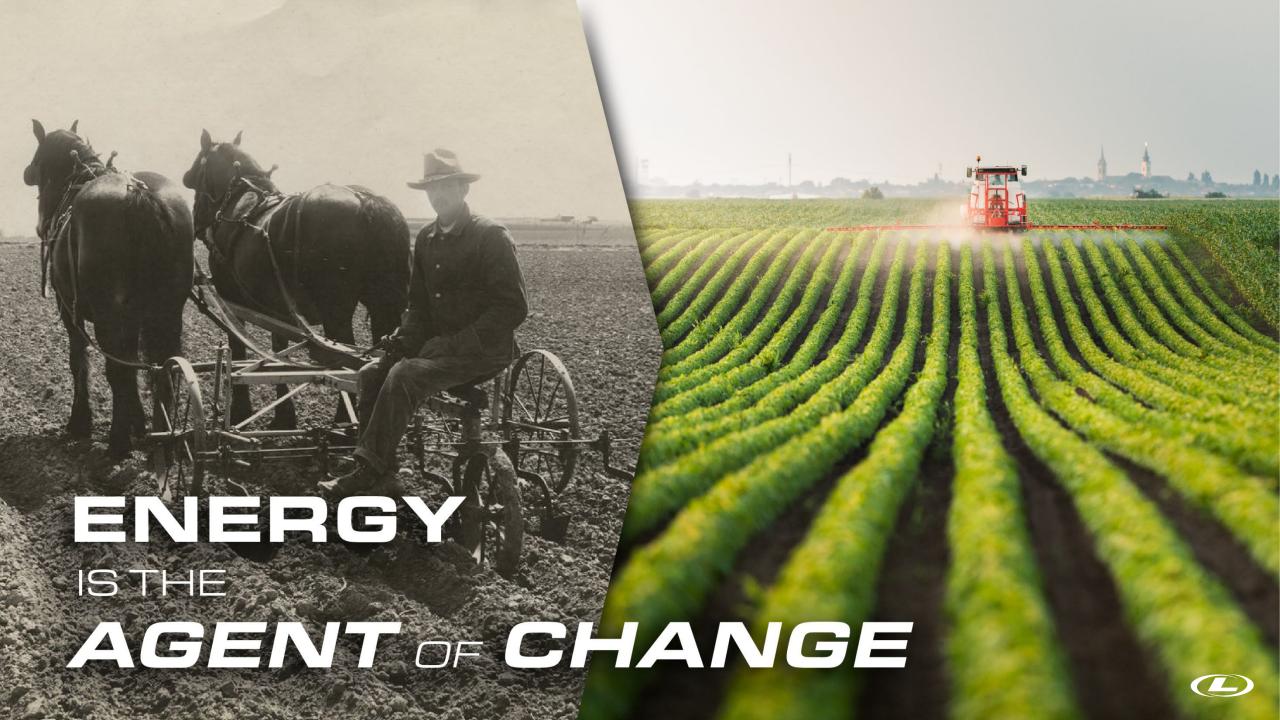
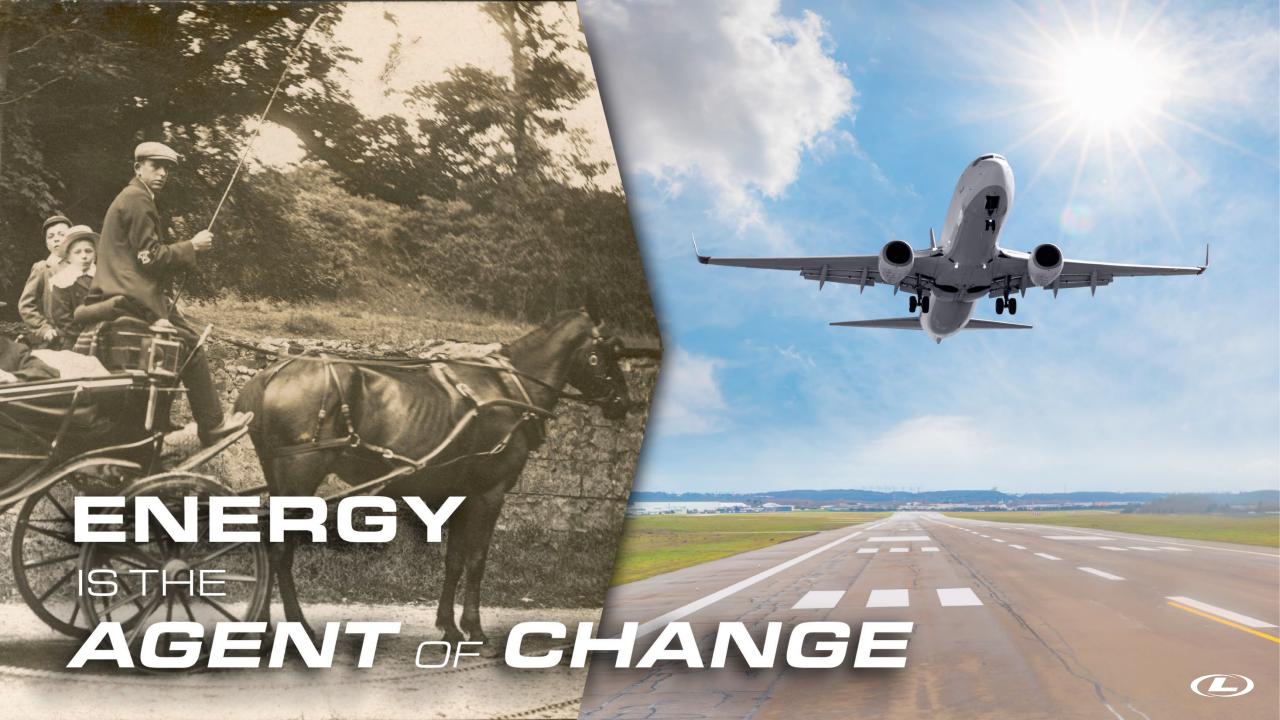
Bettering Human Lives

