi missile hits tanker, USS Mason responds
- <u>Dec. 13:</u> USS Mason **prevented Houthis from boarding a tanker**, intercepts Houthi drone en route to the USS Mason
- Dec. 14: ballistic missile fired by Houthis at shipping lane
- Dec. 15: Houthi attacks on two ships with drones and ballistic missiles
- <u>Dec. 16:</u> USS Carney intercepts a **wave of 14 attack drones** launched by the Houthis
- <u>Dec. 18:</u> Houthis launch **attack drone and anti-ship ballistic missile** at commercial vessel



- Dec. 23: Houthis launch 2 anti-ship ballistic missiles and 4 attack drones into the Red Sea
- Dec. 26: US intercepts a wave of 12 attack drones, 3 anti-ship ballistic missiles, and 2 cruise missiles launched by Houthis
- Dec. 28: USS Mason shot down a Houthi drone and a Houthi anti-ship ballistic missile in the Red Sea
- Dec. 30: USS Gravely shoots down 2 anti-ship ballistic missiles while responding to Houthi attack on merchant vessel
- Dec. 31: 4 small Houthi vessels attack a commercial vessel and US helicopters. 3 of 4 boats were sunk, 1 fled.
- Jan. 2: Houthis launch **2 anti-ship ballistic missiles** into the Red Sea
- Jan. 6: Houthi UAV shot down by USS Laboon
- Jan. 9: Houthis fired no less than 18 UAVs, two anti-ship cruise missiles, and one ballistic missile. All were shot down.
- Jan. 11: Houthis fired an anti-ship ballistic missile. 30 minutes later, the
   US-led attack on the Houthis began

Jan. 11: US Navy SEALs intercept ship from Iran transporting advanced missile components to resupply Houthi forces. Two Navy SEALs went missing at sea in this operation.



- Jan. 12: US forces **strike a Houthi radar site** in Yemen.
- Jan. 14: Houthis fire a missile at USS Laboon ship in Red Sea. No injuries or damage.
- Jan. 15: Houthis fired two missiles at the Red Sea, one struck an American container ship. <u>In response</u>, **US Forces struck and destroyed** four Houthi missiles prepared to launch from Yemen.
- Jan. 16: Houthis launched a missile and struck a merchant ship.
- Jan. 17: Houthis launched a UAS on an American bulk carrier
   merchant ship. No injuries and some damage was reported. <u>US</u>
   Forces preemptively struck 14 Houthi missiles that were loaded to be fired in Houthi areas of Yemen.

Jan. 18: US Forces struck two Houthi missiles aimed at the Red Sea and were prepared to launch from Yemen. Houthis launched two missiles at an American tanker ship with no reported injuries or damages.

Jan. 19: **US Forces preemptively struck three Houthi missiles** that were aimed at the Red Sea and prepared to launch from Yemen.

Jan. 20: **US Forces preemptively struck a Houthi missile** aimed at the Gulf of Aden and was prepared to launch from Yemen.

Jan: 22: US Forces alongside UK Armed Forces and with support from Australia, Bahrain, Canada and the Netherlands **struck 8 Houthi targets in Yemen, including missile systems and launchers, air defense systems, radars, and weapons storage facilities.** 

Jan. 24: US Forces preemptively struck two Houthi missiles aimed at the Red Sea and were prepared to launch from Yemen. Houthis fired 3 missiles at an American container ship in the Gulf of Aden, two of the missiles were shot down by US Forces with no reported injuries or damage to the container ship.

Jan. 26: USS Carney intercepted a missile fired at it by Houthis. A Houthi-fired missile struck and damaged an oil tanker in the Gulf of Aden. <u>A joint firefighting effort</u> included the US, French, and Indian navies.



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- Jan. 27: **US Forces preemptively struck a Houthi missile** aimed at the Gulf of Aden and was prepared to launch from Yemen.
- Jan. 28: US Navy SEALs intercept ship from Iran transporting over
   200 packages with advanced missile components to resupply
   Houthi forces.
- Jan. 30: The **USS Gravely shot down a Houthi-fired missile** in the Red Sea.
- Jan. 31: **US Forces destroyed a Houthi surface-to-air missile** prepared to launch from Yemen.
- Jan. 31: **USS Carney intercepted a Houthi missile** fired towards the Gulf of Aden.
- Feb. 1: US Forces struck an Iranian-backed Houthi UAV ground
   control station and 10 Houthi attack drones. US Forces also shot
   down a UAV over the Gulf of Aden and struck an unmanned attack
   surface vehicle in the Red Sea. Two Houthi missiles were fired at a
   ship in the Red Sea with no injuries or damages reported.



<u>Feb. 2:</u> USS Carney shot down one UAV the Gulf of Aden. Then, US Forces struck 4 Houthi UAVs that were prepared to launch in Yemen. In addition, USS Laboon and F-18s from Eisenhower Carrier Strike Group shot down 7 UAVs over the Red Sea.

<u>Feb. 3:</u> US Forces struck 6 Houthi missiles prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea. Later, with support from the UK Armed Forces, Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Denmark, the Netherlands, and New Zealand, <u>US Forces struck 36 Houthi targets</u> at 13 locations in Yemen. The targets included storage facilities, command and control centers, missile systems, UAV sites, radars and helicopters.



- <u>Feb. 4:</u> US Forces struck a Houthi missile prepared to launch. Later, US Forces struck 4 more Houthi missiles prepared to launch.
- Feb. 5: US Forces struck two Houthi explosive unmanned surface
   vehicles in Yemen prepared to launch.
- Feb. 6: Houthis fired 6 missiles from Yemen towards the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden. Three were attempting to hit a bulk carrier merchant ship, causing minor damage, and three were attempting to hit a cargo ship without damage.
- Feb. 7: **US Forces struck 2 Houthi missiles** prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea. In addition, **US Forces struck another Houthi missile** prepared to launch.
- Feb. 8: US Forces conducted 7 strikes against four Houthi unmanned surface vehicles and seven missiles that were prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.
- Feb. 9: US Forces struck 5 Houthi missiles and 2 unmanned surface
   vessels prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.
- Feb. 10: US Forces struck 3 Houthi missiles and 2 unmanned
   surface vessels prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.

- <u>Feb. 12:</u> **Houthis fired 2 missiles from Yemen** towards the Bab al-Mandeb. They were attempting to hit a cargo vessel ship carrying Brazilian corn to Iran, causing minor damage.
- <u>Feb. 13:</u> **US Forces struck a Houthi missile** prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea. In addition, the Houthis launched a ballistic missile into the Gulf of Aden with no damage to any ships in the area.
- <u>Feb. 14:</u> US Forces struck 7 Houthi missiles, 3 UAVs, and one explosive unmanned surface vessel prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.
- <u>Feb. 15:</u> Houthis fired a missile from Yemen into the Gulf of Aden. The missile caused minor damage to a UK-owned bulk carrier. In addition, **US Forces struck 3 Houthi missiles** prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.
- <u>Feb. 16:</u> Houthis fired 4 missiles from Yemen towards the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden. Three were attempting to hit a commercial vessel, causing no damage. In addition, US Forces struck a Houthi missile and an unmanned surface vessel prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.
- Feb. 17: US Forces struck 3 Houthi missiles, an unmanned surface vessel, and for the first observed deployment an unmanned underwater vessel prepared to launch against ships in the Red Sea.

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- Feb. 18: Houthis fired 2 missiles from Yemen towards the Red Sea. They hit a bulk carrier merchant ship, causing damage and an <u>18</u> mile oil slick. The crew evacuated to safety.
  - Feb. 19: Houthis fired 3 missiles from Yemen, including 2 towards
    a carrier in the Gulf of Aden carrying humanitarian aid to Yemen,
    causing minor damage. US Forces also struck a Houthi surface-toair missile launcher in Yemen prepared to launch. Later, a Houthi
    one-way attack (OWA) unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) struck a bulk
    carrier causing minor damages and US Forces destroyed a Houthi
    OWA UAV in Yemen prepared to launch at ships in the Red Sea.
  - Feb. 20: US and coalition aircraft and warships shot down 10
    one-way attack (OWA) unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) in the
    Red Sea and Gulf of Aden. In addition, the USS Laboon shot down a missile fired in its direction.
  - <u>Feb. 21:</u> **US Forces struck 7 Houthi missiles and one missile launcher** prepared to strike the Red Sea. Later, US Forces struck down a one-way attack unmanned aerial system in self defense.

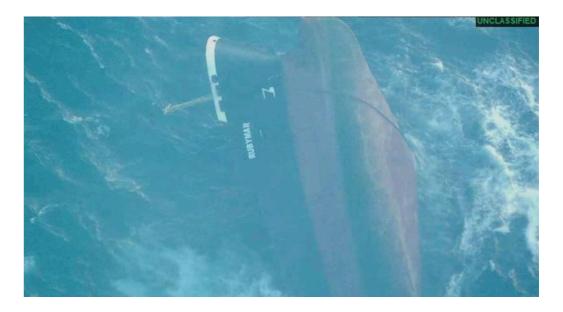
- <u>Feb. 22:</u> **US and coalition forces shot down 6 Houthi OWA UAVs** in the Red Sea. The Houthis fired two missiles into the Gulf of Aden causing minor damage to a cargo carrier. Later, the <u>US Forces struck</u> <u>down 4 Houthi UAVs and 2 missiles</u>.
- <u>Feb. 23:</u> **US Forces shot down 3 Houthi OWA UAVs** near several commercial ships in the Red Sea with no damages and struck <u>7 Houthi</u> <u>missiles prepared to launch</u>.
- Feb. 24: USS Mason shot down a Houthi missile targeting a US oil
  tanker. In addition, US Forces alongside UK Armed Forces and with
  support from Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Denmark the Netherlands,
  and New Zealand struck 18 Houthi targets in Yemen, including
  weapons storage facilities, one-way attack unmanned aerial
  systems, air defense systems, radars, and a helicopter. Houthis also
  launched a missile at a US chemical/oil tanker with no damages and
  US Forces shot down two one-way attack unmanned aerial vehicles
  over the Red Sea in self-defense. A third Houthi UAV crashed from inflight failure.
- Feb. 26: US Forces destroyed 3 unmanned surface vessels, 2 missiles, and a one-way attack unmanned aerial vehicle fired by the Houthis over the Red Sea.



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- Feb. 27: US Forces shot down 5 Houthi one-way attack unmanned aerial vehicles in the Red Sea.
  - <u>Feb. 29:</u> US Forces struck 6 Houthi missiles prepared to launch in the Red Sea and a UAV over the Red Sea.
- March 1: US Forces struck a Houthi missile that was prepared to launch towards the Red Sea. The Houthis also launched another missile into the Red Sea that did not damage any vessel.
  - March 4: Houthis fired 3 missiles from Yemen towards the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden, damaging a container vessel ship. US Forces struck 2 Houthi missiles that were prepared to launch towards the Red Sea.
  - March 5: US Forces shot down one missile and 3 OWA UAS launched by the Houthis. Later, US Forces destroyed 3 missiles and 3 USVs prepared to launch in Yemen.





The Rubymar cargo ship was carrying fertilizer when it was <u>attacked by 2 Houthis missiles on February</u> <u>18</u>. On March 1, it was confirmed as <u>the first ship sunk by the Houthis</u> since October 7, 2023.



- March 6: A Houthi missile struck the bulk carrier True Confidence, causing 3 fatalities and 4 injuries amongst the crew. In addition, <u>US Forces struck 2 Houthi UAVs</u> prepared to launch from Yemen.
- March 8: US Forces struck 2 Houthi missiles prepared to launch in the Red Sea as the Houthis fired 2 missiles at a vessel, with no damage.
- March 9: US and Coalition Forces shot down 28 OWA UAVs fired by Houthis into the Red Sea.
- March 11: Houthis fired 2 missiles in the Red Sea at the merchant vessel Pinocchio with no damages reported. US Forces conducted <u>6 strikes</u>, destroying 18 Houthi missiles and a UUV prepared to launch at the Red Sea from Yemen.
- March 14: Houthis fired 2 missiles from Yemen to the Gulf of Aden and 2 towards the Red Sea, causing no damage. US Forces also struck 9 Houthi missiles and 2 UAVs in Yemen prepared to launch.
- March 15: Houthis fired 3 missiles from Yemen towards the Red Sea with no damages.
- March 16: Houthis fired 2 UAVs from Yemen towards the Red Sea. US Forces shot one down. US Forces also struck 5 Houthi USVs and 1 UAV in Yemen prepared to launch.
- March 18: US Forces struck 7 Houthi missiles, 3 UAVs, and 3 weapons storage containers in Yemen in self defense.

March 19: Houthi missile penetrates Israeli air space and lands north of Eilat, causing no damage.



March 6 Houthi attack on the True Confidence ship led to the <u>first civilian casualties</u> of the Houthi Red Sea attacks since October 7 2023.

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- March 20: US and Coalition Forces shot down 1 UAV and 1 USV launched by Houthis at the Red Sea.
- March 21: Coalition Forces shot down 1 USV and 2 missiles fired by Houthis at the Red Sea.
- March 22: US Forces struck 4 Houthi UAVs in Yemen prepared to launch at the Red Sea. The Houthis fired 4 missiles into the Red Sea with no damages reported. In addition, US Forces struck 3 Houthi underground storage facilities in Yemen.
- March 23: Houthis fired 5 missiles into the Red Sea in the vicinity of a Chinese oil tanker, causing minimal damage. US Forces including the USS Carney engaged 6 Houthi UAVs over the Red Sea, downing five as one returned to Yemen.
- March 27: US Forces destroyed 4 Houthi UASs fired at a US warship in the Red Sea.
- March 28: US Forces destroyed 4 Houthi UASs fired at a coalition vessel and a US warship in the Red Sea.
- March 30: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi UASs over the Red Sea and on the ground prepared to launch.
- April 1: US Forces destroyed a USV fired by the Houthis at the Red Sea
- April 3: US Forces destroyed an anti-ship ballistic missile and 2 UAS launched by the Houthis towards the USS Gravely and attacked a mobile surface-to-air missile system in Houthi territory.
- April 4: **US Forces struck a Houthi anti-ship missile** in Yemen in self defense.
- April 6: US Forces destroyed one Houthi mobile surface-to-air missile system, one Houthi unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV), and one Houthi inbound anti-ship missile.