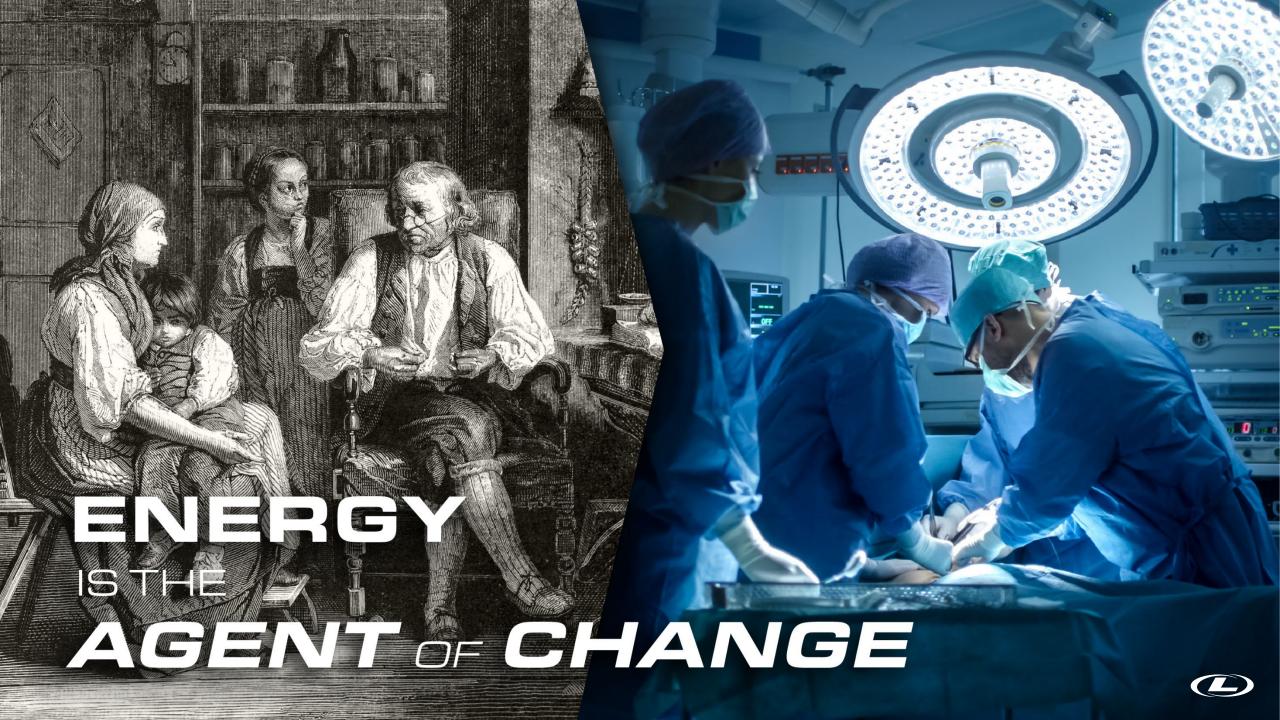
Chris Wright Liberty Energy

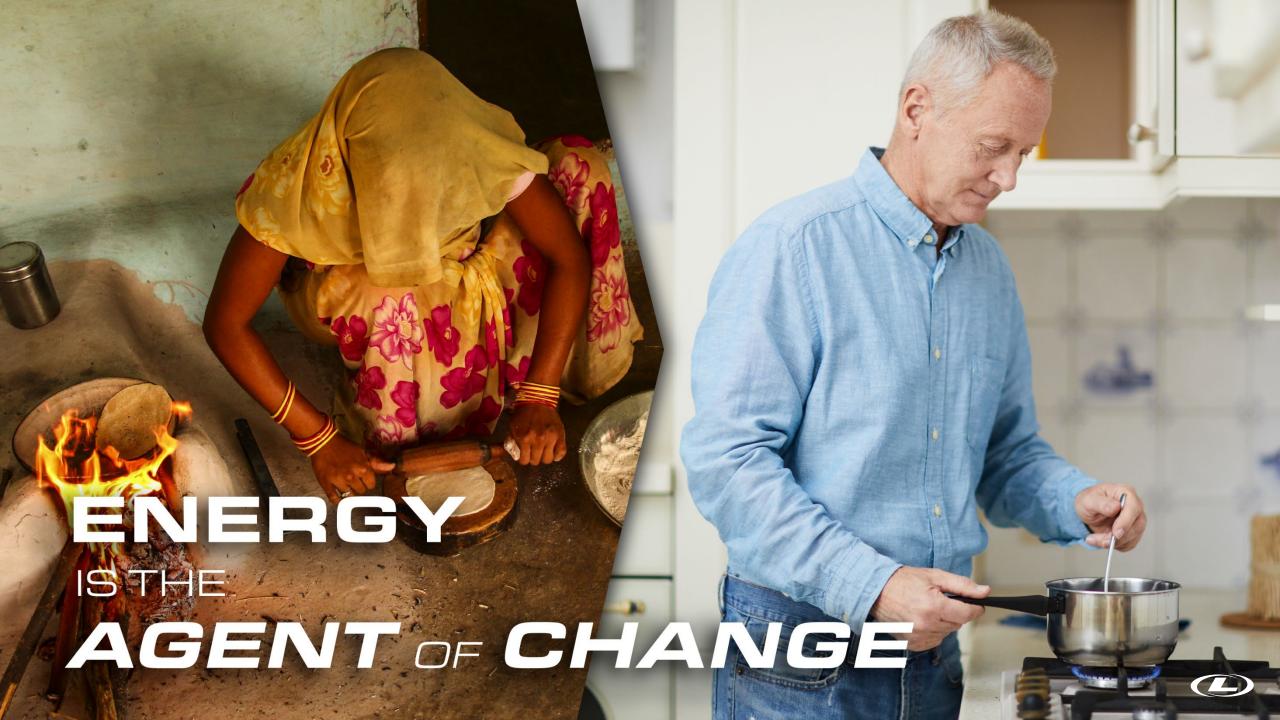
November 15th, 2023







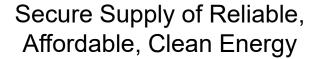




Three Global Energy Challenges



Energy Poverty



Climate Change



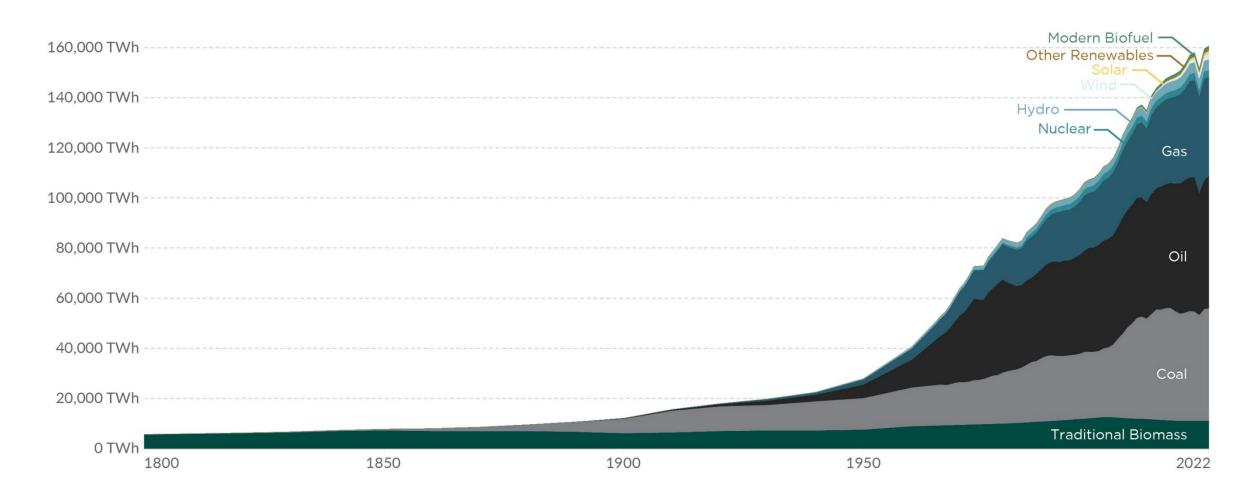