# **Phase 5: Humanitarian Efforts**

# Increasing Aid to Gaza



# Israel & World Increase Humanitarian Efforts Post-Cease Fire

- By the 175th day of the war, Israel inspected over 19,500 trucks of humanitarian aid for Gaza, carrying >350,000 tons of aid
- On December 15th, Israel re-opened the Kerem Shalom border between Israel and Gaza to allow humanitarian aid to enter Gaza after opening the crossing on Dec. 12 for aid inspection
- IDF continued to use tactical operational pauses to allow humanitarian aid to be transferred within Gaza
- **<u>3 more field hospitals</u> were operational**, alongside the field hospitals of the Kingdom of Jordan (41 beds) and UAE (200, pictured right) already operating inside Gaza. France and Italy have sent floating hospitals to Egypt to accept injured Gazans. The UAE operates a floating hospital in El-Arish Egypt for injured Gazans.
  - IDF evacuation notices to Gazans were more precise with neighborhood-specific maps (pictured below)



**Over 200** humanitarian aid trucks enter Gaza daily, including tankers with fuel and cooking gas

Bakeries in Gaza produced over 2.5 million pitas and breads per day and Israel is enabling the Palestinian private sector to import food, improving quality and quantity of food



- March 2: US Air Force (USAF) and the Royal Jordanian Air Force (RJAF) dropped over 38,000 meals into Gaza. In the last week, over 300 packages of humanitarian aid was airdropped over Gaza. (pictured to the right)
- On March 3, over 275 trucks of humanitarian aid entered Gaza, the most in one day since the start of the war.
- March 5: USAF and RJAF dropped over 36,000 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 7: USAF and RJAF dropped over 36,000 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 8: USAF and RJAF dropped over 11,500 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 8: US DOD announced it will <u>"undertake an emergency mission to establish a temporary pier on the coast of Gaza to deliver up to 2M humanitarian aid meals per day."</u> US Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff later <u>said on March 28</u> that Israel committed to help protect US troops traveling to build and operate a floating dock to transport aid into Gaza.
  - March 9: USAF dropped over 41,400 meals and 23,000 bottles of water into Northern Gaza.



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- March 10: USAF and RJAF dropped over 11,500 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 11: USAF and RJAF dropped over 27,600 meals and 25,900 bottles of water into Northern Gaza.
- March 12: USAF and RJAF dropped over 5,280 pounds of food (rice, flour, pasta and canned food) into Northern Gaza.
- March 13: World Central Kitchen <u>built a jetty in Northern Gaza</u> to receive shipments of aid from the sea. A ship <u>funded</u> by the UAE carried supplies for World Central Kitchen from Cyprus to the jetty carrying just under 500,000 meals.
- March 13: Israel facilitates humanitarian aid deliveries directly from Israel into Northern Gaza of World Food Program trucks. Israel also transferred <u>40 tons of aid from Morocco</u> to Kerem Shalom crossing.
- March 15: USAF dropped over 35,700 meals and 31,800 bottles of water, the 11th air drop of humanitarian assistance into Northern Gaza.
- March 16: IDF escorts <u>convoy of 12 aid trucks</u> to Northern Gaza
  - March 16: USAF and RJAF dropped sixteen 375-pound bundles of rice, flour, milk, pasta, and canned food into Northern Gaza.



- March 17: USAF dropped over 28,800 meals and 34,500 bottles of water into Northern Gaza.
- March 20: USAF and RJAF dropped 6,000 pounds of rice, flour, milk, pasta, and canned food into Northern Gaza.
- March 21: USAF dropped over 50,600 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 24: USAF and RJAF dropped 13,080 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 25: USAF dropped over 46,000 meals into Northern Gaza.
- March 29: The ship Jennifer prepared to depart Cyprus for Gaza, the second ship of aid delivered by the World Central Kitchen. It carried 400 tons of food (image top right).
- March 29: Second shipment of aid from the World Central Kitchen was ready to leave Cyprus for Gaza, including 400 tons of food including rice, pasta, flour, canned vegetables, and proteins - double the amount of the March 13 shipment.
  - March 29: USAF dropped over 46,000 meals into Northern Gaza (image bottom right)







- March 31: **USAF dropped over 50,000 meals** into Northern Gaza.
- April 1: USAF and RJAF dropped 25,344 meal equivalents including rice, flour, milk, pasta, and canned food into Northern Gaza.
- April 2: USAF dropped over 50,680 meals into Northern Gaza.
- April 3: USAF and RJAF dropped 38,000 meal equivalents into Northern Gaza.
- April 4: USAF dropped over 50,680 meals into Northern Gaza.
- April 7: USAF and RJAF dropped 38,000 meal equivalents into Northern Gaza.



### **Humanitarian Snapshot**

#### On April 10

- 298 trucks of aid inspected by IDF and transferred to Gaza
- Content of 600 aid trucks still waiting to be picked up by UN aid agencies on Gaza side of Kerem Shalom crossing
- **340** aid packages with hundreds of thousands of meals airdropped
- 4 tankers of cooking gas entered Gaza

#### Total as of April 1

- 6,100 humanitarian operations inside Gaza coordinated by the IDF
- IDF approved 84.8% of humanitarian coordination requests. 7.2% denied to prevent aid from reaching HAMAS and 8% denied for operational reasons
- April 5: Israel announces reopening of Erez Crossing

April 9: Marking the end of Ramadan, <u>largest aid drop over Gaza</u> of 10 tonnes of aid occurred with 14 aircraft from nine countries including US, UK, the Netherlands, Germany, Egypt, Indonesia, UAE, and France launched from an airbase in Jordan



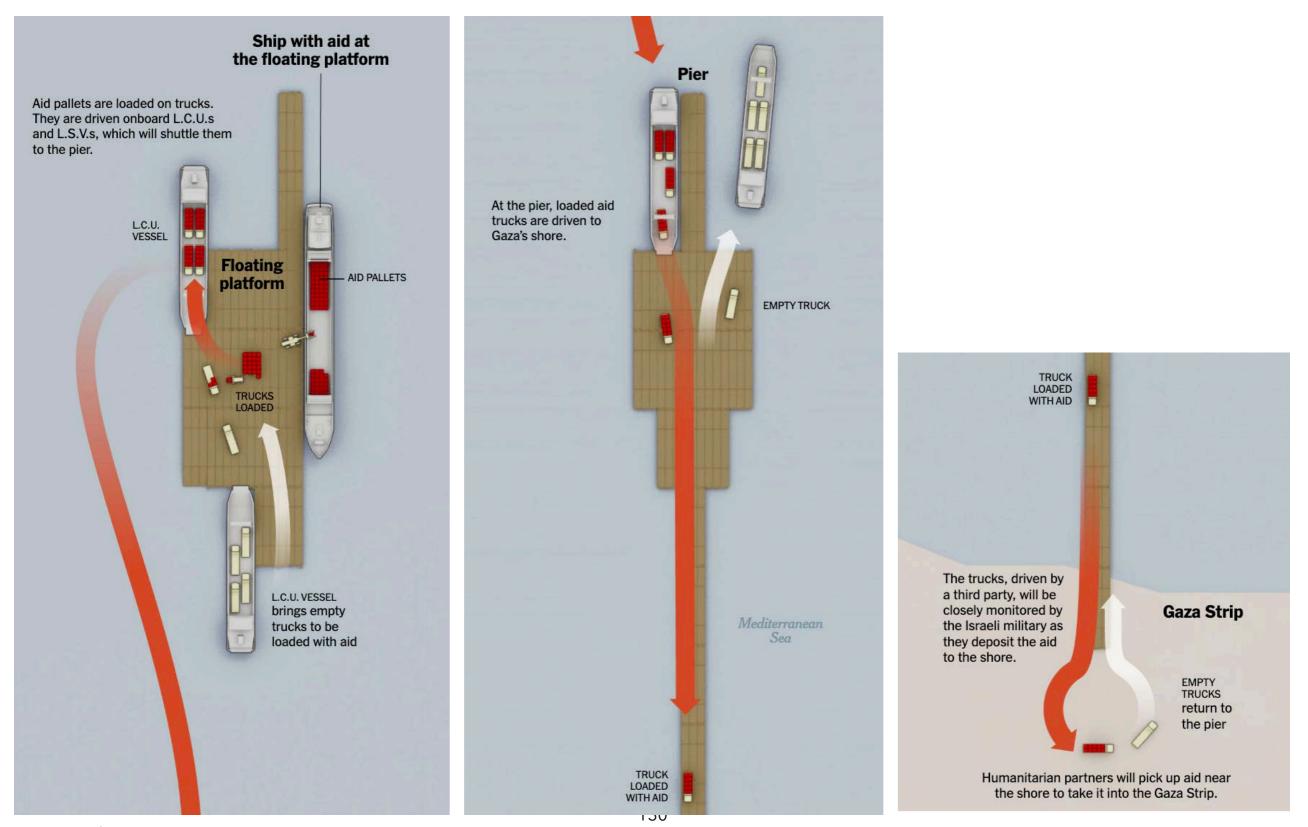
### **April 1: World Central Kitchen Strike**

- <u>3 car convoy</u> of the World Central Kitchen volunteer aid organization left a warehouse in central Gaza in the evening after unloading more than 100 tons of food brought by sea
- IDF accidentally targeted the three cars via missiles after believing the vehicles to be transporting terrorists
- IDF said a "number of armed gunmen" were in the vicinity of the convoy, but drone operators wrongly tracked cars carrying aid workers.
- 7 World Central Kitchen staff died
- IDF dismissed two senior officers over the incident and apologized to the organization and the families





### **US Pier Under Construction Off Gaza's Shore**



### **US Pier Under Construction Off Gaza's Shore**

- 1,000 US soldiers and 14 US ships are involved in building the pier
- Pier will allow for the transfer of up to 150 truckloads per day
- Aid will be inspected in Cyprus by Israel before traveling 250 miles to a floating platform
- Smaller vessels will transport the aid to a pier
- It will be anchored by the IDF to the shore in Northern Gaza so that no US personnel will step foot in Gaza



Image of US pier construction released by CENTCOM April 29 2024



Phase 6: Iran, Rafah & <u>Hezbollah</u> April 8 - August 31 Israel Responds to Iran, IDF enters Rafah, & Lebanon Looms



# **April 1: Israel Strikes IRGC Leaders in Damascus, Syria**

#### Israeli Attack

- Israel strikes an Iranian building in Damascus, Syria killing 7 Iranian officials
- 3 senior Iranian military leaders are amongst the 7 casualties
- Among the dead: Gen. Mohammad Reza Zahedi (the top IRGC commander in Syria and Lebanon), his deputy, and several staff members of the Iranian Revolutionary Guard force coordinating the actions of all Iranian allied and proxy Iranian forces operating against Israel. These were the highest-ranking Iranian officers to have been killed since the 2020 assassination by the US of Qassem Soleimani

#### Iran Plans a Response

- Iranian President Ebrahim Raisi said on April 3 that the attack <u>"will not remain without answer"</u>
- Iran had not retaliated after similar strikes in the past, but <u>by April 7</u>, Iran signaled quietly to neighbors that it would respond with a major strike on Israel - the first ever direct attack on Israeli soil. Many of these signals were relayed to Israel.



## **Israel & US Prepare for Iran's Response**

#### **Israel Prepares for Iranian Retaliation**

- IDF begins to plan a defensive and offensive response by coordinating with the US Central Command, as well as the <u>British, French and Jordanian militaries</u>
- IDF announced guidance beginning 11pm April 13 to cancel schools and all events with over 1,000 people for the next 24 hours, signaling precise intelligence
- Israel and Jordan close their airspace that night as well

#### **US Prepares for Iranian Retaliation**

- USS Carney, a destroyer heading back towards its home port in Florida, was sent back to the eastern Mediterranean - close enough to Israel so that it could intercept ballistic missiles with SM-3 interceptors
- Extra <u>F-15E fighter jets</u> were sent to the region to help shoot down drones
- **<u>F-16 fighter jets</u>** based in the region were prepared to join the operation
- <u>USS Eisenhower</u>, based off the coast of Yemen in the Red Sea, was moved closer to Israel so that it could launch fighter jets to intercept drones sent by the Houthis



### April 13 & 14: Iran's First Direct Attack Against Israel

Iran launched a first wave of an attack, reaching Israeli air space around 2am Sunday morning April 14 The attack involved <u>four waves of launches</u>: two of explosive drones, then the cruise missiles and then the ballistic missiles. The wave sequence was **intended to do 2 things** (<u>BESA Center</u>):



- **to deliver the different weapons so their arrival at their targets would be either simultaneous**. Each weapon flies at a different speed (drones are the slowest, ballistic missiles the fastest).
- **to inundate Israel's anti-rocket/missile defenses**; compel it to use up its stores of ready-to-launch interceptor missiles to combat the first, less powerful drones (40-50 kilograms of explosive each) just prior to the arrival of the heavier explosive-payload-carrying missiles (they range from a few hundred to 1,200 kilograms each); and deprive Israel of sufficient time to reload the interceptor batteries before the latter arrived.
- To reach Israel from Iran, the drones and missiles flew over Iraq, then proceeding through Syria or Jordan Iran launched over 100 ballistic missiles, 170 drones and some 30 cruise missiles, with <u>60 tons</u> of warheads and explosive materials, possibly the largest barrages of this kind in military history



## **6 Layers of Israeli Aerial Defense**

#### **Iron Dome**

- Mobile unit that intercepts low-flying rockets and drones and when mounted on a ship is referred to as Sea Dome
- <u>Thousands of successful intercepts since it became operational in 2011</u>
- Patriot: American-made system used to shoot down aircraft and drones

#### **David's Sling**

Intercepts medium-altitude rockets and short range ballistic missiles, operational since 2017

#### **Arrow-2 System**

- Intercepts high-altitude missiles and is the longest serving Israeli aerial defense system
- <u>Designed with the US</u>, it intercepts the kind of ballistic missiles Iran launched on April 13
- Arrow-3 System: Intercepts exo-atmospheric missiles
- Fighter aircraft and attack helicopters
  - Israel's Air Force is equipped with ~<u>450 aircraft</u>, most of which are the most advanced fighter jets made in the US, including the F-35 stealth aircraft, and F-15 and F-16 aircraft
  - Israeli fighter jets and attack helicopters have the ability to shoot down missiles and drones
  - <u>Israeli F-35I stealth fighter jets</u> have been known to shoot down drones and cruise missiles before





Arrow-3



# **The Coalition Behind Operation Iron Shield**

The March 23rd The Economist cover suggested Israel was isolated





# **The Coalition Behind Operation Iron Shield**

#### Preparing Operation Iron Shield

- April 9: IDF Chief of Staff Halevi called US CENTCOM Commander Gen. Kurilla and on April 11 Gen. Kurilla arrived for joint preparations
- Coalition built over years (but never battle tested) led by the US, with Great Britain, France, and quietly the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
- Iran gave 72 hours notice to neighbors and countries in the region and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and United Arab Emirates passed on intelligence about Iran's plans to attack Israel
- Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan agreed to let US, Israel and other countries' warplanes to use its airspace
- **Coalition Responds**
- <u>Jordan</u> had already deployed Patriot aerial defense systems from the US in late 2023
- Missiles were tracked by US radars in Qatar that sent information to Israel's missile defense units and to fighter jets from several countries over Jordan
- Drones were shot down by Israeli, US, Jordanian, British, and French warplanes
- Jordan's Air Force intercepted dozens of Iranian drones that violated its airspace and were heading to Israel
- US aircraft shot down <u>80 drones</u> while two guided-missile destroyers intercepted <u>six ballistic missiles</u>, and a US Patriot system near Erbil, Iraq, intercepted one ballistic missile



# <u>WSJ</u>: "No one had ever tried to intercept so many ballistic missiles at once before."



# **Results of the Iranian Attack**

#### **Result of the Attack**

- Sirens sounded in Southern Israel, West Bank, Jerusalem, and Northern Israel
- 99% of the aerial attack was intercepted even though at one point over 100 ballistic missiles were in the air
- Israel's Arrow system intercepted most of the ballistic missiles
- Five Iranian missiles did make it through the aerial defenses and caused minor damage at the Nevatim Israeli Air Force Base, including to a C-130 transport aircraft and empty storage facilities.
- <u>10 year old Muslim Israeli girl</u> was injured by falling shrapnel

#### **Cost of Defending Israel**

IDF Brig. Gen. (Res.) Reem Aminoach, former financial advisor to the IDF Chief of Staff, <u>estimated</u> that the cost of the aerial defense operation against the Iranian attack amounted to more than a billion dollars



Shrapnel from an Iranian missile found near the Dead Sea in Israel



Over \$30,000 per Iron Dome interception, \$3.5 million per Arrow interception, \$1 million per David's Sling interceptor, and costs for fighter jets added up to a magnitude of over one billion dollars

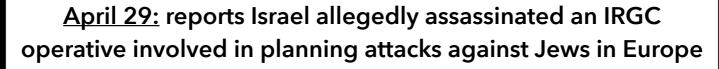
## **April 19: Israel Responds**

#### Israeli Attack

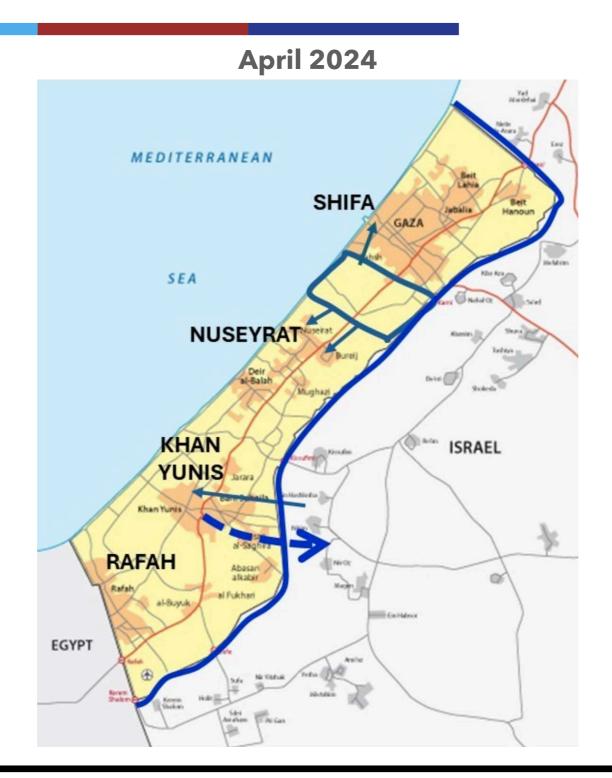
- Israel sent <u>small attack drones</u>, <u>known as quadcopters</u>, to confuse Iranian air defenses
- Instead of sending fighter jets into Iranian airspace, <u>Israel fired a small number of missiles from aircraft</u> positioned several hundred miles west of Iran on April 19 and the weapon <u>included technology that</u> <u>enabled it to evade Iran's radar defenses</u>
- One missile hit an antiaircraft battery in a strategically important part of central Iran, while another exploded in midair
- The Israeli Air Force intentionally destroyed the second missile once it became clear that the first had reached its target, to avoid causing too much damage
- The battery struck was a radar of an <u>S-300 antiaircraft system at the Iranian military's Eighth Shekari Air</u> <u>Base in Isfahan</u>

#### Meaning of the Attack

- Israel abandoned plans for a much more extensive counterstrike on Iran after concerted diplomatic pressure from the United States and other foreign allies
- The attack showed Iran the breadth and sophistication of Israel's military arsenal
- By attacking a part of central Iran that houses several major nuclear facilities, including an uranium enrichment site at Natanz, <u>Israel hinted that it could have also reached those facilities</u> if it had tried



# **IDF Removes Nearly All Soldiers from Gaza by mid-April**





By mid-April 2024, the IDF had only one brigade in Gaza (~4,000 troops)

### **Onwards Towards Rafah**

- April 24: IDF Chief of Staff Herzi Halevi and Israeli Shin Bet (Israel Security Agency) Director Ronen Bar visit Cairo to meet Egyptian intelligence chief Abbas Kamel and Egyptian Chief of Staff Osama Oskar to discuss a Rafah operation.
  - April 24: IDF announces it's preparing to deploy two reserve brigades to central Gaza, freeing up the brigade in central Gaza for a possible operation in Rafah. The two brigades were to deploy along the east-west humanitarian corridor dividing Gaza and to secure the pier being built by the US.
  - April 24: Israel confirms purchase of 40,000 large 12-person tents for Palestinians relocated from Rafah.

Before and after: images from IDF of expanded humanitarian zone in Gaza as of April 28 2024





## May 6: IDF Enters Rafah

- May 3: Wall Street Journal reported that: "Israel has given Hamas a week to agree to <u>a cease-fire deal</u> or it will go ahead with its military operation in Rafah, Egyptian officials briefed on the matter said Friday."
- May 6: After days of calls for civilians to evacuate certain areas, **IDF forces entered Gaza and began to move towards Eastern Rafah neighborhoods as well as the Rafah Crossing.** Immediately in the first hours of the operation, **IDF eliminated 20 HAMAS terrorists and located several terror tunnel shafts.**
- The IDF announced on May 17 and <u>May 18</u> that it had recovered the bodies of 4 hostages - Shani Louk, Amit Buskila, Yitzhak Gelernter, and Ron Benjamin - from inside Gaza and returned them to Israel for burial.
  - <u>May 18:</u> UN confirmed 800,000 Gazans have fled Rafah (later the <u>IDF said the number was 900,000).</u>



<u>May 10:</u> HAMAS fired 9 rockets from Rafah at the Israeli city of Beer Sheva, hitting a children's playground.



### **IDF Slowly Increases Operations in Gaza by mid-May**



<u>May 14:</u> HAMAS terrorists roaming and shooting at an UNRWA compound in Rafah accompanied by UN vehicles (see image)

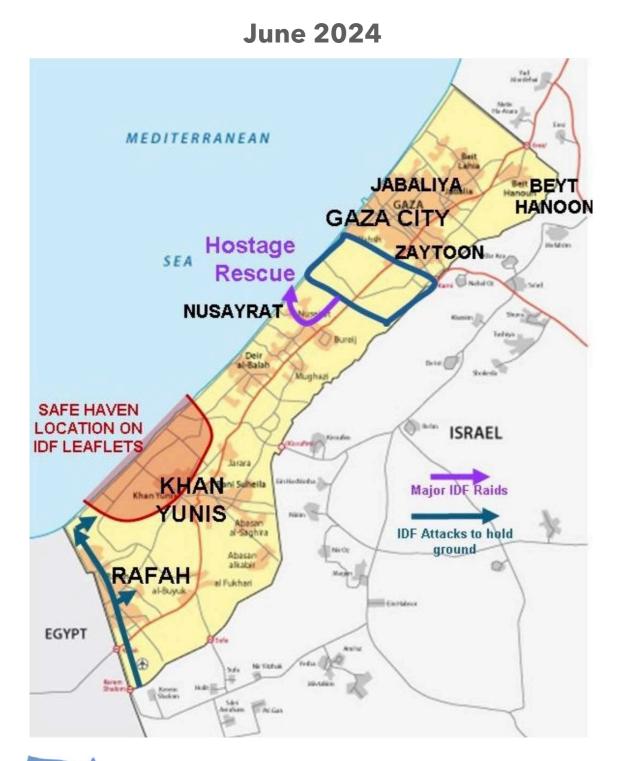
MEDITERRANEAN JABALIYA BEYT HANOUN GAZA CITY ZAYTOON SEA NUSAYRAT Deir Bala SAFE HAVEN LOCATION ON ISRAEL **IDF LEAFLETS** KHAN Major IDF Raids UNIS Printers **IDF** Attacks to hold ground RAFAH Abasan alikabin and the state EGYPT

May 2024

IDF launched large raids into areas previously vacated by them, including Beyt Hanoun, Jabaliya, and <u>Zaytoon</u>.



## **IDF Slowly Increases Operations in Gaza by mid-May**



- As IDF operations continued in Rafah, so too did IDF operations return in Northern Gaza. For example, Israeli forces returned to Jabaliya for a <u>3-week operation</u>, **killing 500 terrorists**, destroying over 6 miles of terror tunnels, eliminating rocket launchers and weapons depots, and recovering the bodies of 7 hostages.
- <u>May 17:</u> Israeli forces returned the bodies of 3 hostages from a tunnel inside <u>Rafah</u> in Southern Gaza
- May 24: In an operation in Jabaliya in Northern Gaza, Israeli forces returned the bodies of 3 hostages
- May 29: IDF takes full control over the
   Philadelphia Corridor dividing Gaza and Egypt

#### **IDF Enters Rafah**

- May 17: Israel, appearing at the International Court of Justice, <u>claimed</u> that nearly 700 tunnel shafts had already been identified in Rafah, from which approximately 50 tunnels cross into Egypt. Israel also said that 120 rockets had been fired from Rafah in the last two weeks.
  - Since the start of operations in Rafah on May 7, 2024, the IDF forces:
    - Achieved full operational control over the entire Philadelphia Axis on the border with Egypt, between the Kerem Shalom Crossing and the sea, and over several neighborhoods in Rafah

#### Killed more than 550 terrorists

- Located long-range rockets aimed at the center of Israel
- Located more than **200 tunnel shafts and 25 long tunnel routes** reaching the Egyptian border
- As IDF operations wind down in Rafah, <u>Israeli forces continue to operate or begin new operations in</u> <u>previously controlled areas of Gaza</u> such as Khan Younis, Gaza City, Jabaliya, Zaytoon, and Shejayia



#### 4 Israeli Hostages Rescued Alive After 245 Days in Captivity

4 Israeli hostages - Noa Argamani (26), Almog Meir Jan (22), Andrey Kozlov (27), and Shalom Ziv (41) - were held in <u>two low-rise apartment buildings</u> 600 feet apart in the Nuseirat neighborhood, full of Gazan civilians.

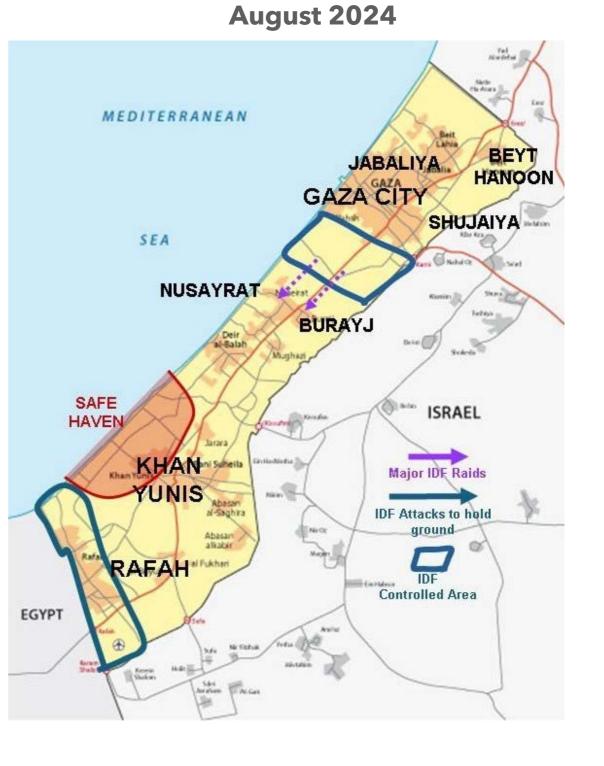
# The men were held in the home of <u>Abdallah Aljamal</u> who was a HAMAS employee and international journalist.

- On June 8, 2024, two teams of Israeli commandos arrived to the area in local trucks and (dressed as HAMAS soldiers and local civilians) simultaneously stormed the apartments, with <u>a firefight breaking out</u> in the apartment where the male hostages were imprisoned between HAMAS guards and the Israeli special forces.
- When a vehicle carrying the hostages <u>came under attack from terrorists and broke</u> <u>down</u>, the Israeli Air Force struck dozens of nearby targets to ensure their safety. Dozens of Gazan terrorists and civilians were killed or injured in the rescue mission.



#### IDF in Rafah, Targeted Raids in Northern Gaza





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#### **IDF Moves to Counter-Terror Operations in Gaza**

- As IDF operations slow down in Gaza, <u>Israeli forces continue to operate or begin new</u> <u>operations in previously controlled areas of Gaza</u> such as Khan Younis, Gaza City, Jabaliya, Zaytoon, and Shejayia.
- These <u>raids are aimed at concentrations of HAMAS and Palestinian Islamic Jihad terrorists</u> who attempt to return to exerting control over geographic areas.
- July 24: **IDF retrieved 5 bodies of Israeli hostages** from a tunnel in southern Gaza near a Khan Younis humanitarian area. <u>The tunnel shaft was nearly 220 yards long and more than 20</u> <u>yards underground</u>, including several rooms, and was located due to intelligence information from detained Palestinian terrorists.



Images of the deceased hostages recovered. From left: Ravid Katz, Kiril Brodski, Tomer Ahimas, Oren Goldin and Maya Goren in photos provided by the Hostages Families Forum.



#### **IDF Targets Muhammad Deif, HAMAS' Military Leader**

- On July 13, IDF conducted a major airstrike against Muhammad Deif, the military commander of HAMAS in Gaza and the architect of the Oct.7 massacre, among many attacks against Israel.
  - Deif commanded the Qassam Brigades, HAMAS' military wing and the second most senior HAMAS official in Gaza after Yahya Sinwar. <u>He grew HAMAS' military</u> <u>capabilities significantly</u> over many years, especially in the recruitment of personnel, the development of local weapons manufacturing, and the adoption of new technologies like reconnaissance drones.
  - In the strike, the IDF also killed Rafah Salameh, the HAMAS Battalion Commander of Khan Younis



Muhammad Deif



#### Death of Ismail Haniyeh, Likely by Israel

**Ismail Haniyeh was <u>a founding member of Hamas in</u> <u>1988</u> and later leader of HAMAS in Gaza. He served as the Prime Minister of a Palestinian unity government for several months and was officially named the political leader of Hamas in 2017.** 

An explosion occurred on July 31 <u>around 2a.m. inside an</u> <u>Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corp guesthouse</u> where Haniyeh was sleeping 10 hours after Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian was sworn into office and hours after a meeting between Iran's Supreme Leader Ayatollah Khamenei and Haniyeh.