Where Our Energy Comes From



GLOBAL PRIMARY ENERGY CONSUMPTION 1800-2022



Energy Poverty





- 5 billion people today over half of humanity wear hand-washed clothes
- 800 million have zero access to electricity
- Another one billion have low-wattage, intermittent access to electricity

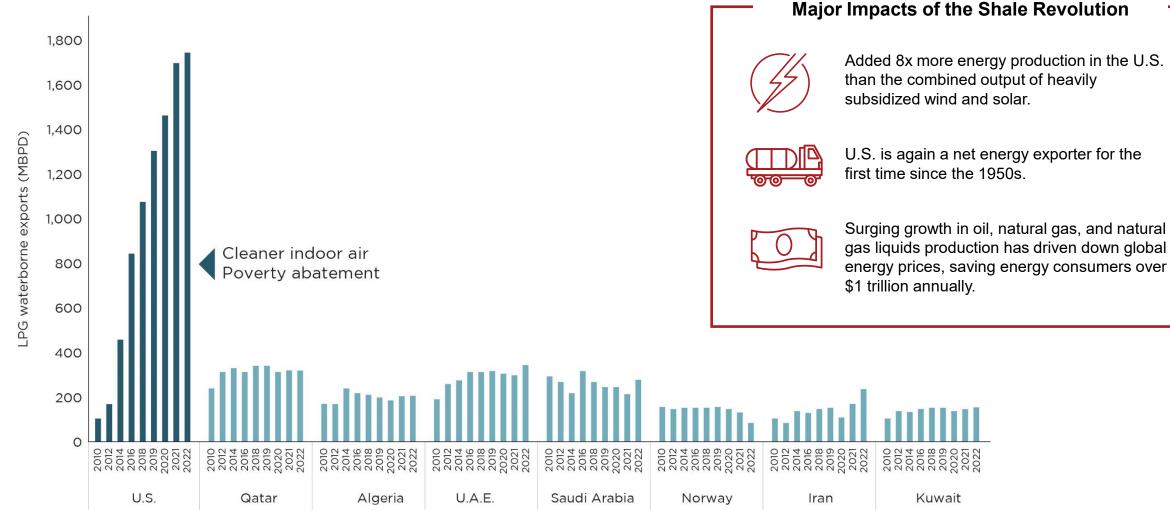
- 1/3 of humanity still lacks access to basic modern energy and clean cooking fuel
- Women in Africa spend 1-5 hours per day gathering fuel wood and water
- Over 3 million people die every year from indoor air pollution