It is believed that the explosion was caused by a device <u>smuggled into the Tehran guesthouse</u> prior to Haniyeh's arrival.



Ismail Haniyeh (left) pictured with Yahya Sinwar (right).



#### **HAMAS Military Leadership Killed by Israel**

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# **Elimination of Hamas' Military Wing Leadership**





#### **IDF Rescues Israeli Hostage Farhan al-Qadi Alive**

Farhan al-Qadi is a <u>52-year-old Muslim</u> Bedouin from Southern Israel. He was <u>kidnapped by HAMAS</u> on October 7 when he was working as a guard at a kibbutz.

Aug. 27: **IDF rescued Farhan al-Qadi alive** from a tunnel <u>25 yards</u> underground in Rafah. He was the 8th hostage rescued alive and the first to be rescued from an underground location. His captors had <u>abandoned</u> him but left him alive.



Farhan al-Qadi (above, in green) undergoes treatment in Souroka Medical Center in Israel after being rescued by the IDF from HAMAS captivity.



#### **6** Bodies of Israeli Hostages Executed By HAMAS Are Recovered

Aug. 29-30: HAMAS executed 6 Israeli hostages, including American citizen Hersh Goldberg-Polin by <u>shooting them each multiple times from close range</u>, <u>including in the head</u>.



Clockwise from top left: Carmel Gat, Eden Yerushalmi, Hersh Goldberg-Polin, Ori Danino, Almog Sarusi and Alexander Lobanov, in photos released by the Hostages and Missing Families Forum. The Hostages and Missing Families Forum, via Associated Press



#### 6 Bodies of Israeli Hostages Executed By HAMAS Are Recovered

- Aug. 31: **IDF retrieved the 6 bodies of the hostages** from a HAMAS tunnel in Rafah <u>20</u> <u>yards underground</u> and less than a mile from where hostage Farhan al-Qadi was found alive.
- Sept 2: IDF reveals it discovered a HAMAS
  tunnel in Gaza in 2023 that was 250 feet
  deep (about the height of a 25-story
  building) which took months to destroy.

The IDF released this image (right) of the HAMAS tunnel located under a child's bedroom in Southern Gaza that led to the location of the 6 Israeli hostages bodies.





## **Northern Border Heats Up Even Further**

- May 14: IDF drone strike killed Hussein Ibrahim Makki, the top intelligence officer for Hezbollah in Southern Lebanon.
- <u>May 15:</u> Hezbollah struck a sensitive IDF military facility in the Lower Galilee (21 miles from the border) with explosive drones, reaching deeper inside Israel than it had in year. <u>The IDF</u> <u>confirmed</u> that a base which operates the SkyDew missile-detecting blimp was hit. In response, <u>the IDF struck a Hezbollah weapons manufacturing plant</u> in Baalbek, the largest strike in that region to date.
- May 16: Hezbollah launched over 40 missiles, rockets, and UAVs into Israel as the <u>IDF launched over a dozen</u> <u>airstrikes on Hezbollah</u> positions around southern Lebanon.



Hezbollah claimed to have used an "attack drone carrying two S5 rockets" to attack and injure an IDF soldier, <u>marking the first time</u> Hezbollah had used a drone that launched missiles rather than explosives.

May 17: Hezbollah launched several attack drones from Lebanon into Israel and then over 75 missiles and rockets into Israel - one of the largest since October 7

#### **Northern Border Escalates Even Further**

- <u>June 11:</u> an IDF <u>fighter jet</u> struck and **killed <u>Senior Hezbollah commander Sami Taleb</u></u> <u>Abdullah</u>, an arch terrorist responsible for all Hezbollah forces in the central region of Southern Lebanon and who had led operations against Israel for decades. He was the commander of the <u>Nasser Unit</u> that led rocket launches into Northern Israel.**
- Sami Taleb Abdullah is the most senior Hezbollah member killed since October 7 2023.



Hezbollah Commander Sami Abdallah and late Iranian Quds Force chief Qasem Soleimani.



Image from Hezbollah commander Sami Abdallah's memorial ceremony



### **Northern Border Escalates Even Further**

According to Hezbollah, its response on June 12 was the most extensive attack it had carried out since 10/7/23, including the launch of 30 UAVs and 150 rockets at IDF bases in Northern Israel. Hezbollah coordinated simultaneous, concentrated barrages of various rockets and explosive UAVs to increase their chances on hitting targets. At the same time, Hezbollah was careful not to extend the range of its attack beyond 35-40 km (22-25 miles) from the border.

The IDF confirmed the firing of more than 200 rockets at Israel after Abdallah's killing, in addition to the launch of UAVs. Two IDF soldiers and two civilians were injured and widespread fires broke out in Northern Israel.

<u>June 18:</u> IDF confirms that **"operational plans for an offensive in Lebanon were approved and validated"** by the Head of the IDF Northern Command



Khalil Rizk, the chief of Hezbollah's

foreign relations department, said in a June 17, 2024 show on Al-Manar TV: "Is this war now with Israel? My answer is that this is not a war with Israel. Israel is merely a tool. The main war, the real war, is with America."

#### **Northern Border Escalates Even Further**

- July 3: IDF <u>drone</u> strike killed Senior Hezbollah Commander Muhammad Niamh Nasser who led the Aziz unit (one of three regional units in Southern Lebanon, mostly in the <u>Southwest</u>). Nasser <u>commanded rocket and anti-tank missiles</u> used to fire on Israeli civilians and communities from Lebanon. He also previously led special operations including the kidnapping of Israeli soldiers in 2006.
- In response, <u>Hezbollah launched over 200 rockets and</u> <u>mortars</u>, including <u>Falaq rockets and dozens of Katyusha</u> <u>rockets</u> and launched, for the first time, <u>a swarm drone</u> <u>attack with 20 armed drones</u> towards Northern Israel.
  - Israeli Defense Minister Yoav Gallant said on July 7 that <u>the IDF</u> <u>had killed 450 terrorists in Lebanon, including 15 brigade-level</u> <u>commanders and 3 division-level commanders</u>.



Hezbollah Commander Muhammed Niamh Nasser

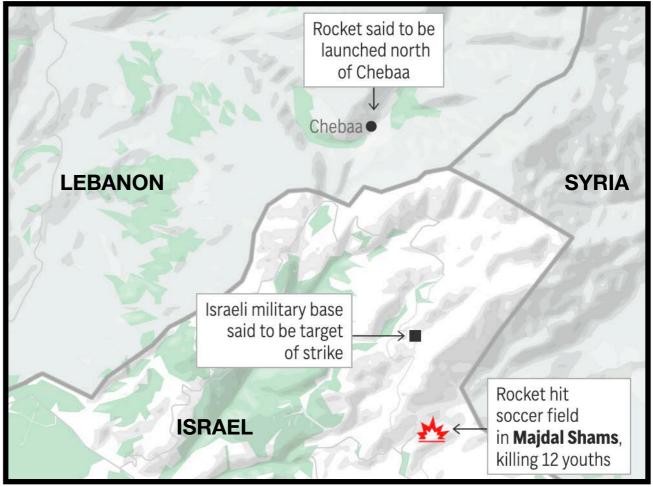


## Hezbollah Kills 12 Children in Israel

- On July 27, **Hezbollah** <u>struck a soccer field in Majdal</u> <u>Shams</u> in Northern Israel with an Iranian-made Falaq rocket with a 117-pound warhead. 12 children and youth, all Druze residents of Israel, were killed.
- Druze are an ethnoreligious minority that identify as Arab and are Arabic-speaking. Only <u>20% of residents of</u> <u>Majdal Shams are Israeli</u> citizens, as many consider themselves Syrians.



#### <u>Map</u> of the northern part of the Golan Heights



Images of the deceased: (Top row, L-R) Ameer Rabeea Abu Saleh, 16, Iseel Nasha'at Ayoub, 12, Hazem Akram Abu Saleh, 15, Milad Muadad Alsha'ar, 10 (Middle row, L-R) Alma Ayman Fakher Eldin, 11, Naji Taher Alhalabi, 11, Johnny Wadeea Ibrahim, 13, Yazan Nayeif Abu Saleh, 12 (Bottom row, L-R) Fajer Laith Abu Saleh, 16, Vinees Adham Alsafadi, 11 Nathem Fakher Saeb, 16, and Gevara Ebraheem, 11, who were killed in a Hezbollah rocket attack on Majdal Shams on July 27, 2024.



#### **IDF Assassinates Fuad Shukr, Hezbollah Military Commander**

- July 30: IDF strike killed Hezbollah's most senior military commander Fuad Shukr, who was responsible for the attack on the 12 children and teenagers.
- He was a close advisor to Hezbollah leader Hassan Nasrallah, the former military leader of Hezbollah in Syria and southern Lebanon, and was wanted by the US for his role in the 1983 bombing that killed hundreds of American soldiers in Beirut. He was also formerly the commander of Hezbollah's precision missile project.
  - The last time Israel struck Beirut since October 7 was in January when it assassinated HAMAS leader Saleh al-Arouri.







# **IDF's Preemptive Strike Against Hezbollah**

- Aug. 1: Hezbollah leader Hasan Nasrallah pledged to respond to Fuad Shukr's assassination.
- By late August, the <u>US military had increased its force posture in the region</u> to include 2 aircraft carriers (the Theodore Roosevelt and the Abraham Lincoln) as well as their accompanying warships and attack planes, in addition to the guided-missile submarine Georgia.
- As the IDF increased operations deep inside Lebanon to kill more commanders and destroy weapons warehouses while conducting nearly nonstop drone and jet flights across the border.
- Aug. 25: Nearly a month after the assassination of Fuad Shukr and Hezbollah's threat of a response, the **IDF identified Hezbollah's preparations for an imminent retaliatory attack** and acted to preempt it by deploying around 100 aircraft over Lebanon. The IDF carried out <u>dozens of strikes</u> against <u>over 40 Hezbollah targets</u> within 30 miles of the border, destroying thousands of rocket and missile launchers (<u>90% of them short-range systems</u> <u>aimed at Northern Israel</u>) and preventing the launch of "precision missiles."

<u>American drones and aircraft provided surveillance imagery</u> used by the IDF to target Hezbollah launchers.



# Hezbollah Strikes on August 25, 2024

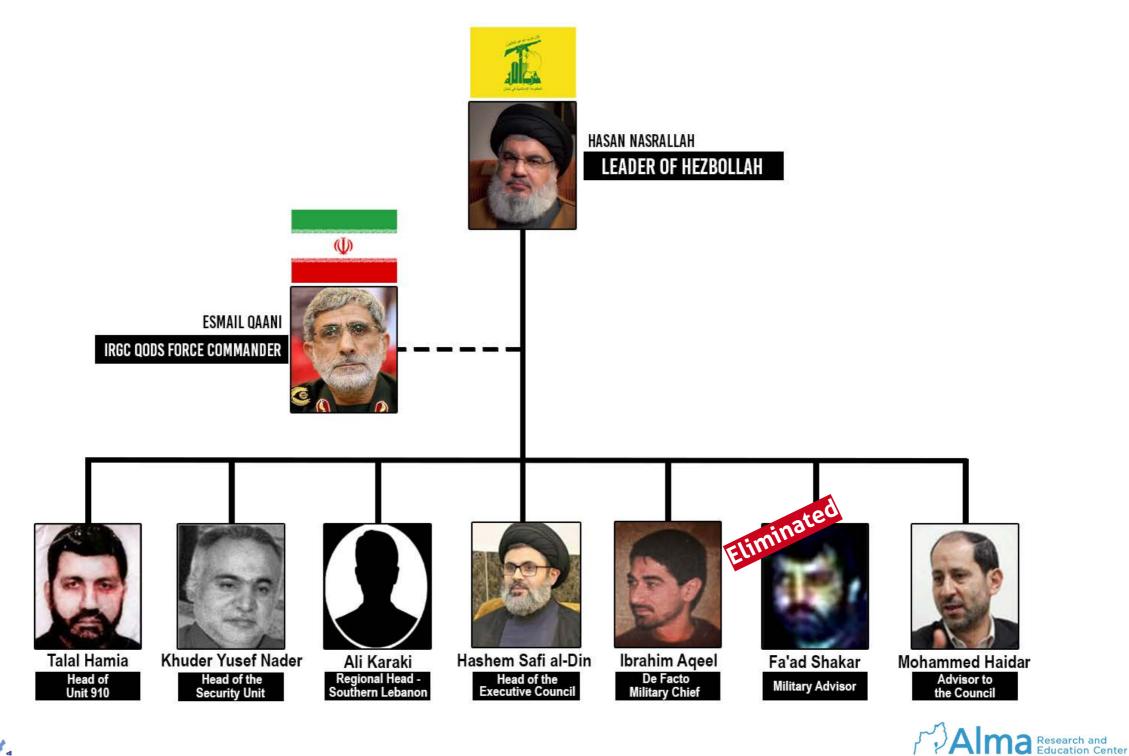
- A <u>half hour after the Israeli strike</u> on the morning of August 25, 2024, <u>Hezbollah fired hundreds of</u> <u>rockets and drones</u> at Israel, aiming mainly at military targets and causing little damage.
  - According to Hezbollah, their operation involved launching 340 rockets (the IDF claimed it was 230 rockets and 20 drones) at military sites in Northern Israel and using drones to target two IDF facilities deeper inside Israel: the headquarters of Unit 8200 and an Israeli Air Force base which operates Israel's missile defense systems. Hezbollah drones and most rockets were intercepted by the IDF.
- After the exchange of fire, <u>Nasrallah confirmed that</u> <u>the attacks of August 25 were its retaliation</u> for the assassination of Shukr and that it was done with its retaliation.



A Hezbollah UAV is intercepted by the IDF over Northern Israel on August 25, 2024.

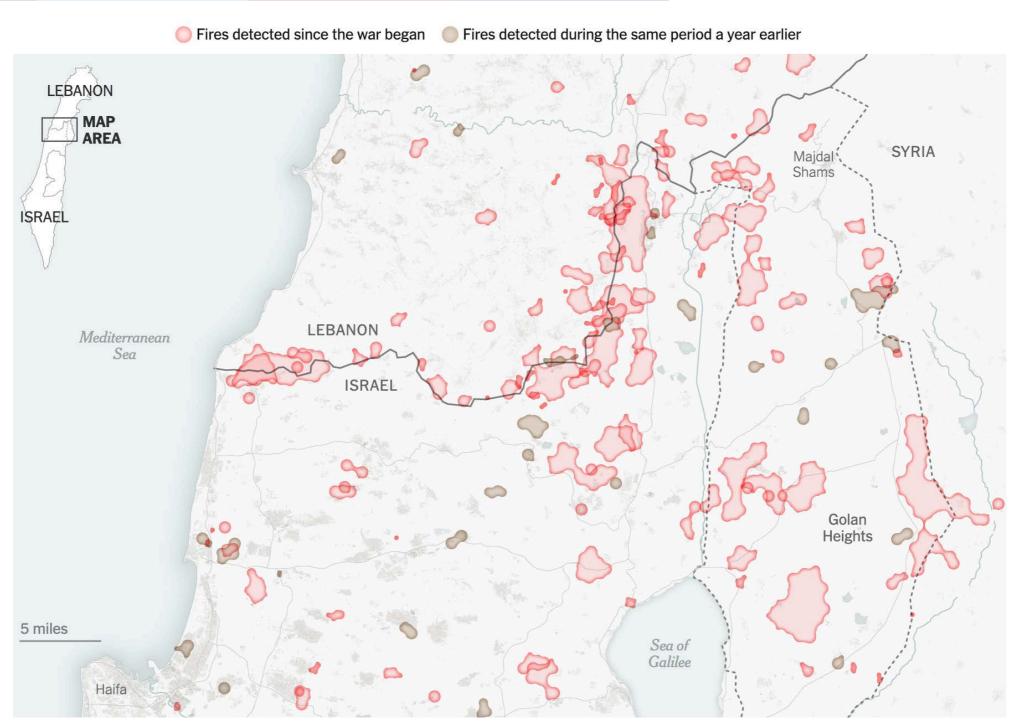


## Hezbollah's Jihad Council - Military High Command





# Where Fires Have Broken Out in Southern Lebanon and Northern Israel



Fires are the result of aerial attacks between Hezbollah and the IDF.



#### **Does Hezbollah Want an All-Out War?**



Hezbollah Deputy Secretary-General Sheikh Naim Qassem said in a June 7, 2024 interview with Al-Rabiaa TV (Iraq) that Hezballah does not seek an all-out war at this time.

"When Nasrallah said that this is a complete war, he was right because what is happening on the battlefront has all the elements of war, but it is not an all-out war. It is a complete war in the area where it is taking place but it is not an all-out war with regard to Lebanon in its entirety, because we do not think that turning this into an all-out war would serve Gaza or Lebanon. It will **not.** We already did [the things] that could serve them. If there is something else we can do to serve Gaza we will do it, but not an all out war, because this is not the right time."



# **More American Support Arrives to the Region**

#### **<u>US Visits to Region</u>**



April 11:	General Kurilla
<u>May 1:</u>	Secretary Blinken
May 10-12:	General Kurilla
May 19:	NSA Sullivan
June 10:	Secretary Blinken
Aug 5:	General Kurilla
Aug 9:	General Kurilla
Aug. 19:	Secretary Blinken
<u>Aug. 26:</u>	Chairman of the Joint
Chiefs of Staff Gen. CQ Brown, Jr.	

May 1, Secretary Blinken: "We are determined to get a ceasefire that brings the hostages home and to get it now, and the only reason that that wouldn't be achieved is because of Hamas. There is a proposal on the table, and as we've said, no delays, no excuses.

#### **US Announcements**

April 12: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned HAMAS Spokesperson Abu Ubaida as well as members of HAMAS' UAV unit.



# **More American Sanctions**

#### **US Announcements**

- May 2: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned 5 persons and 2 entities in Lebanon and the UAE for their involvement in financing Hezbollah and sanctions evasions by <u>Hezbollah financial</u> <u>advisor Hassan Moukalled</u>.
- June 25: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned nearly 50 entities and people that operated a shadow banking network to finance the Iranian Ministry of Defense and Armed Forces Logistics (MODAFL) and Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), processing billions of dollars since 2020.
- July 18: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned a dozen people and vessels that helped finance the Houthis, a network that provided tens of millions of dollars in revenue to the Houthis through the shipment of Iranian commodities.
- July 30: US Dept. of Treasury sanctioned 5 individuals and 7 entities based in Iran, China, and Hong Kong that facilitated Iran's procurement of parts for ballistic missiles and UAVs.
  - July 31: US Department of Treasury sanctioned 2 individuals and 4 companies in China, Hong Kong, and Yemen that facilitated weapons procurement for the Houthis.



- April 8: US Forces struck a Houthi air defense system with 2 missiles ready to launch, a Houthi ground control station, and 1 UAS launched by the Houthis over the Red Sea. Houthis fired an anti-ship ballistic missile (ASBM) against a cargo ship in the Gulf of Aden without injuries or damage.
- April 9: US Forces destroyed an incoming ASBM launched by Houthis at a US merchant vessel escorted by YS warships.
- April 10: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi UAVs launched over the Gulf of Aden and one UAV launched over the Red Sea without injury or damage. In addition, US Forces destroyed 8 UAVs in Houthi controlled areas in Yemen in self defense.
- April 11: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi ASBM** launched by Houthis over the Red Sea.
- April 14: Houthis launched 1 ASBM toward the Gulf of Aden with no injury or damage. US Forces destroyed 4 Houthi UAVs launched from Yemen.
- April 16: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi UAVs
- April 24: US Forces destroyed one Houthi ASBM launched from Yemen toward the Gulf of Aden targeting a US vessel. US Forces also destroyed 4 airborne Houthi UAVs over Yemen.
- April 25: Houthis launched one anti-ship ballistic missile (ASBM) into the Gulf of Aden with no injury or damage.
  US Forces destroyed one Houthi USV and one Houthi UAV in Yemen.



- April 26: Houthis launched 3 ASBM into the Red Sea with minor damage of a UK vessel.
- April 28: US Forces destroyed **5 Houthi UAVs** over the Red Sea.
- April 29: Houthis launched 3 ASBM and 3 UAVs into the Red Sea towards a civilian vessel with no injuries. US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi UAV launched towards US vessels in the Red Sea.
- April 30: US Forces **destroyed a Houthi USV i**n Yemen in self defense.
- May 2: US Forces **destroyed 3 Houthi UAS** in Yemen in self defense.
- May 6: US Forces **destroyed 1 Houthi UAS** launched over the Red Sea.
- May 7: Houthis launched 3 UAS over the Gulf of Aden from Houthi controlled areas in Yemen. One crashed, one was engaged by a coalition ship, and the third was destroyed by US Forces. Later, Houthis launched an anti-ship ballistic missile (ASBM) over the Gulf of Aden with no injuries or damage reported.
- May 11: Coalition forces destroyed a UAS launched by the Houthis over the Gulf of Aden and US Forces destroyed 3
   UAS launched by the Houthis over the Red Sea.
- May 12: **US Forces destroyed 1 UAS launched by Houthis** over the Gulf of Aden.
- May 13: US Forces destroyed 1 UAS in a Houthi controlled area in Yemen. Later, the **US Forces destroyed one anti**ship ballistic missile and one UAS - both launched by the Houthis over the Red Sea.



- May 15: US Forces destroyed **4 Houthi UASs** in a Houthi controlled area of Yemen.
- May 18: Houthis launched 1 anti-ship ballistic missile and struck the M/T Wind oil tanker. The tanker restored its steering and propulsion, and resumed its course from Russia to China.
- May 19: Houthis launched 1 anti-ship ballistic missile (ASBM) over the Gulf of Aden with no injuries or damage reported
- May 22: US Forces destroyed **4 Houthi UASs** in a Houthi controlled area of Yemen.
- May 23: Houthis launched 2 ASBM into the Red Sea with no injuries or damage reported.
- May 24: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi Land Attack Cruise Missile (LACM)** in a Houthi controlled area of Yemen.
- May 25: Houthis launched 2 ASBM toward the Red Sea with no injuries or damage reported.
- May 26: US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi UAS over the Red Sea that presented an imminent threat to merchant vessels in the region.
- May 27: US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi UAS over the Red Sea that presented an imminent threat to merchant vessels in the region.
- May 28: Houthis launched 5 anti-ship ballistic missiles (ASBM) into the Red Sea, striking the M/V Laax bulk carrier with 3 missiles. In addition, US Forces destroyed 5 UAS launched from Yemen over the Red Sea.



- May 29: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi missile launchers in Yemen and the Houthis launched 2 ASBM into the Red Sea with no injuries or damage. US Forces also destroyed UAS over the Red Sea launched by Houthis in Yemen..
- May 30: US Forces destroyed 8 Houthi UAVs in Houthi controlled areas of Yemen and, alongside UK Armed Forces, struck 13 Houthi targets in Yemen.
- May 31: US Forces destroyed one Houthi UAS over the Gulf of Aden and 3 Houthi UAS over the Red Sea. Houthis launched 2 ASBMs into the Gulf of Aden and 1 UAS into the Red Sea, which crashed with no injuries or damage.
- June 1: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi ASBM fired at the USS Gravely and 1 Houthi UAS in the Red Sea, as 2 other UAS crashed into the Red Sea.
- <u>June 2:</u> US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi UAS** in the Red Sea.
- June 4: Houthis launched 2 anti-ship ballistic missiles (ASBM) into the Red Sea with no injuries or damage.
- June 6: US Forces destroyed **8 Houthi UAS launched over the Red Sea and 2 USV in the Red Sea.** A coalition force also struck down 1 Houthi UAS over the Red Sea and Houthis launched 1 ASBM with no injuries or damage.

<u>NBC:</u> US Navy faces the "**most-intense maritime fighting since World War II** with near-daily attacks targeting commercial vessels and warship."



- June 7: Houthis launched 4 ASBM over the Red Sea with no injuries or damage. US Forces destroyed 4 UASs and 2 ASBMs in Houthi areas of Yemen. US Forces destroyed one UAS launched into Bab al-Mandab Strait and destroyed one Houthi patrol boat in the Red Sea.
- <u>June 9:</u> Houthis launched 2 ASBM into the Gulf of Aden damaging the M/V Tavvishi container ship as well as 1 ASBM and 1 anti-ship cruise missile into the Gulf of Aden damaging the M/VNorderney ship. US Forces also destroyed 1 UAS over the Gulf of Aden, and 2 Houthi LACM and 1 missile launcher in self defense in Yemen.
- June 10: Partner Forces destroyed **1 Houthi UAS** launched into the Gulf of Aden.
- June 11: US Forces destroyed **2 anti-ship cruise missile launchers in a Houthi area of Yemen** in self defense.
- June 12: US Forces destroyed 3 anti-ship cruise missile launchers in a Houthi area of Yemen and 1 Houthi UAS launched from Yemen over the Red Sea. Houthis also launched 2 ASBM over the Red Sea with no injuries or damages. One Houthi USV struck M/V Tutor vessel in the Red Sea.
- June 13: US Forces acted in self defense to destroy a Houthi air defense sensor, 1 Houthi USV in the Red Sea, and
   2 Houthi patrol boats in the Red Sea. US Forces also destroyed one Houthi UAS launched over the Red Sea.
  - Houthis launched 2 anti-ship cruise missiles into the Gulf of Aden striking and damaging the M/V Verbana bulk cargo carrier ship which was en route to Italy carrying wood construction material.
  - Houthis launched 2 ASBM into the Red Sea with no injuries or damage. Houthis struck the M/V Verbana again with a ASBM.



- <u>June 14:</u> the **M/V Tutor (attacked June 12) was sinking and the crew abandoned ship.** <u>In addition</u>, US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi USVs and 1 Houthi UAS in the Red Sea**. Separately, US Forces destroyed 7 Houthi radars in Yemen that allowed the Houthis to target maritime vessels.
- June 15: the M/V Verbana (attacked June 13) had uncontrollable fires and the crew abandoned ship.
- June 17: US Forces conducted a defensive strike at Houthi controlled areas in Yemen destroying 4 Houthi radars and
   1 USV. In addition, they destroyed 1 Houthi UAV over the Red Sea.
- June 18: US Forces conducted a defensive strike at Houthi controlled areas in Yemen destroying 8 Houthi UAS. In addition, partner forces destroyed one Houthi UAV over the Gulf of Aden.
- June 19: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi USV in the Red Sea and conducted a defensive strike at Houthi controlled areas in Yemen destroying 1 Houthi ground control station and 1 command and control node. The M/V Tutor is confirmed to be the second ship sunk by the Houthis.
  - June 20: US Forces destroyed **4 Houthi unscrewed surface vessels (USV) in the Red Sea and 2 UAS over the Red** Sea.
- June 22: US Forces destroyed 3 Houthi USV in the Red Sea. Houthis also launched 3 ASBM into the Gulf of Aden with no injuries or damage.



- June 23: The Houthis struck the M/V Trans World Navigator bulk cargo ship with a UAS causing injuries and damage. This is the 4th attack by the Houthis on the ship.
- June 23: Vice Admiral Brad Cooper, U.S. military deputy commander in the Middle East gives an interview to CBS:
  - U.S. has "about 7,000" sailors in the Red Sea and traffic through the Red Sea has been reduced by "40%"
  - "15% of global trade flows exactly through the Red Sea. And so, keeping these vital waterways open is critical. It's a core commitment the United States has from a strategic perspective, maintaining the free flow of commerce."
  - CBS reported that: "Tesla and Volvo were both forced to suspend some European production in January due to supply chain disruptions."
- June 26: US Forces **destroyed 1 Houthi radar site** in Yemen.
  - June 27: US Forces destroyed 1 UAS launched by the Houthis into the Red Sea.
- June 28: US Forces **destroyed 7 Houthi UAVs and one ground control station** in Yemen.
  - June 30: US Forces destroyed 3 Houthi USVs in the Red Sea.



- **July 1:** US Forces **destroyed 1 Houthi radar site** in Yemen.
- <u>July 3:</u> US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi USVs in the Red Sea and 2 Houthi radar sites in Yemen.
- <u>July 4:</u> US Forces **destroyed 2 Houthi USVs in the Red Sea and one Houthi radar** site in Yemen.
- July 7: EU naval forces destroyed two unmanned aerial vehicles in the Gulf of Aden and <u>US Forces destroyed 2</u> <u>Houthi UAVs</u> in Houthi-controlled areas of Yemen.
- <u>July 9:</u> US Forces destroyed **one Houthi UAV** in Yemen
- <u>July 10:</u> US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi UAVs over and 1 USV in the Red Sea.**
- July 11: US Forces destroyed **5 Houthi USV and 2 UAS in the Red Sea**, as well as 1 Houthi UAS in Yemen.
- July 12: US Forces destroyed **3 UAVs in Yemen.**
- July 14: US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi UAVs and 1 USV in the Red Sea,** as well as 1 Houthi UAV in Yemen..
- July 15: US Forces destroyed 5 Houthi UAVs (3 over the Red Sea and 2 in Yemen). The Houthis launched multiple attacks against the MT Bentley 1 tanker using 3 surface vessels (1 USV and 2 small boats) with no damages. The Houthis also launched an ASBM from Yemen over the Red Sea at the tanker with no injuries or damage reported. They also attacked the MT Chios Lion crude oil tanker with a USV in the Red Sea, causing damage.