Natural Gas Liquids Exports







Secure, Affordable, Reliable Energy Access – Expensive Energy Costs Lives and Opportunity

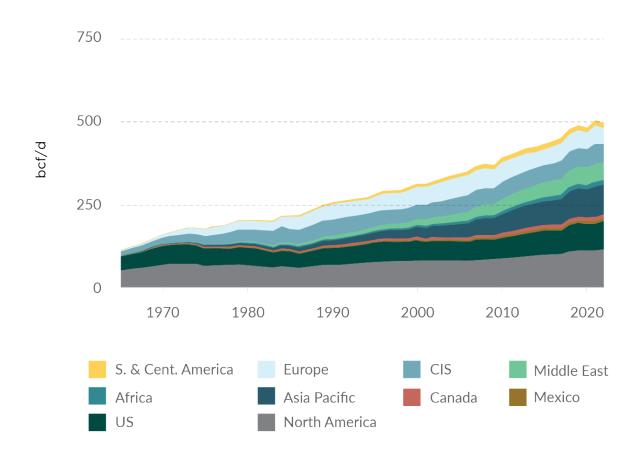




Natural Gas is the Fastest Growing Energy Source



NATURAL GAS CONSUMPTION 1965-2022



Key Uses of Natural Gas



Fertilizer



Manufacturing



Electricity Production



Home Heating & Cooking



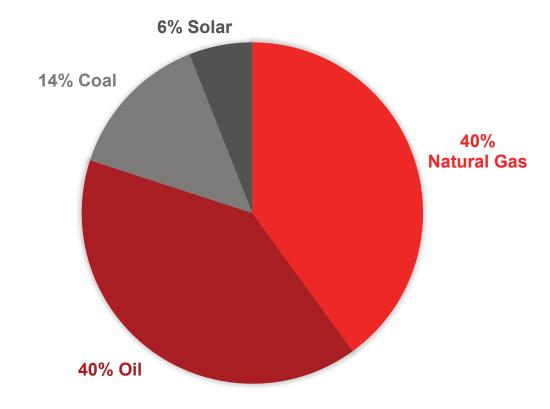
Petrochemicals

Geopolitical Leviathan & Tamar Supply Natural Gas for 70% of Israel's Electricity and Exports





Israeli Primary Energy



Energy Access is Illuminating

The Stark Difference In Energy Access Between North And South Korea





Energy Access is Illuminating



Only **52% of North Korea's population** has access to electricity as compared to 100% of South Koreans.



South Korea has 17 times higher per capita energy consumption than North Korea, primarily sourced from fossil fuels.



Higher energy consumption means healthy, longer lives. South Koreans are born with a life expectancy 11 years longer than their northern neighbors.



Access to energy has far-reaching effects. 9.3% of North Korean children under the age of 5 are underweight as compared to 0.9% of South Korean children the same age.

Energy Access is Green

The Island Of Hispanola Is Shared By Haiti And The Dominican Republic



Energy Access is Green



The national border can be seen in this photo **due to the severe deforestation** in Haiti as traditional biofuels are the primary energy source for much of the population.



The Dominican Republic, on the other hand, has **8 times higher per capita energy consumption** than Haiti, almost entirely from fossil fuels.



Higher energy consumption means healthy, longer lives



Far fewer people relying on traditional energy sources like wood means thriving forests and a cleaner environment.