- **July 18:** US Forces destroyed **2 surface-to-air missiles and 4 UAVs in Houthi-controlled areas of Yemen.**
- **July 20:** US Forces **destroyed 1 Houthi UAV over the Red Sea**.
- July 21: US Forces **destroyed 4 Houthi USVs in the Red Sea**.
- **July 23:** US Forces **destroyed 3 Houthi missile launchers in Yemen.**
- July 24: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi missiles on launchers in Yemen.
- July 25: US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi UAV launcher in Yemen.
  - July 26: US Forces destroyed 6 Houthi UAVs in Yemen and 3 Houthi USVs off the coast of Yemen.

On July 19, a Houthi drone struck an apartment building in Tel Aviv near the US Embassy branch office killing one civilian. The IDF claimed a human error in its aerial defense systems had allowed the drone to enter Israeli airspace. This marked the Houthi's first successful attack inside Israel. The drone used was a Samad-3 Iranian model that was adapted for long-distance flight with a larger fuel tank and engine, as well as a <u>darker exterior paint color to evade Israeli air defenses</u>. Israel's response (next slide) was to be the first acknowledged Israeli counterstrike in Yemen despite over 220 Houthi attacks on Israel since October 7 2023.



- In response to the drone attack on Tel Aviv on July 19, <u>Israeli fighter jets</u> struck the Yemeni port of Hodeida's <u>oil storage tanks</u> on July 20 over 1,000 miles away, destroying approximately 18 of 28 oil tanks. The port was also <u>used by Iran to supply weapons to the Houthis</u>.
- Based on imagery from Israel's attack, one can conclude that only eight of the Hodeida oil tanks were full at the time (eight were shown burning; although more exploded, they may have been full of combustible vapor rather than oil products). If so, the **Houthis might have lost as much as \$60 million worth of products.** The Houthis claimed <u>80 people were wounded in the attack, with no deaths</u>.
  - Israel likely chose these targets because <u>imported hydrocarbon products</u> <u>have become Iran's primary means of financing the Houthis</u>. Tehran's hand is visible in the movements and ownership of many of the tankers that bring such products to the Houthi-held ports of Hodeida, al-Salif, and Ras Issa. The UN Panel of Experts on Yemen has been highlighting this problem since 2019, when it estimated that **Iran was providing \$30 million per month to sustain the Houthi war effort.**



The fire at the port of Hodeida after the Israeli strike on July 20.



- July 29: US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi UAV in Yemen.
- **July 30:** US Forces **destroyed 3 Houthi USV in the Red Sea.**
- <u>Aug. 3:</u> US Forces destroyed **one Houthi cruise missile** in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.
- Aug. 5: US Forces destroyed destroyed 1 Houthi USV, 1 Houthi UAV and 1 ASBM in the Red Sea as well as 3 Houthi UASs over the Gulf of Aden. US Forces also destroyed one Houthi UAS in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.
- Aug. 6: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi UAV and 2 ASBMs launched over the Red Sea.**
- Aug. 7: US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi UAVs, 1 Houthi ground control station and 3 ASBMs in Houthi-controlled areas of Yemen.
- Aug. 8: US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi anti-ship cruise missiles and 1 Houthi ground control station** in Houthicontrolled areas of Yemen, as well as **one Houthi USV in the Red Sea.**
- Aug. 9: US Forces destroyed 1 Houthi missile launcher and 1 USV in Houthi-controlled areas of Yemen. In addition, US Forces destroyed 2 Houthi UAVs over the Red Sea.
- Aug. 13: US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi vessels in the Red Sea.** 
  - Aug. 15: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi ground control station** in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.



- Aug. 16: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi USD in the Red Sea.**
- <u>Aug. 18:</u> US Forces destroyed **1 UAV in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.**
- Aug. 21: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi surface-to-air missile and radar system** in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.

On August 21, the Houthis attacked the <u>MV</u> Delta Sounion which was carrying <u>1 million</u> barrels of crude oil in the Red Sea with gunfire and unidentified projectiles that sparked a fire and left it without engine power. Later, the Houthis planted explosives onto the ship. If a spill occurs, it would be among the largest from a ship in recorded history, four times the size of the <u>1989 Exxon</u> Valdez disaster.



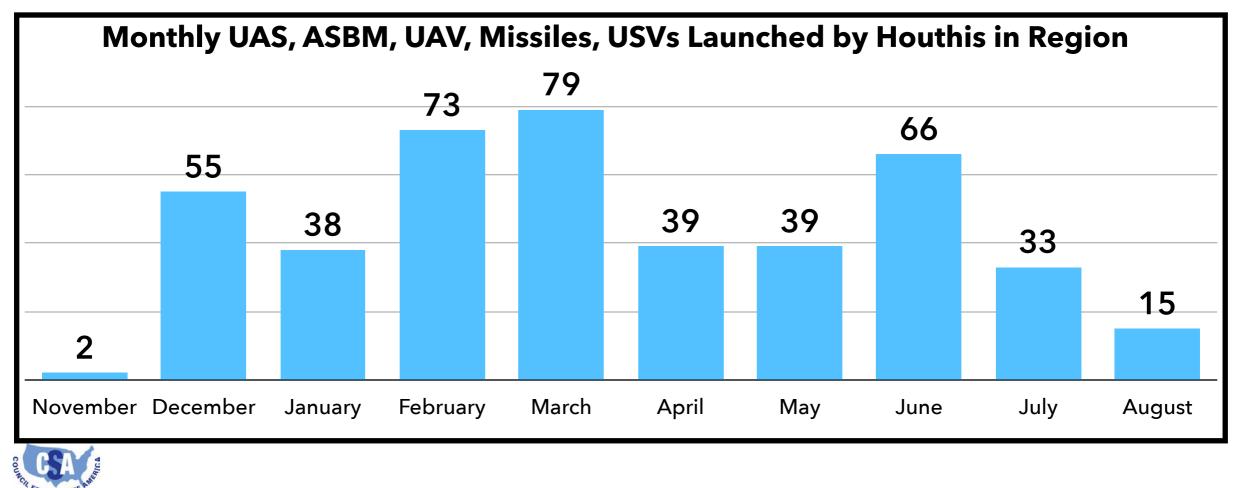


The <u>25 crew members of the MV Sounion</u> (pictured above) were rescued in an operation that required a EU warship to <u>destroy a</u> <u>Houthi USV</u> (pictured below).



## Houthi Offenses and Counter Attacks in Red Sea Region

- Aug. 22: US Forces destroyed **2 Houthi UAVs over the Red Sea and 1 UAV in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.**
- Aug. 23: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi missile system in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.**
- Aug. 29: US Forces destroyed **1 Houthi missile system and 1 UAV in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.**
- Aug. 30: US Forces destroyed **2 UAVs in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.** 
  - Aug. 31: US Forces destroyed 1 UAV and 1 USV in a Houthi-controlled area of Yemen.



## **US Military Leads Airdrops Over North Gaza**

- April 9: **USAF dropped 50,600 meal equivalents** into Northern Gaza.
- April 10: **USAF dropped 50,680 meal equivalents** into Northern Gaza.
- April 10: **USAF dropped 6,000 pounds of food** into Northern Gaza.
- April 16: **USAF dropped 25,300 meal equivalents** into Northern Gaza.
- April 18: USAF dropped 50,600 meal equivalents into Northern Gaza.
- April 21: **USAF dropped 50,688 meal equivalents** into Northern Gaza.
- April 23: USAF and RJAF dropped 30,016 Meals Ready to Eat and 6,000 pounds of Jordanian food supplies into Northern Gaza.
- April 25: USAF dropped over 25,000 Meals Ready to Eat into Northern Gaza.
- April 28: USAF and RJAF dropped 25,000 Meals Ready to Eat and 13,080 meal equivalents of Jordanian food supplies into Northern Gaza.
- April 30: USAF and RJAF dropped 25,000 Meals Ready to Eat and 13,000 meal equivalents of Jordanian food supplies into Northern Gaza.



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<u>US State Dept. on May 3:</u> "**HAMAS** managed to seize a major shipment of humanitarian aid that was delivered to Gaza."

## **US Military Leads Airdrops Over North Gaza**

- May 5: USAF dropped over 25,000 Meals Ready to Eat into Northern Gaza.
- May 7: USAF and RJAF dropped 25,000 Meals Ready to Eat and 13,000 meal equivalents of Jordanian food supplies into Northern Gaza.
- May 9: USAF and RJAF dropped 25,300 Meals Ready to Eat and 6,000 pounds of Jordanian food supplies into Northern Gaza.
- June 9: USAF dropped over 10 metric tons of Meals Ready to Eat into Northern Gaza. To date the US has airdropped over 1,050 metric tons of humanitarian assistance in addition to assistance delivered via the JLOTS.





US Air Force preparing to drop Meals Ready to Eat on May 9 2024

## **<u>\$230M</u>** JLOTS Connected and Reconnected to Gaza Shore

- May 16: the JLOTS was anchored to the beach in Gaza and on May 17 trucks began to deliver humanitarian aid from the pier into Gaza.
- May 25: four US vessels broke free from the pier.
- June 8: ~1.1 million pounds of humanitarian assistance delivered by US Forces onshore. To date, US CENTCOM assisted in the delivery of more than 3.5 million pounds of humanitarian aid.
- June 14: JLOTS pier relocated from Gaza to Ashdod due to high seas. Since May 17, over 3,500 metric tons (7.7 million pounds) of humanitarian aid has been delivered through the maritime corridor.
- <u>June 20:</u> JLOTS pier re-anchored to the Gazan shore and 656 metric tons (1.4 million pounds) of aid were delivered but on <u>June 24</u> operations at the JLOTS pier were paused for maintenance
  - July 11: US National Security Advisor Sullivan says: "we will wind down pier operations" which t<u>hey did on</u> July 18.



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## Humanitarian Aid Enters Gaza via Land, Air, and Sea

- May 3: IDF opened the Erez Crossing for the first time since October 7 to allow humanitarian aid to enter Gaza, after it had been destroyed by HAMAS on October 7.
- May 5: HAMAS fired rockets from Rafah at Kerem Shalom humanitarian aid crossing, killing 4 IDF soldiers.
- May 6: HAMAS launched 4 mortar shells and 2 rockets from Rafah towards Keren Shalom area.
- May 7: HAMAS launched over 17 rockets from Rafah to the area of Keren Shalom humanitarian aid crossing and Re'im (site of the Nova Festival).
  - May 11: **IDF coordinates the opening of a new field hospital** for Gazan civilians in central Gaza.

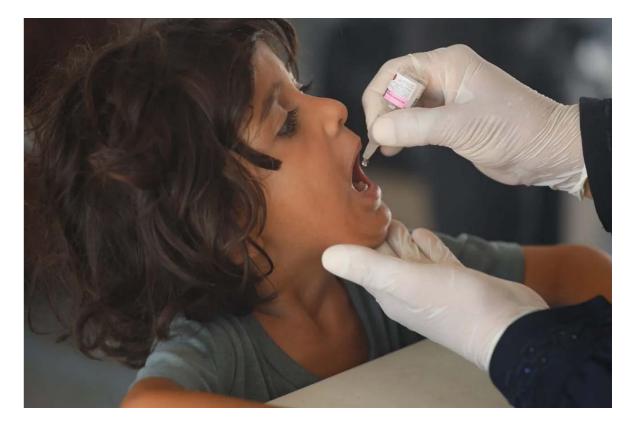
<u>May 12:</u> IDF opened an additional land aid crossing into Gaza called <u>Erez West</u> (see image)





## **Spotlight: Poliovirus and Vaccination in Gaza**

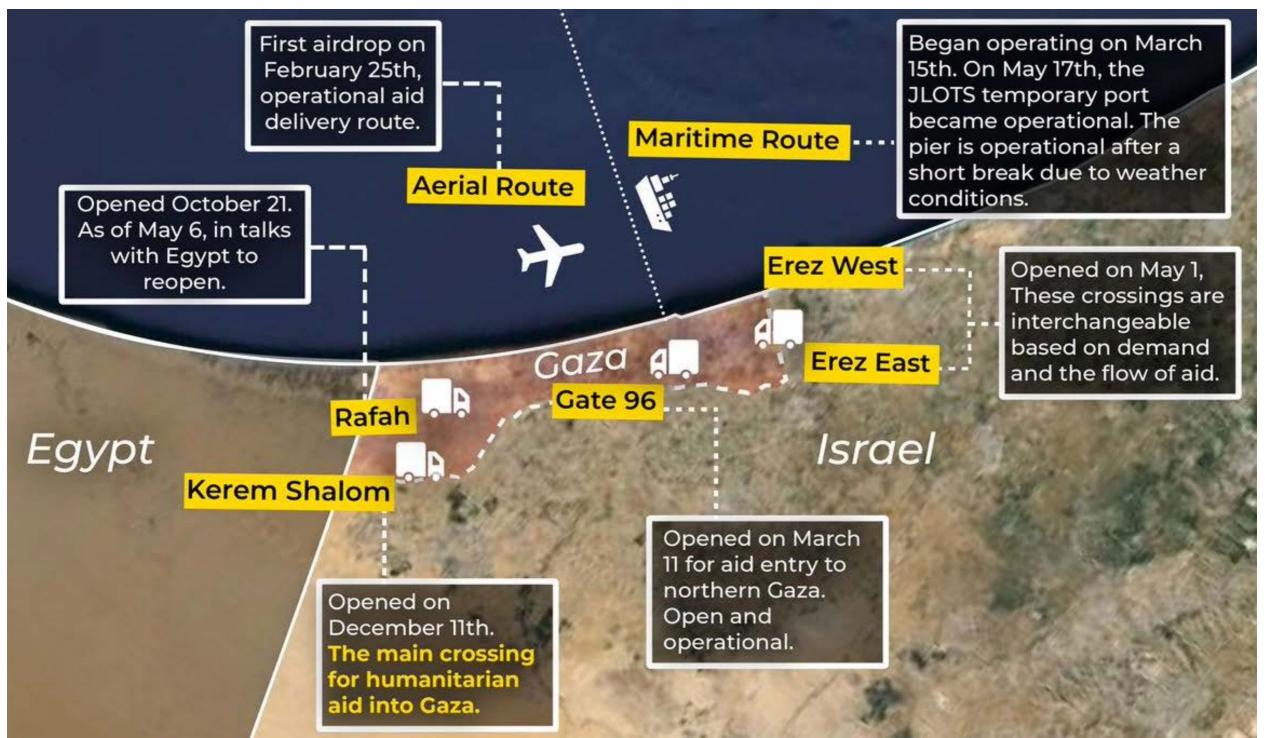
- July: Polio was discovered in samples of wastewater in Gaza.
- Aug. 27: 10-month old Abdel-Rahman became the first confirmed case of polio in Gaza in 25 years.
- <u>Sept. 1:</u> The IDF confirmed it had facilitated the transfer of enough polio vaccines for <u>more than</u>
  <u>1 million Gazans</u> and would <u>pause military</u>
  <u>operations</u> to allow for the distribution. A 12-day
  UN campaign to vaccinate children in Gaza
  began, with a target of immunizing 640,000
  children in Gaza (over 90% of the children
  under the age of 10) and within two days had
  reached 25% of its goal.



A child in central Gaza receives a polio vaccine.



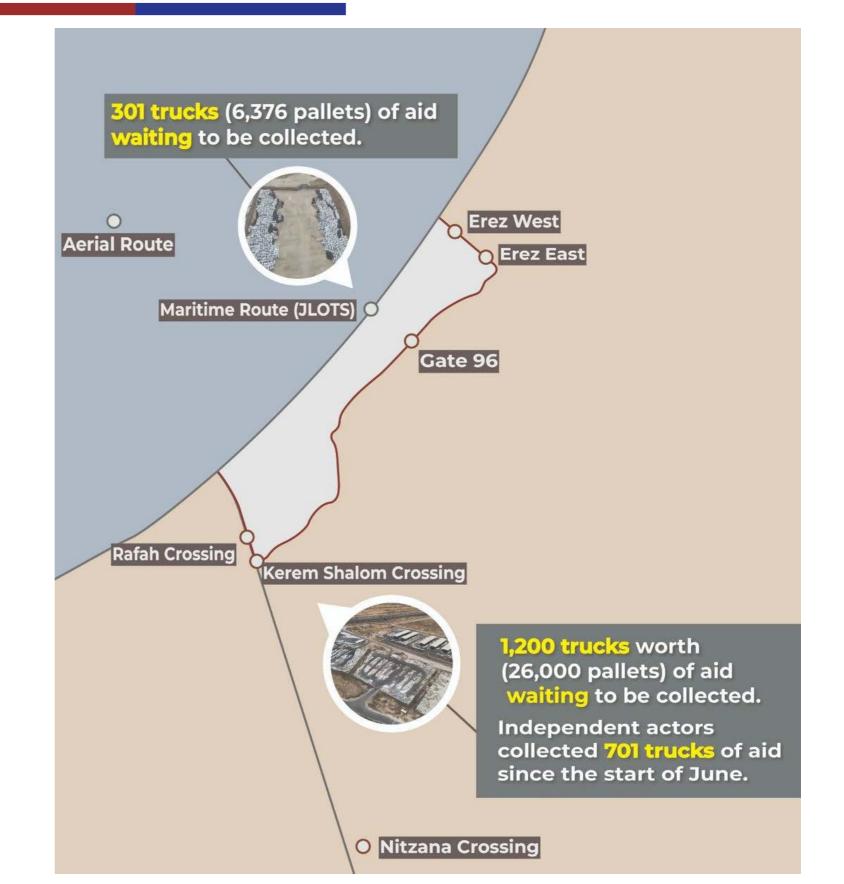
## **Increasing Humanitarian Aid Delivered to Gaza**





## **Increasing Humanitarian Aid Delivered to Gaza**

June 25: A backlog of over 1,500 trucks worth of aid were waiting to be collected and distributed.





## **Increasing Humanitarian Aid Delivered to Gaza**



<u>June 13:</u> Israel confirms that **over one billion pounds of food were transferred to Gaza** since October 7 2023.

July 2: New York Times reports that the IDF laid a power line to a desalination plant in Khan Younis to bolster output, with the PA paying for the electricity and UNICEF managing the plant.

July 11: US National Security Advisor Sullivan: **"The real issue right now is not about getting aid into Gaza. It's about getting aid around Gaza** effectively. But there are a lot of things that we need to work through, including lawlessness and armed gangs. In some cases, Hamas itself is trying to disrupt and derail the delivery of humanitarian assistance."

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## **PM Netanyahu Outlines 4 Point Plan for Gaza's Future**

- 1. Sustained Demilitarization
- 2. Civilian Administration
- 3. Deradicalization
- 4. Reconstruction

PM Netanyahu to Punchbowl News on June 21: "I think we're going to have to have sustained demilitarization, which can only be done by Israel against any resurgent terrorist effort. But I think there has to be a **civilian** administration to administer not only the distribution of humanitarian aid but also civil administration. That has to be done, I think best done, with the cooperation of an inter-Arab sponsorship and assistance by Arab countries. And then the third thing would be obviously some kind of deradicalization process that would begin in the schools and the mosques to teach these people a different future than the one of annihilating Israel and killing every Jew on the planet. And the fourth, it would be **reconstruction**, which would be largely taken, I think, by the international community."



# **Israel-HAMAS War:**

Moving Forward



# **330** Days of War, By the Numbers

### Gaza (as reported by HAMAS):

- Over 1.9M Gazans displaced
- HAMAS Ministry of Health reports <u>over 40,000 killed Gazans</u>. They do not differentiate between terrorists and civilians. Western analyses have proved that the data on Gazans killed since October 7 is completely unreliable.
- 10,000 missiles, rockets, and mortars fired from Gaza into Israel

### HAMAS (as reported by IDF):

- HAMAS top leadership still alive, but many HAMAS terrorists killed, including:
  - >8 members of HAMAS political leadership
  - 6 HAMAS Brigade Commanders
  - <u>24</u> HAMAS Battalion Commanders or similar rank
  - <u>150</u> HAMAS Company Commanders
  - >16,000 HAMAS fighters killed approximately 40% of their total force

### Lebanon & Yemen

- >433 terrorists in Lebanon killed by IDF; <u>4,500</u> Hezbollah positions struck by IDF
- Israeli Defense Minister: <u>Half of Hezbollah's commanders in southern Lebanon were killed</u> by the IDF
- ><u>6,300 missiles</u>, rockets, and mortars fired from Lebanon into Israel
- <u>200 Houthi attacks</u> against Israel, 339 Houthi naval attacks against international shipping
- <u>>3,700</u> air raid sirens alerted in Northern Israel since October 7



# **330** Days of War, By the Numbers

### IDF (Data from INSS):

- <u>706</u> IDF soldiers and local security officers killed and over <u>3,200</u> wounded since October 7
- ~38,000 targets struck in Gaza by IDF and IAF, including >3,400 HAMAS sites discovered during the war
- IDF made 100,000 phone calls, dropped 9.3M leaflets, sent 15.5M text messages, and made 17M recorded calls to Palestinians in Gaza with evacuation warnings
- IDF soldiers **destroyed over** <u>500</u> of the <u>over 1,500 terror tunnel shafts</u> found in Gaza

#### Israel:

- <u>1,664 Israeli casualties</u>, including over **40** babies murdered, over **17,700** injured
- >200,000 Israelis have been displaced
- Over <u>19,000</u> rockets fired at Israel (**1,300**+ rockets misfired and fell short into Gaza)
- <u>760,000 Israelis were unable to work</u> (18% of the workforce) due to military service, displacement from home or single parents without childcare
- Reduction of >90% of rocket and missile fire at Israel
- <u>101</u> hostages in Gaza, including <u>2 children, 13 seniors</u>, and at least <u>35</u> deceased hostages

By the 330th day of the war, Israel inspected over 49,000 trucks of humanitarian aid for Gaza, carrying >963,000 metric tons of aid



## **330 Days of War, By the Numbers**

<u>May 12:</u> Turkish President **Erdogan** said more than 1,000 members of HAMAS were being treated in Turkish hospitals, suggesting they had been smuggled out via Egypt since October 7.



<u>Until 6 May</u>, the UN claimed (quoting Hamas numbers) that of the nearly 35,000 Gazans killed in the war 9,500 were women and 14,500 were children - i.e. approximately 68% of the killed. <mark>Suddenly, two days later, the UN</mark> approximately halved the numbers to nearly 5,000 women and 7,800 children - i.e. approximately 36.5% of the killed.



# "Israel Implemented More Measures to Prevent Civilian Casualties Than Any Other Nation in History"

### The Chair of the Modern War Institute at West Point Writes:



- Israel has taken more measures to avoid needless civilian harm than virtually any other nation that's fought an urban war.
- Israel has taken precautionary measures even the United States did not do during its recent wars in Iraq and Afghanistan.
- Israel provided days and then weeks of warnings, as well as time for civilians to evacuate multiple cities in northern Gaza before starting the main air-ground attack of urban areas. **No** military has ever implemented any of these practices in war before.
- Another historical first in war measures to prevent civilian causalities was Israel's distribution of IDF <u>military maps</u> and graphics to assist civilians with evacuations and alerting them to where the IDF will be operating. **No military in history has ever done this.**
- No military in modern history has faced over 30,000 urban defenders in more than seven cities using human shields and hiding in hundreds of miles of underground networks purposely built under civilian sites, while holding hundreds of hostages.

"Israel has implemented more measures to prevent civilian casualties than any other military in history."



## HAMAS Continues Calls for Another October 7 Massacre

## October 24, 2023



HAMAS leader Ghazi Hamad said on Lebanese TV that **HAMAS will repeat the October 7 Massacre time and again** until Israel is annihilated.



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## December 5, 2023



January 9, 2024



HAMAS leader Sami Abu Zuhri called for attacks against the US and the UK on Al-Aqsa TV.

January 30, 2024



HAMAS leader Ismail Haniyeh said on Al-Jazeera: **"we should hold on to the victory that took place on October 7 and build upon it."** 

HAMAS official Ali Baraka continued the call to repeat October 7 on Al-Manar TV.

## January 18, 2024



In an interview with a Kuwaiti podcaster, Khaled Mashal said: "The October 7 war has opened a new horizon for a vision of a political settlement. Here, they pull out their old 'merchandise' of the two-state solution. I would like to say two things about the two-state solution. First, we have nothing to do with the two-state solution. We reject this notion, because it means you would get a promise for a [Palestinian] state, yet you are required to recognize the legitimacy of the other state, which is the Zionist entity. This is unacceptable."

330 days of war and Palestinian Authority officials still refuse to condemn the October 7 massacre.



Deputy Secretary-General of Hezbollah Sheikh Naim Qassem said in a May 31, 2024 press conference that was aired on Mayadeen TV (Lebanon) that Palestine will be liberated through resistance, guns, blood, and Jihad, and not through negotiations or political means.



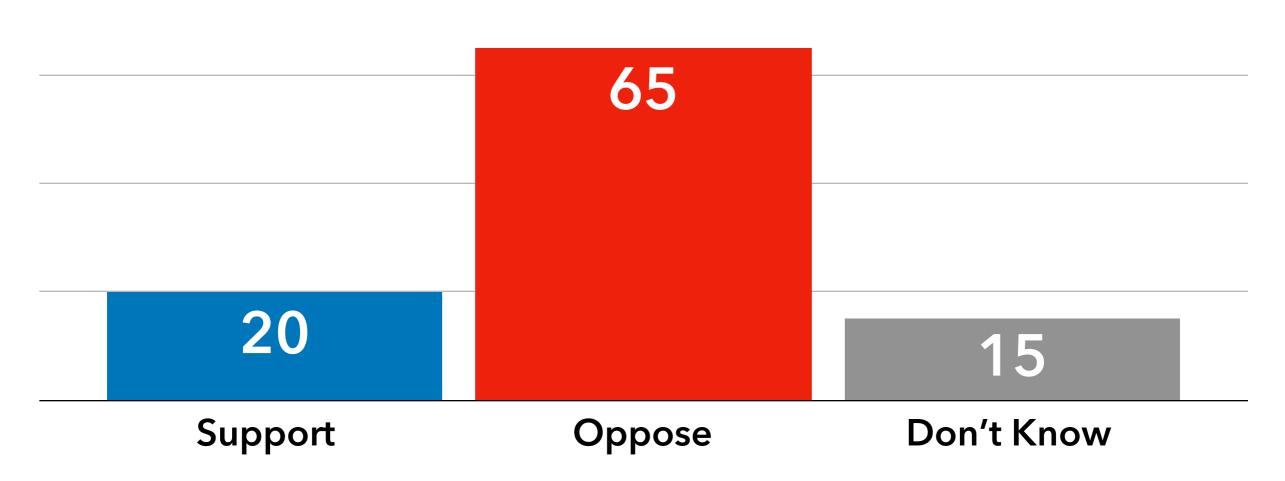
May 31, 2024

"The future of this Palestinian path of liberation lies with **the liberation of Palestine in its entirety, from the River to the Sea - not with two states or a state that is cut into pieces.** The future lies with the liberation of the land of Palestine in its entirety."



# Majority of Israeli voters oppose a 2 State Solution

Do you (ROTATE) support or oppose the two state solution - a Palestinian state next to the State of Israel - as the solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict? (RANDOMIZE)

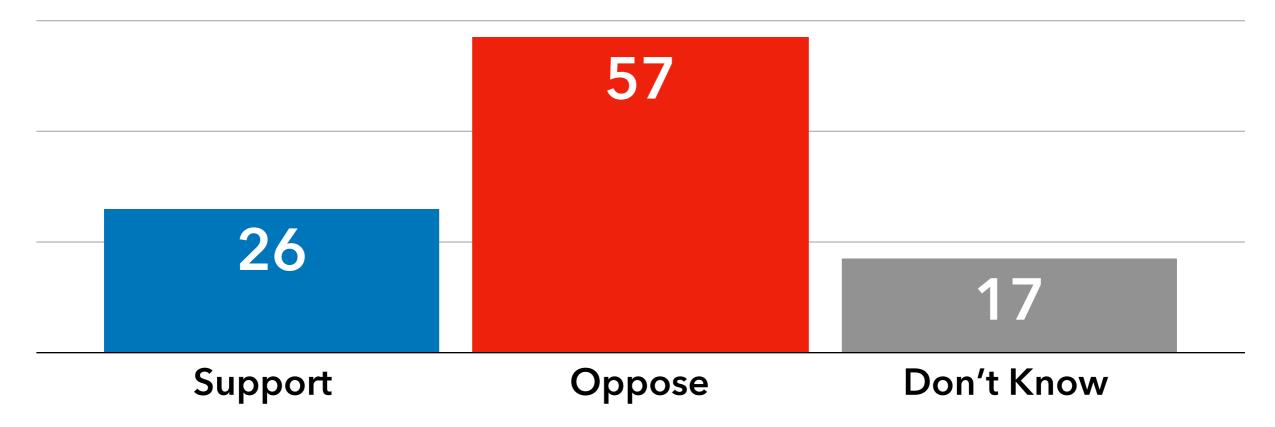


**Panels LTD. for Council for a Secure America** July 8 - July 10, 2024. Sample size 612 likely Israeli-Jewish voters, conducted via online panel, telephone, and cellphone contact. Margin of error +/-4%



# In a hypothetical situation where Hamas in Gaza is eradicated, support for the 2 State Solution increases only from 20% to 26%

And if Israel will succeed in completely eradicating Hamas in Gaza, would you (ROTATE) support or oppose a two state solution? (RANDOMIZE)

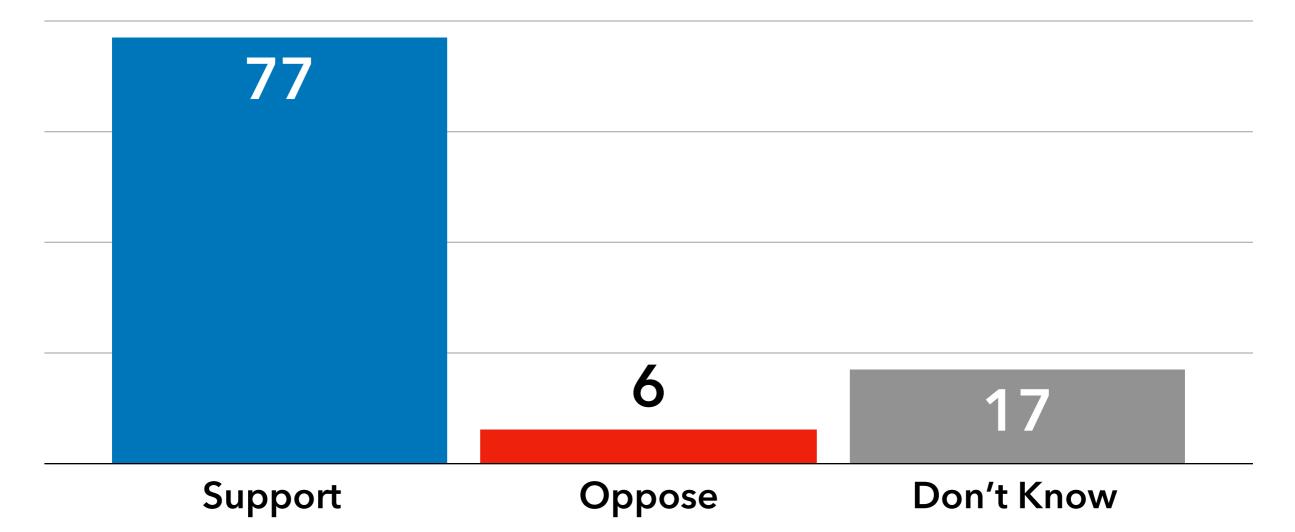


**Panels LTD. for Council for a Secure America** July 8 - July 10, 2024. Sample size 612 likely Israeli-Jewish voters, conducted via online panel, telephone, and cellphone contact. Margin of error +/-4%



# Abraham Accords wildly popular amongst Israeli voters

Do you (ROTATE) support or oppose the diplomatic agreements between Israel and the UAE, Bahrain, Sudan, and Morocco - the agreements known as the Abraham Accords? (ROTATE)

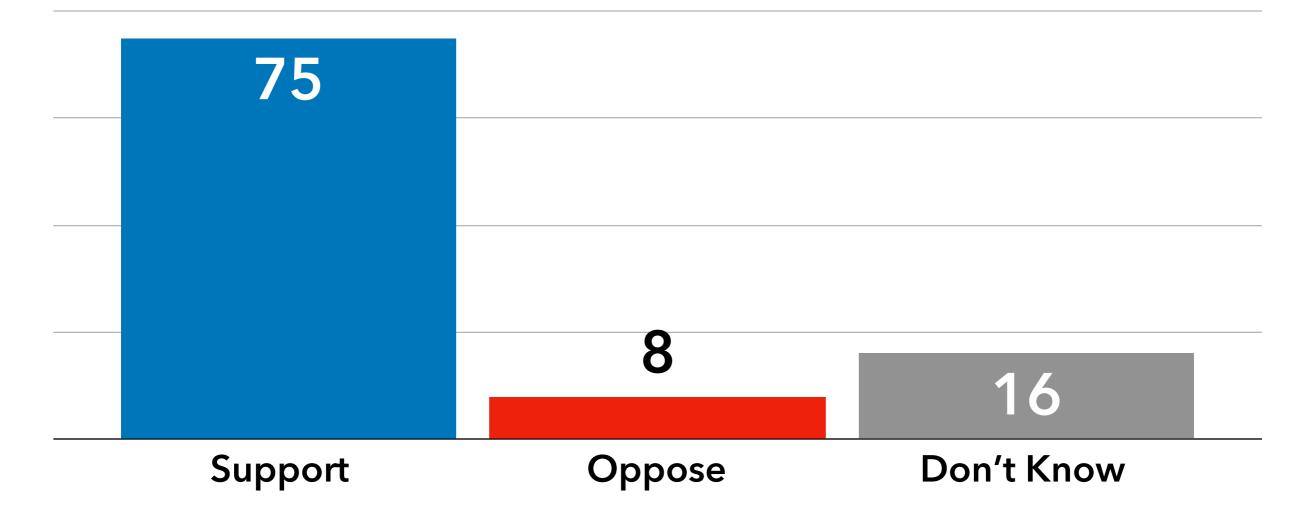


**Panels LTD. for Council for a Secure America** July 8 - July 10, 2024. Sample size 612 likely Israeli-Jewish voters, conducted via online panel, telephone, and cellphone contact. Margin of error +/-4%



## Potential Israel-Saudi deal also wildly popular amongst Israel voters

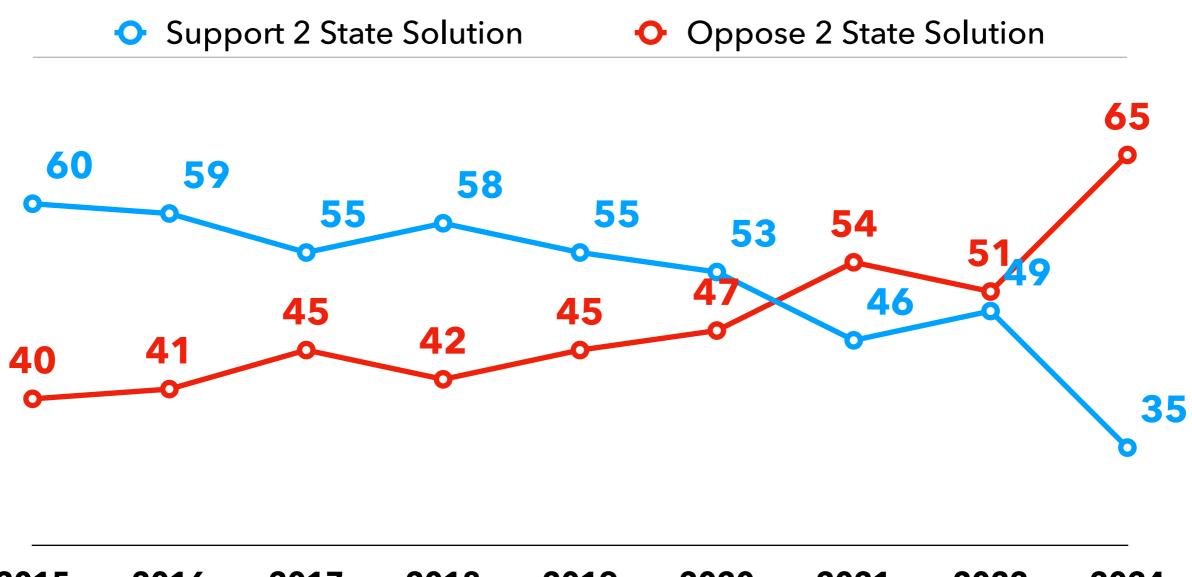
Do you support or oppose a future diplomatic agreement between Israel and Saudi Arabia? (ROTATE)



Panels LTD. for Council for a Secure America July 8 - July 10, 2024. Sample size 612 likely Israeli-Jewish voters, conducted via online panel, telephone, and cellphone contact. Margin of error +/-4%



## Israeli Jewish Public Opinion Collected March 7-10, 2024: Low Support for the 2 State Solution



## 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2024

Institute for National Security Studies (Israel) Research carried out between March 7-10 2024 by the Rafi Smith Institute, during which 500 men and women were interviewed online, constituting a representative sample of the adult Jewish population in Israel aged 18 and over. The maximum margin of error for the sample is 4% with a 95% confidence level. Margin of error +/-3%



- October 24, 2023: S&P Global Ratings revises Israel outlook to negative (from stable), reaffirms AA-/A-1+ ratings February 10: US rating's agency Moody's downgraded Israel's credit rating from A1 to A2 and lowered its outlook for Israel's debt to "negative"
  - January 28 2024: S&P Global Ratings suggested Israel's credit rating could be cut if war expands
  - April 15, 2024 report from Israel's Finance Ministry suggests:
    - Israel raised \$43 billion in debt in 2023, half out after October 7 2023 (compared to approximately \$16.7 billion in 2022)
    - Total debt amounted to 62.1% of GDP (up from 60.5% in 2022) and is expected to climb to 67% in 2024
      - Government expenditures for the years 2023-2024 increased by ~\$26.6 billion USD billion due to the costs of the war



## Will Terror Spread to the US?

- <u>FBI Director Wray:</u> "Here in the U.S., we cannot and do not discount the possibility that Hamas or other foreign terrorist organizations could exploit the conflict to call on their supporters to **conduct attacks on our own soil.**"
- According to a US intelligence bulletin, <u>Al-Qaeda affiliates and Hezbollah are</u> <u>calling on supporters to target the U.S. and Israeli interests</u> in response to the Israel-HAMAS war and President Biden's trip to the region.
  - Customs and Border protection memo suggested that **HAMAS or Hezbollah fighters could potentially enter the US via the southern border**.

<u>January 10, 2024 POLITICO:</u> "U.S. officials assess that there's a **rising risk Lebanese Hezbollah militants will strike Americans** in the Middle East – and even potentially hit inside the United States"



## Will Terror Spread Internationally?

- Nov. 8: Israel's spy agency Mossad worked with Brazilian security services and other international agencies to foil an attack in Brazil planned by the Iran-backed terror group Hezbollah. Brazilian forces conducted arrests and search and seizure warrants.
- Dec. 10: <u>two Iranians are detained in Cyprus</u> with support from Israel's Mossad for allegedly **planning an** attack on Israelis in Cyprus
- Dec. 11: a suspect in Austria was **arrested after announcing his intention to attack a synagogue.** They had instructions for making bombs and <u>images of Jewish and Israeli targets on their cellphones.</u>
- Dec. 14: Senior Hamas terrorists in Denmark and Germany were arrested on suspicion of plotting to carry out an act of terror killing civilians in Europe, with support from Israel's Mossad.
- Jan. 31: <u>'Live device' detonated by police outside the Israeli embassy</u> in Stockholm, Sweden (local reports suggested it was a hand grenade)
- Feb. 8: An El Al flight in Europe underwent an emergency landing after <u>a passenger was detained by</u> <u>airmarshalls while trying to infiltrate the cockpit.</u>
  - March 11: <u>3 Palestinians in Italy were arrested</u> for planning to carry out terror attacks, including a suicide attack



## Will Hate Violence Spread in the US?

- Oct 7 Nov 20: the Anti-Defamation League tracked 832 anti-Jewish acts in the United States. Although Jewish-Americans are 2.4% of the U.S. population, they are the targets of more than half of all reported religion-based hate crimes.
- **69 year-old Jewish man was killed** during a clash in Los Angeles between pro-Israel and anti-Israel protesters.
- **Palestinian-American boy aged 6 stabbed to death** in Chicago, suspected killer is the landlord, who is charged with murder and a hate crime.
- A **28 year old Jewish dentist in San Diego was shot to death** by a Middle Eastern man
- A bomb threat was made on a <u>Jewish school in Toronto</u> while a surge of antisemitism spread through Europe since October 7, including the <u>stabbing of a woman in France</u> and antisemitic incidents in <u>France</u>, <u>Italy</u>, <u>Austria, the UK, Belgium, Spain, Germany</u>, <u>Greece, Sweden, Switzerland, Portugal, Poland, and the Netherlands.</u>
- A 32 year old Jewish woman in Paris was allegedly **the victim of kidnapping and rape to "avenge Palestine"**. In June 2024, a <u>12-year-old Jewish girl</u> was the victim of an **antisemitic gang rape and <u>6 Jewish minors were attacked</u> in Paris.**

#### Antisemitic attacks and violence spread in Los Angeles on Sunday June 23

#### <u>LA County's District</u> <u>Attorney:</u>

On October 25, 2023 at approximately 5:20 in the morning, Garcia attempted to enter the victim's home by kicking in the door while shouting antisemitic slurs and threatening to, "kill Jews!"



## **April 2024: US College Campuses Outburst in Violence**





Map of US colleges where anti-Israel protesters have been arrested

# Will Abraham Accords Support Remain? It Has So Far

- <u>United Arab Emirates on Oct 8:</u> "The Ministry stressed that attacks by Hamas against Israeli towns and villages near the Gaza strip, including the firing of thousands of rockets at population centers, are a serious and grave escalation. **The Ministry is appalled by reports that Israeli civilians have been abducted** as hostages from their homes. "
- <u>United Arab Emirates Minister at UN Oct 24:</u> "We reiterate that **the attacks launched by Hamas on October 7 are barbaric and heinous**. We demand that Hamas release hostages immediately and unconditionally to stop the bloodshed and spare all civilians from further suffering."
- <u>United Arab Emirates Oct. 30:</u> "From the United Arab Emirates perspective, **the Abraham** Accords are there to stay," said Dr Ali Rashid Al Nuaimi, Chairman of the Defense, Interior and Foreign Affairs Committee of the UAE Federal National Council
- Kingdom of Bahrain Nov. 17: Crown Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa and PM said: "I condemn Hamas unequivocally. I stand on the side of civilians and innocents, and not on the side of political posturing. The 7 October attacks were barbaric and horrific."
  - Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Jan. 16: Foreign Minister Prince Faisal Bin Farhan said that Saudi Arabia would "certainly" be interested in a normalization deal with Israel.

<u>Protests in support of the Palestinians in Arab states generally, and Abraham Accords countries</u> <u>specifically, were fewer and much smaller than pro-Palestinian protests in Europe and America.</u>



## **And Many More Questions Remain**

- Where does the IDF go after clearing Southern Gaza of HAMAS? Israel is changing its strategy from regular warfare to <u>a counter-guerilla offensive</u>. How long will this last?
- 120 hostages remain in captivity in Gaza, including women and children. At least 43 are dead and <u>6 are also American citizens</u>. What is the future of these hostages?
- Will the humanitarian situation in Gaza improve, especially as <u>HAMAS continues to</u> <u>steal and hoard aid</u> for its own use?
- Who will rule Gaza? <u>Reports indicate HAMAS is already returning to power in</u> <u>Northern Gaza</u>. It's possible <u>soldiers from Arab countries</u> will serve as peacekeepers.
- What will happen on the <u>Israel-Lebanon border</u>?
- Attacks from the Islamic Resistance in Iraq against Israel are increasing exponentially. Will Israel respond?
- How will the world protect the <u>10-15% of global trade</u> that passes through the Red Sea from attacks from the Houthis in Yemen?

Will <u>US continue to engage Iran-backed militias</u> in Iraq, Syria, and Yemen?



# Israel-Hamas War

# October 7, 2024 - August 31, 2024 **330 Day Update**



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